



**Francesco  
Geminiani**

(1687-1762)

Concerto No. 11 in E, H. 142  
from

12 Concerti Grossi after  
Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

*Yagzop Music Publishing House*  
Marblehead, Zagreb, Molvica, Samobor

### Dedication

I was introduced to these wonderful transcriptions by my friend Caledonio Huerta.  
I dedicate this publication effort to his memory.

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

*Preludio: Adagio*  $\text{♩} = 40$

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio, showing parts for Violin I Concertino, Violin II Concertino, Violin I Ripieno, Violin II Ripieno, Viola, Violoncello, and Basso-Ripieno. The score is in common time, key signature of C major (two sharps). The tempo is Adagio, indicated by  $\text{♩} = 40$ . The parts are arranged vertically, with the Violin I Concertino, Violin II Concertino, Violin I Ripieno, and Violin II Ripieno at the top, followed by the Viola, Violoncello, and Basso-Ripieno. The Basso-Ripieno part includes harmonic analysis below the staff, showing chords such as 6, 7, 6, 7, 6, 5, and 6.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio, showing parts for V.I.C., V.II.C., V.I.R., V.II.R., Vla., Vc., and B-R. The score continues in common time, key signature of C major (two sharps). The parts are arranged vertically, with V.I.C., V.II.C., V.I.R., and V.II.R. at the top, followed by Vla., Vc., and B-R. The Vc. and B-R parts include harmonic analysis below the staff, showing chords such as 7, 6, 5, #, 6, 5, 4#3, and 6.

8

Soli

V IC  
V II C  
V IR  
V II R  
Vla.  
Vc.  
B-R

#6 #6 # 6 7 6 7 4 3 56 56

#6 # 7 6 7 4 3

12

*Tutti*

p

V IC  
V II C  
V IR  
V II R  
Vla.  
Vc.  
B-R

p

p

p

p

4 3 7 6 # 9 5 6 5 6 4 4 3 7 6 #4 6 6 5

9 5 6 5 6 4 4 3 p 7 6 2 6 6 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

**Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 124$

Violin I Concertino

Violin II Concertino

Violin I Ripieno

Violin II Ripieno

Viola

Violoncello

Basso-Ripieno

*mf*

*mf*

$7 \quad 7 \quad \frac{\#}{2} \quad 6 \quad 9 \quad 8 \quad \#$

$mf \quad 6 \quad 7 \quad 7 \quad \frac{4}{2} \quad 9 \quad 8 \quad \#$

6

VIC

V II C

VIR

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

$\#6 \quad \# \quad \#$

9 *Tutti*

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

6                    6

12

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

6                    6

Musical score for orchestra and choir, page 15. The score consists of seven staves. The top three staves (V.I.C., V.II.C., V.I.R.) play eighth-note patterns with grace notes. The bottom four staves (V.II.R., Vla., Vc., B-R) play sustained notes. Measure numbers 6, 4, 3, 6, and 4, 3 are indicated below the staves. Dynamics *p* are placed above the V.II.C. and V.I.R. staves, and below the V.II.R. staff.

19 *Soli*

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

22

VIC V II C VIR V II R Vla. Vc. B-R

7 7 7 7 # #6 5 #

25

VIC V II C VIR V II R Vla. Vc. B-R

**p**

6 # #6 5 # 6 # 6 5 6 5 9

28

V IC      V II C      VIR      V II R      Vla.      Vc.      B-R

*p*

*p*

$\begin{matrix} \#6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} \# \\ 5 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$        $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$       9       $\begin{matrix} \#6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$

31

Tutti

V IC      V II C      VIR      V II R      Vla.      Vc.      B-R

*f*

*f*

*mf*

*mf*

$f$        $\begin{matrix} 7 & 7 & \# & 4 \\ & & 2 \end{matrix}$       6      6      6

35

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

6                    6                    6

38

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

*p*

*p*

*p*

*p*

*p*

*p*

4 3                    6                    4 3

**Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 35$

Violin I Concertino

Violin II Concertino

Violin I Ripieno

Violin II Ripieno

Viola

Violoncello

Basso-Ripieno

5

VIC

VII C

VIR

VII R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

6 4 #3

4 2 6

7 6 #

4 2 6

7 6 #

**Vivace**  $\text{d} = 70$

*tr*

Violin I Concertino

Violin II Concertino

Violin I Ripieno

Violin II Ripieno

Viola

Violoncello

Basso-Ripieno

6                    6                    6                    6

8

*Soli*

VIC

VII C

VIR

VII R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

*Tutti*

4



32

*Tutti*

V I C

V II C

V IR

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

4 3              7 6              4              7 6               $\frac{4}{2}$  6              7 #               $\frac{4}{2}$  6

7 6              4              7               $\frac{4}{2}$  6              7               $\frac{4}{2}$  6

41

*Soli*              *Tutti*

V I C

V II C

V IR

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

7               $\frac{4}{2}$  6              7 6              #              4 #3               $\frac{4}{2}$  6              7 6              6

6              4              6              7 6              #              4 3              6

50

*Soli*

VIC

VII C

VIR

VII R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

Tutti

56

59

VIC

VII C

VIR

VII R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

66

**Gavotta: Allegro ♩ = 112**

Violin I Concertino

Violin II Concertino

Violin I Ripieno

Violin II Ripieno

Viola

Violoncello

Basso-Ripieno

3

VIC

V II C

VIR

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

#

6

5

#

#

6

#6

#6

6

V I C

V II C

V I R

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

9

V I C

Soli

Tutti

V II C

V I R

*f secunda volta*

Tutti

V II R

Vla.

Vc.

B-R

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

13

VIC V II C VIR V II R Vla. Vc. B-R

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{matrix}$      $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{matrix}$     6     $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{math>$   $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{math>$      $p$     6

17

VIC V II C VIR V II R Vla. Vc. B-R

$\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{math>$   $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 4 \end{math>$     6    6     $\begin{matrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{math>$     6

# *Francesco Geminiani*

## Concerti Grossi after Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5 Edition Notes

This edition of the Geminiani Concerti Grossi after Arcangelo Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5<sup>†</sup> is the first new performance edition since 1753, when it was published in Paris by Le Clerc. The undertaking was inspired first, by the desire to read these works with friends; second, by the isolating restrictions of the Covid-19 virus which kept us all from gathering to make music and gave me a bunch of free time; and third, by the difficulty these old eyes experienced when trying to read even the excellent copies of the first edition parts published in 1726 and 1729 (perhaps) by John Walsh of London and made available to all through the magic of the internet and IMSLP, in particular.

The sources for the present edition are the parts published by John Walsh of London in 1726 and 1729 (perhaps). No attempts have been made to adjudicate, incorporate or annotate differences between the Walsh and Le Clerc editions.

NB: Christopher Hogwood began a modern edition of these works but did not complete the edition. The scores are available from UT Orpheus – at this time, performance parts are not available. These scores were not known to me until I had completed copying and formatting all but *Folia*.

At the beginning of the effort, I made editorial decisions regarding metronome markings, dynamic agreement between the first edition parts, performance practice, and note pitch when the first edition parts proved visually challenging. I was subsequently convinced by friends, that, not being a musicologist, nor all that well trained in music theory, my contribution should be as copyist and printer, annotating where I had made pitch decisions, but making no other changes or additions to the first edition parts. Unfortunately, the process of editing to rediscover the perhaps five or ten pitch decisions in seven to ten thousand measures of music has proven too much for my copy editing skills and I leave that to someone in the future to make a scholarly edition. I have also decided to retain the metronome markings – after all, metronome markings are, as the pirate said about the Pirates' Code of Honor, "They be more like guidelines."

As it stands, the edition is now complete, having the following characteristics:

- Each concerto grosso is published independently in a PDF file containing a full score, a set of parts and a separate Basso-Continuo part which is identical to the Basso-Ripieno part as shown in the score.
- In these editions, the figured bass notation has been removed from the Violoncello and Basso-Ripieno performance parts, though it is shown in the score. No effort was made to rectify the large number of differences between Violoncello and Basso-Ripieno parts in the first edition.
- The score and parts are laid out for backed-up (front/back) printing. Score and parts each contain an even number of pages, guaranteeing proper page turns for the performance parts. The score has a color front cover and dedication page, a title page and back cover. Each performance part has a title page and back cover.
- Hopefully, there are few, if any, copyist errors.

I'd like to thank composer Tom Febonio for his input on formatting and other publishing issues; musicologist James Clements for advising me of the Hogwood edition; and composer/musicologist Forrest Larson for his review of this set and for his insistence that I remove my editorializing.

I personally look forward to a better time for the world so that we can all gather again to appreciate the musical arts.

Rome Pozgay, Marblehead, MA

<sup>†</sup>Arcangelo Corelli (1653-1713) – The Op. 5 Sonatas were published in Rome in 1700

August, 2020



Violin I Concertino

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

**Preludio: Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 40$



**Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 124$

*p*



15

*p*

19 *Soli*

21

23

25

26

28

*p*

30 *Tutti*

*f*

33

37 *p*

**Adagio**

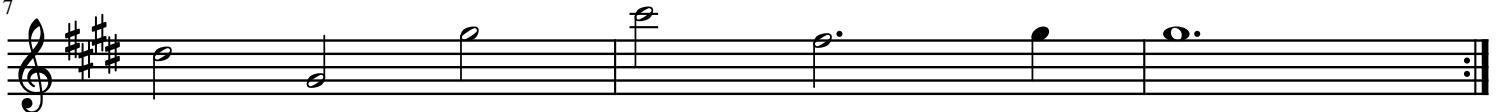
$\text{♩} = 35$



4



7



**Vivace**

$\text{♩} = 70$

*tr*

*tr*



7

*Soli*

*Tutti*



16

*Soli*

*Tutti*



24

*Soli*



31

*Tutti*



39



47

*Soli*

*Tutti*

*Soli*



Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

54

*Tutti*

**Gavotta: Allegro ♩ = 112**

62

4

7

11

14

17

20



Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Violin II Concertino

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

# Preludio: Adagio $\text{♩} = 40$

The musical score consists of two main sections: *Preludio: Adagio* and *Allegro*.

**Preludio: Adagio ( $\text{♩} = 40$ )**

This section begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps, and common time. The music consists of six staves of music. Measure numbers 1 through 11 are present above the staves. The instrumentation includes *Tutti* (all parts) and *Soli* (solo parts). The dynamics are mostly  $p$  (piano).

**Allegro ( $\text{♩} = 124$ )**

This section begins with a treble clef, a key signature of three sharps, and common time. The music consists of five staves of music. Measure numbers 12 through 20 are present above the staves. The instrumentation includes *Tutti* and *Soli*. The dynamics include  $p$  (piano) and  $f$  (forte).

27

*Tutti*

**p**

33

**p**

**Adagio**  $\text{d} = 35$

5

**Vivace**  $\text{d} = 70$

**4**

*Soli*

*Tutti*

18

*Soli*

**2**

*Tutti*

**7**

*Tutti*

39

*Soli*

**2**

*Tutti*

*Soli*

54

*Tutti*

**Gavotta: Allegro**  $\text{d} = 112$

**3**

*Soli*

13

*Tutti*

**p**



Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Violin II Concertino

Violin I Ripieno

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

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Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

*Preludio: Adagio*  $\text{♩} = 40$

The musical score consists of two main sections: *Preludio: Adagio* and *Allegro*.

**Preludio: Adagio (Measures 1-11)**

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Tempo:  $\text{♩} = 40$ .
- Measure 1: Treble clef, G clef, C clef.
- Measure 4: Dynamics: *Soli*.
- Measure 7: Dynamics: *Tutti*, *Soli*.
- Measure 12: Dynamics: *Tutti*, *p*.

**Allegro (Measures 12-33)**

- Key signature: F major (one sharp).
- Time signature: Common time.
- Tempo:  $\text{♩} = 124$ .
- Measure 12: Dynamics: *p*.
- Measure 4: Measure number 4, 4 measures of rests, *Tutti*.
- Measure 11: Measure number 11.
- Measure 15: Measure number 15.
- Measure 19: Measure number 19, *Soli*, *Tutti*, *p*.
- Measure 12: Measure number 12.
- Measure 33: Measure number 33.

36

39

*p*  
Adagio  $\text{♩} = 35$

Vivace  $\text{♩} = 70$

17

37

58

*Gavotta: Allegro*  $\text{♩} = 112$

10

*f secunda volta*

19



Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Violin I Ripieno

Violin II Ripieno

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

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*Preludio: Adagio*  $\text{♩} = 40$

The musical score consists of two main sections: *Preludio: Adagio* and *Allegro*.

**Preludio: Adagio (Measures 1-12):** The section starts in common time with a key signature of two sharps. It features a continuous eighth-note pattern on the first violin. Measure 5 includes a dynamic marking *Soli*. Measures 7 and 9 include dynamic markings *Tutti* and *Soli* respectively. Measure 13 includes a dynamic marking *p*.

**Allegro (Measures 13-35):** The section begins with a dynamic marking *p*. Measure 14 includes a dynamic marking *4* and a *Tutti* marking. Measure 15 includes a dynamic marking *p*. Measure 17 includes dynamic markings *Soli*, *12*, *Tutti*, *f*, and *mf*. Measure 35 includes a dynamic marking *p*.

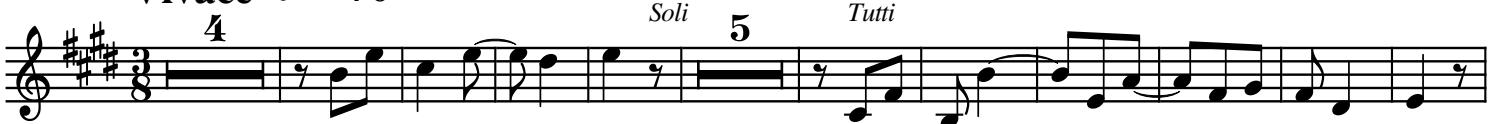
**Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 35$



5



**Vivace**  $\text{♩} = 70$



20



39



52



**Gavotta: Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 112$



16



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Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Violin II Ripieno

Viola

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

# Preludio: Adagio $\text{♩} = 40$

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a quarter note followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and some slurs.

4

Soli

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, continuing with eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing more bass notes and slurs. The word "Soli" appears above the viola staff.

7

Tutti

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The word "Tutti" appears above the viola staff.

10

Soli

Tutti

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The words "Soli" and "Tutti" appear above the respective staves.

14

p

Allegro  $\text{♩} = 124$

mf

4

Tutti

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The dynamics "p" and "mf" are indicated. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). The time signature changes to 4/4. The word "Tutti" appears above the viola staff.

10

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs.

16

Soli

12

Tutti

p

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The dynamics "p" are indicated. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). The time signature changes to 12/8. The word "Tutti" appears above the viola staff.

32

mf

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The dynamics "mf" are indicated.

37

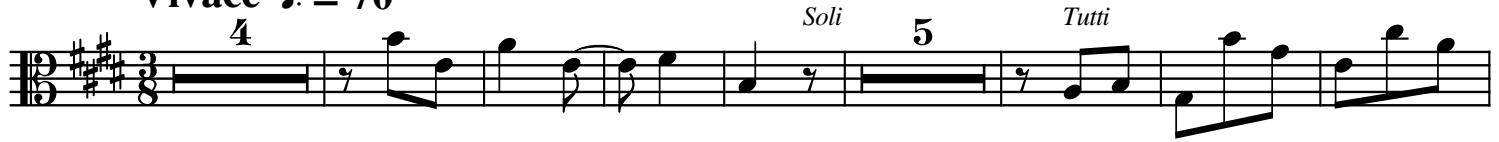
p

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the viola, starting with a rest followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, showing bass notes and slurs. The dynamics "p" are indicated.

**Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 35$



**Vivace**  $\text{♩} = 70$



17

*Soli* 2

*Tutti*

7

34

*Tutti*

*Soli* 2

*Tutti*

*Soli*

6

*Tutti*

59



**Gavotta: Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 112$



14



**p**

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Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Violoncello

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

# Preludio: Adagio $\text{♩} = 40$

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in common time (indicated by 'C') and has a key signature of three sharps. The bottom staff is also in common time and has a key signature of three sharps. The music begins with eighth-note patterns followed by sustained notes.

Measure 3: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure.

Measure 5: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure. The word "Soli" appears above the staff.

Measure 7: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure. The word "Tutti" appears above the staff.

Measure 9: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure. The word "Soli" appears above the staff.

Measure 12: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure. The word "Tutti" appears above the staff.

Measure 14: The music continues with eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The key signature changes to one sharp at the end of the measure.

Allegro  $\text{♩} = 124$

Measure 1: The music begins in common time with a key signature of three sharps. The tempo is Allegro. The dynamic is *p*. The cello plays eighth-note patterns.

*mf*

Measure 6: The music continues in common time with a key signature of three sharps. The cello plays eighth-note patterns.

Measure 9: The music continues in common time with a key signature of three sharps. The cello plays eighth-note patterns. The dynamic is *Tutti*.

11

13

15

17

*Soli*

**p**

20

25

*Tutti*

**f**

32

34

36

38

**p**

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

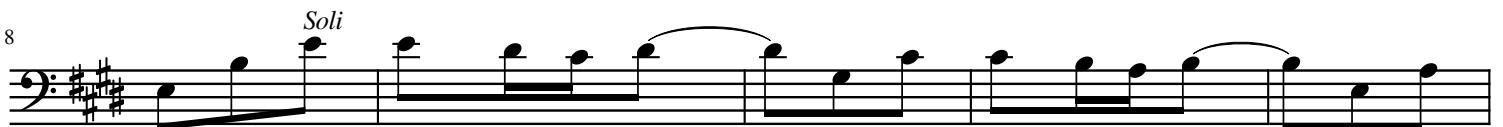
**Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 35$



**Vivace**  $\text{♩} = 70$



8 *Soli*



13

*Tutti*



19

*Soli*

*Tutti*



25

*Soli*



29

*Tutti*



36



42

*Soli*



48

*Tutti*

*Soli*



54

Tutti

61

Gavotta: Allegro  $\text{♩} = 112$

2

**p**

16

# Hagop Music Publishing House

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Basso-Ripieno

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

# Preludio: Adagio $\text{♩} = 40$

Musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The key signature is C major (no sharps or flats). The tempo is  $\text{♩} = 40$ . The score consists of two staves. The first staff shows a continuous eighth-note pattern. The second staff begins at measure 3.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio. The key signature changes to G major (one sharp). Measures 3 and 4 show eighth-note patterns with some grace notes and a dynamic change.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio. Measure 5 starts with a forte dynamic. The section is labeled "Soli" (solo) and "Tutti" (all). Measure 6 continues the eighth-note pattern.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio. Measure 8 starts with a forte dynamic. The section is labeled "Soli". Measure 9 continues the eighth-note pattern.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio. Measure 12 starts with a forte dynamic. The section is labeled "Tutti". Measure 13 continues the eighth-note pattern.

Continuation of the musical score for Preludio: Adagio. Measure 14 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 15 continues the eighth-note pattern.

## Allegro $\text{♩} = 124$

*mf*

Musical score for Allegro. The key signature changes to C major (no sharps or flats). The tempo is  $\text{♩} = 124$ . The score consists of two staves. The first staff shows a eighth-note pattern. The second staff begins at measure 5.

**4**

*Tutti*

Continuation of the musical score for Allegro. Measure 5 starts with a forte dynamic. The section is labeled "Tutti". Measure 6 continues the eighth-note pattern.

*Soli*

**12**

*Tutti*

*p*

Continuation of the musical score for Allegro. Measure 16 starts with a forte dynamic. The section is labeled "Soli" and "Tutti". Measure 17 continues the eighth-note pattern.

*p*

**Adagio**  $\text{♩} = 35$



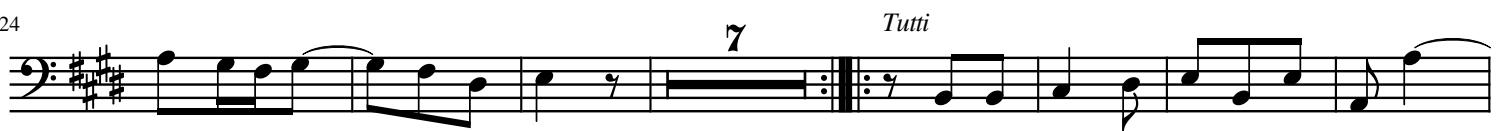
**Vivace**  $\text{♩} = 70$



15



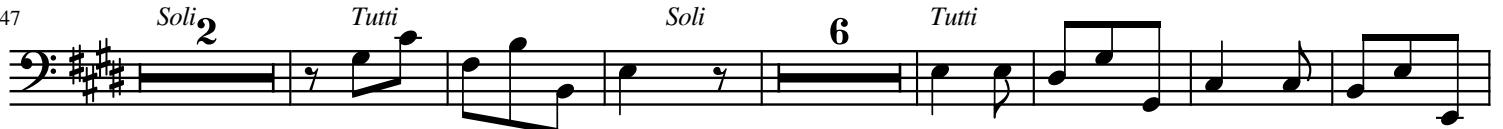
24



38



47



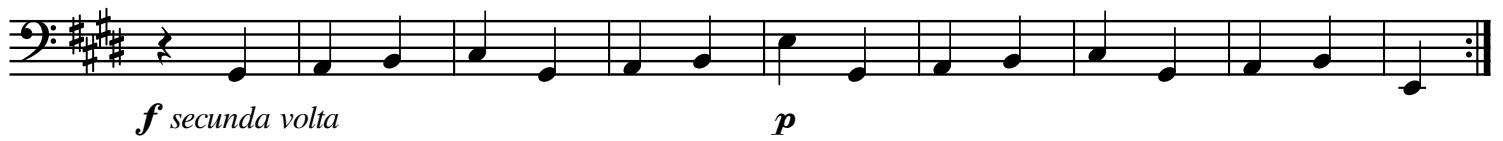
62



**Gavotta: Allegro**  $\text{♩} = 112$



14



*f secunda volta*

*p*



Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)  
Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

Basso Continuo

# Concerto No. 11 from 12 Concerti Grossi

After Corelli's Violin Sonatas, Op. 5

Francescvo Geminiani (1687-1762)

**Preludio: Adagio  $\text{J} = 40$**

The musical score consists of two main sections: **Preludio: Adagio** and **Allegro**.

**Preludio: Adagio  $\text{J} = 40$**

- Measure 1:** Bassoon part. Key signature: C major (no sharps or flats). Time signature: Common time (C). Dynamics:  $\text{C}$ . Fingerings: 6, 7, 6, 7, 6.
- Measure 3:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 6, 7, 6, 5, #.
- Measure 5:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 6, 5, 4, 3, 6. Performance instructions: *Soli*, *Tutti*.
- Measure 8:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: #6, #, 7, 6, 7, 4, 3. Performance instruction: *Soli*.
- Measure 12:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 9, 5, 6, 5. Performance instruction: *Tutti*.
- Measure 14:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 6, 4, 3, 7, 6, 4, 2, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3. Dynamics: *p*.

**Allegro  $\text{J} = 124$**

- Measure 1:** Bassoon part. Key signature: C major (no sharps or flats). Time signature: Common time (C). Dynamics: *mf*. Fingerings: 6, 7, 7, 4, 2, 9, 8.
- Measure 5:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6. Performance instruction: *Tutti*.
- Measure 16:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 4, 3, 4, 3, 6. Performance instruction: *Soli*. Time signature: 12. Fingerings: 12, 6. Performance instruction: *Tutti*.
- Measure 33:** Bassoon part. Fingerings: 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 4, 3, 6, 4, 3. Dynamics: *p*.

# Adagio $\text{♩} = 35$

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/2 time signature) showing six measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs connected by slurs. Below the notes are the numbers 4, 6, 4, 6, #4, 6, 4, #3, 4, 6, 7, 6, #.

# Vivace $\text{♩} = 70$

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing four measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 2, 6, 6, 6.

14

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing four measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 4, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 5.

23

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing four measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 7, 6, #4, 2, 6, 4, 2.

37

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing four measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 7, 4, 6, 7, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2, 6, 7, 6, #, 4, 3.

46

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing four measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers Soli 2, Tutti 6, 56, 7, 7, 7, 6.

61

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 3/8 time signature) showing five measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 7, 7, 6, 7, 6, 4, 3, 4, 3.

# Gavotta: Allegro $\text{♩} = 112$

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 2/4 time signature) showing six measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 3, 6, #6, 6, 5.

9

Bassoon part (Bass clef, 2/4 time signature) showing ten measures of music. The bassoon plays eighth-note pairs. Below the notes are the numbers 3, 6, 6, 5, 4, 6, 6, 5, 6, 5, 6, 6, 6, 5.

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Basso Continuo