

# Anton Dvořák

## Gesänge und Klavierstücke

Opus 3

**Lieder** für eine Singstimme mit Klavierbegleitung  
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Opus 8

**Silhouetten**  
Zwölf Klavierstücke für  
zwei Hände  
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Opus 8

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Opus 52

**Impromptu  
Intermezzo  
Gigue  
Eclogue**  
für Klavier zu zwei Händen  
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Opus 52

**Impromptu  
Intermezzo  
Gigue  
Eclogue**  
für Klavier zu vier Händen  
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**Friedrich Hofmeister, Leipzig**



## I.

Anton Dvořák, Op. 8. Heft I.

**Allegro feroce.**

The first system of the musical score for 'Allegro feroce' is written for piano in 6/8 time. The key signature has three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The music features a strong, driving melody in the right hand and a rhythmic accompaniment in the left hand. The first measure is marked with a forte *f* dynamic. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

**Allegretto grazioso.**

The second system of the musical score for 'Allegretto grazioso' is written for piano in 6/8 time. The key signature has three flats (Bb, Eb, Ab). The music is characterized by a delicate, flowing melody in the right hand and a soft accompaniment in the left hand. The first measure is marked with a pianissimo *pp* dynamic. The system concludes with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

*secco sempre*

This page contains five systems of musical notation for a piano piece. The notation is written for a grand piano, with a treble and bass staff joined by a brace. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat), and the time signature is 2/4. The music is characterized by dense, sustained chords in the treble and a rhythmic, eighth-note pattern in the bass. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *f* (forte), *dimin.* (diminuendo), and *fp* (fortissimo). The first system begins with a *p* dynamic. The second system features a *p* dynamic followed by a *f* dynamic. The third system continues with a *p* dynamic. The fourth system includes a *p dimin.* marking. The fifth system concludes with a *fp* dynamic. The notation includes various articulations such as slurs, ties, and accents, as well as specific performance instructions like *Ad.* (Ad libitum) and *Qd.* (Quasi da Capo).

*p*

*Ad.*

*p*

*f*

*p*

*p dimin.*

*fp*



**Allegro feroce.**



## Andantino.

*p* *f*

*pp* *pp*

*f* *dimin.* *e* *ritard.* *pp*

*in tempo* *p* *cresc.* *p*

*dimin.* *ppp*

7830. 8785

3.

Allegretto.

*ff*

*fp*

*pp* *fp*

*pp*

First system of musical notation. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The music is in 2/4 time. The right hand plays a series of chords and single notes, while the left hand plays a continuous eighth-note pattern. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *ff* (fortissimo).

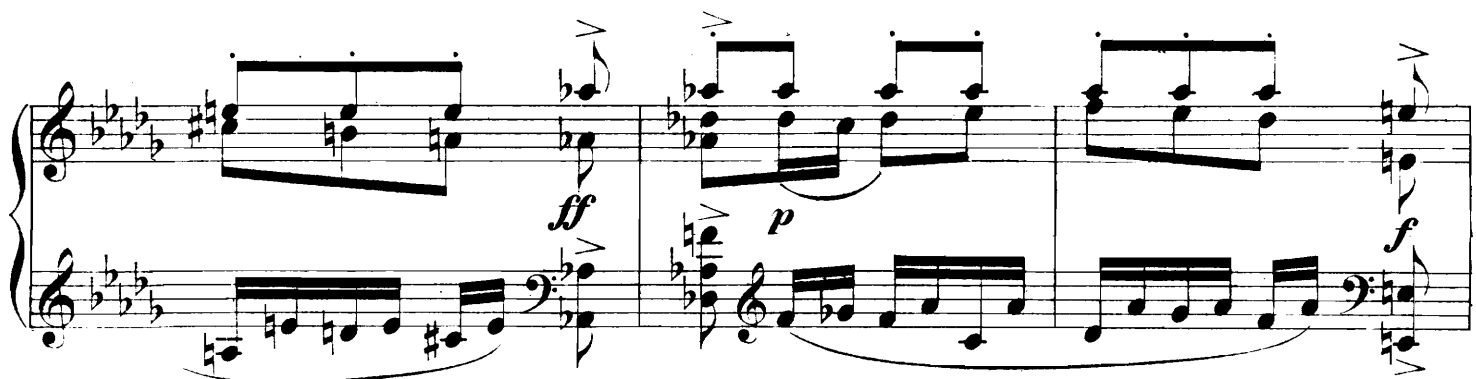
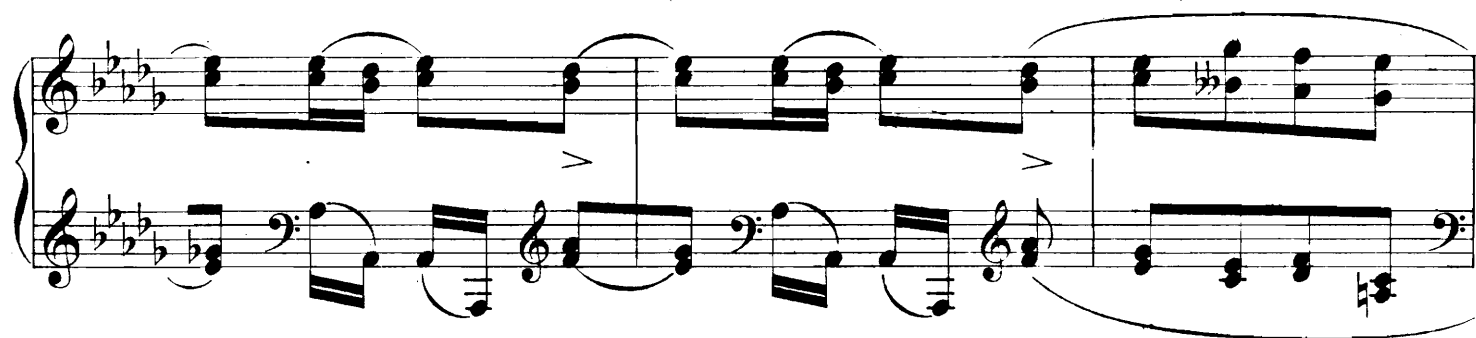
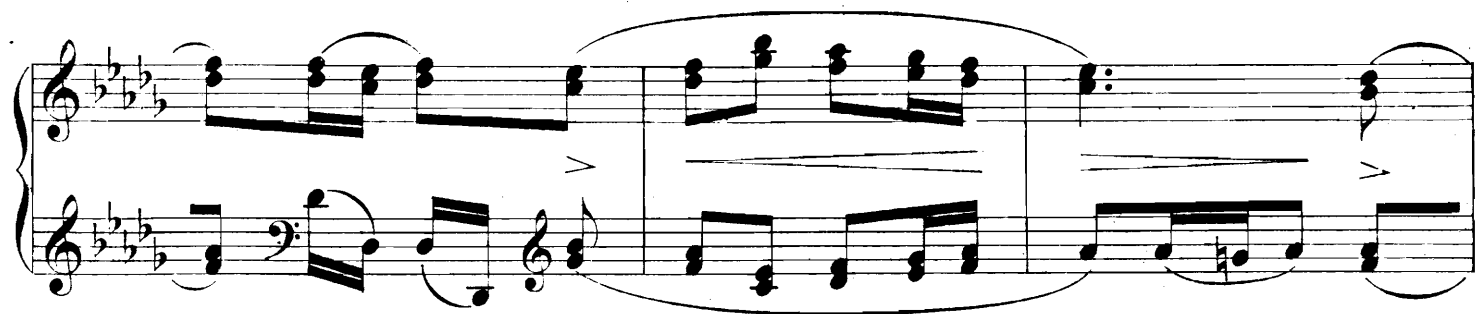
Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues with chords and single notes. The left hand's eighth-note pattern continues. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *fz* (forzando).

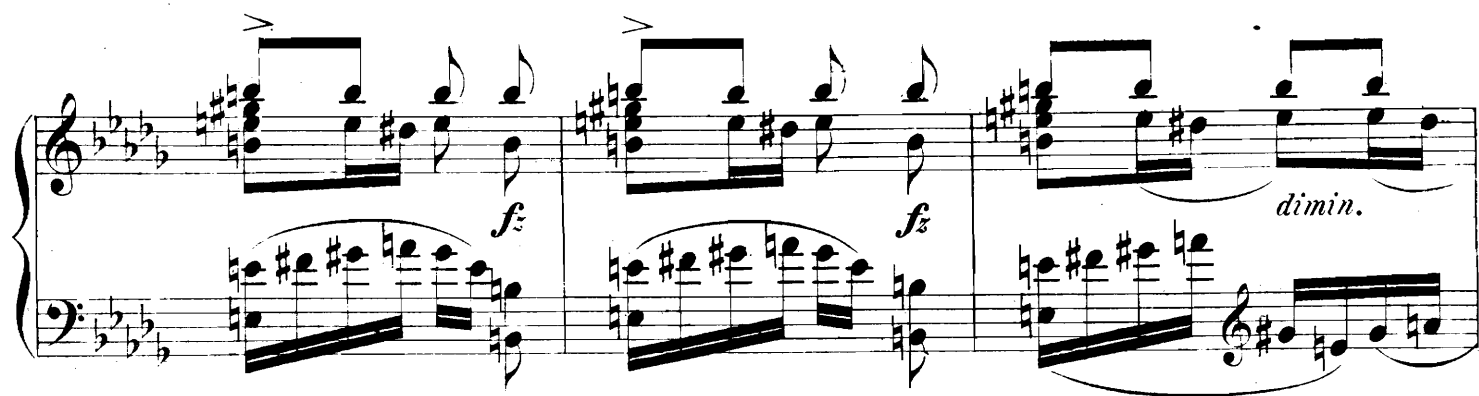
Third system of musical notation. The right hand features more complex chordal textures. The left hand's eighth-note pattern continues. Dynamics include *fz* (forzando) and *dimin.* (diminuendo).

Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand continues with chords and single notes. The left hand's eighth-note pattern continues. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *ritard.* (ritardando).

Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features a series of chords and single notes. The left hand's eighth-note pattern continues. Dynamics include *p* (piano), *ritard.* (ritardando), and *fp* (fortissimo).







First system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with accents and a final phrase marked *dimin.* The left hand plays a dense, rhythmic accompaniment with *fz* (forzando) markings.



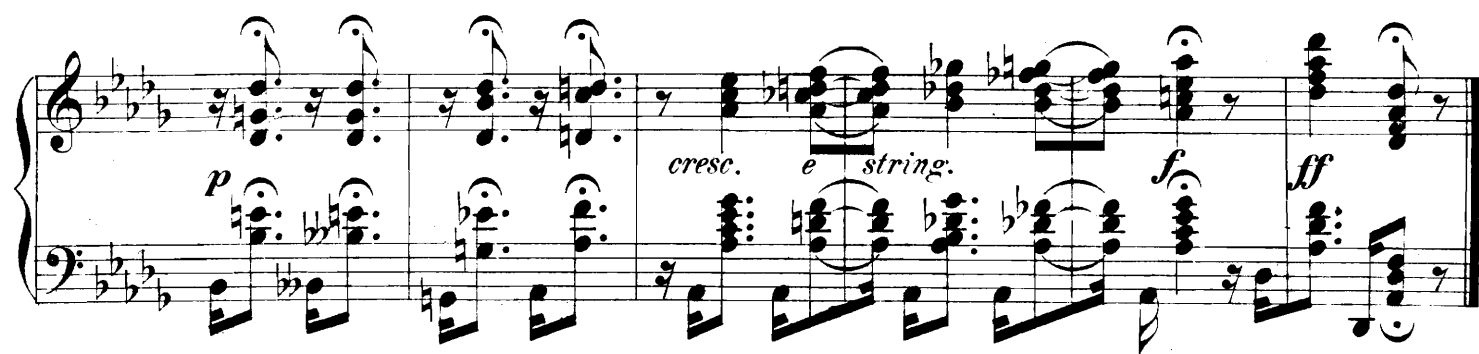
Second system of musical notation. The right hand continues the melodic line, ending with a phrase marked *p* and *ritard.* The left hand maintains the rhythmic accompaniment.



Third system of musical notation. The right hand begins with a phrase marked *in tempo* and *fp* (forzando piano). The left hand continues the rhythmic accompaniment.



Fourth system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with accents. The left hand continues the rhythmic accompaniment.



Fifth system of musical notation. The right hand features a melodic line with accents. The left hand plays a dense, rhythmic accompaniment with *p* (piano) and *cresc.* (crescendo) markings, followed by *e string.* (e string) and *f* (forte) markings.

4.

Vivace.

The musical score is written for piano in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). It is marked "Vivace." and begins with a forte (f) dynamic. The score is organized into six systems, each with a treble and bass staff. The first system starts with a forte (f) dynamic. The music features a mix of chords and moving lines in both hands. The third system includes a piano (p) dynamic marking. The fourth and fifth systems contain triplets in both hands. The sixth system concludes with a final cadence.



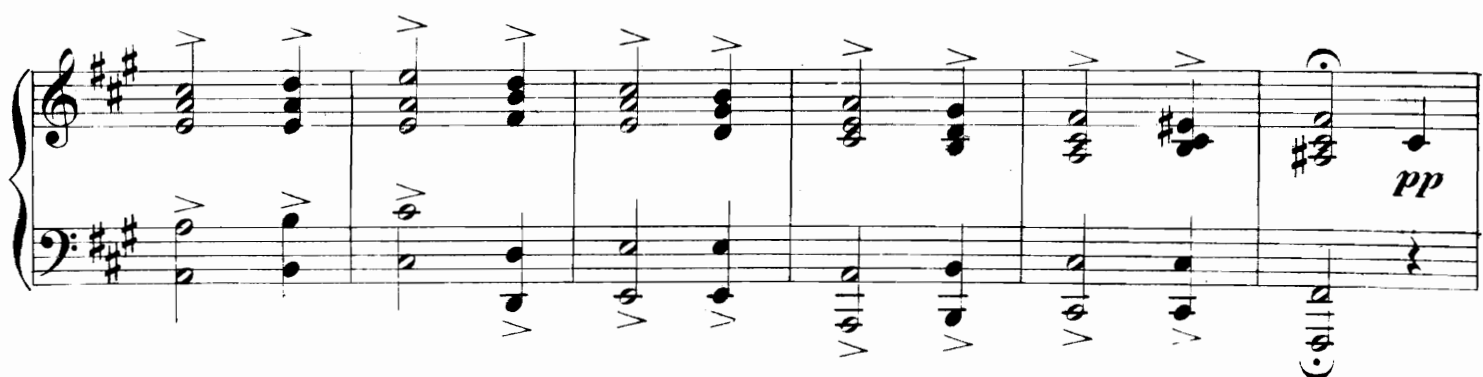
**Meno mosso.** Achtel wie früher Viertel.





## 5.

**Presto.**







## 6.

**Poco sostenuto.***pp**Con Pedale*

8

*cresc.**f*

3

8

*p*

8

First system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo hairpin. The bass staff features a melodic line with a crescendo hairpin. The system concludes with a piano (*p*) dynamic.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff starts with a *dimin.* (diminuendo) marking. The bass staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a crescendo hairpin, transitioning to a piano (*p*) dynamic in the final measure.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff features a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The bass staff begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic and includes a *Qa.* (Coda) marking at the end.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a triplet of eighth notes marked with a '3' above the beam. The bass staff begins with a *Qa.* (Coda) marking.

First system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a long slur. The bass staff contains a bass line with a long slur. A dynamic marking *La* is present below the bass staff. A decorative asterisk is at the end of the system.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a long slur. The bass staff contains a bass line with a long slur. A dynamic marking *f* is present above the treble staff. A decorative asterisk is at the end of the system.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a long slur. The bass staff contains a bass line with a long slur. A dynamic marking *dimin.* is present above the treble staff. A decorative asterisk is at the end of the system.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff contains a melodic line with a long slur. The bass staff contains a bass line with a long slur. Dynamic markings *p*, *dimin.*, and *pp* are present above the treble staff. A decorative asterisk is at the end of the system.

First system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a melodic line with a slur over the first two measures and a fermata over the third. The bass clef staff has a whole rest in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a whole rest in the third. A dynamic marking *fz* is placed above the bass staff in the second measure. A double bar line is present after the first measure.

Second system of musical notation. The treble clef staff features a rapid sixteenth-note scale in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a half note chord in the third. A dynamic marking *dimin.* is placed above the treble staff in the first measure, with a wedge indicating a decrease in volume. The bass clef staff has a whole rest in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a whole rest in the third. A double bar line is present after the first measure.

Third system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a half note chord in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a half note chord in the third. A dynamic marking *ppp* is placed above the treble staff in the first measure. The bass clef staff has a half note chord in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a half note chord in the third. A dynamic marking *cresc.* is placed above the bass staff in the first measure. A double bar line is present after the first measure.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble clef staff contains a half note chord in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a half note chord in the third. A dynamic marking *f* is placed above the treble staff in the first measure. The bass clef staff has a half note chord in the first measure, followed by a half note chord in the second measure, and a half note chord in the third. A dynamic marking *cresc.* is placed above the bass staff in the first measure. A double bar line is present after the first measure.



First system of musical notation, featuring piano (*p*), pianissimo (*pp*), and forte (*f*) dynamics. The system consists of two staves with complex melodic and harmonic structures, including slurs and ties.



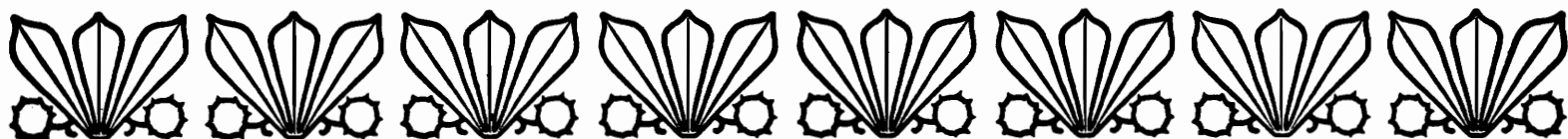
Second system of musical notation, featuring pianissimo (*pp*) dynamics. The system consists of two staves with complex melodic and harmonic structures, including slurs and ties.



Third system of musical notation, featuring crescendo (*cresc.*) and fortissimo (*ff*) dynamics. The system consists of two staves with complex melodic and harmonic structures, including slurs and ties.



Fourth system of musical notation, featuring piano (*p*) and pianissimo (*pp*) dynamics. The system consists of two staves with complex melodic and harmonic structures, including slurs and ties.



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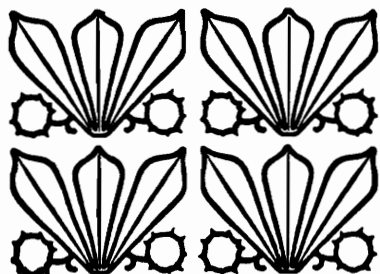
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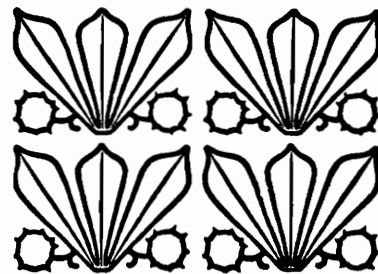
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