

Richard Wagner Das Rheingold

VIOLA.

Vorspiel und erste Scene.

(In moto tranquillo, sereno.)
Ruhig heitere Bewegung.

16 1 Corno 4. 27 2 Violoncello

8 Viol.

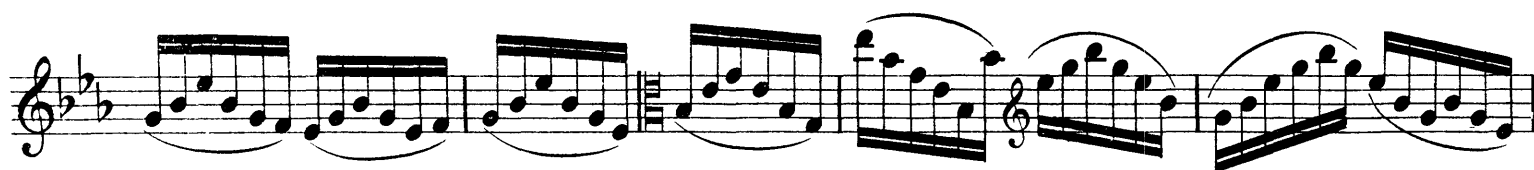
3 10

Flauto

p

The musical score is written for the Viola part of Richard Wagner's Das Rheingold, specifically the Vorspiel und erste Scene. The tempo is marked '(In moto tranquillo, sereno.)' and the movement is 'Ruhig heitere Bewegung.' The score is in E-flat major (three flats) and 6/8 time. It begins with a key signature change from E-flat major to D-flat major (four flats) at measure 16. The score is divided into systems, with measures 16, 27, 8, 3, and 10 marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The Viola part is written in a single staff, with various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano). The score is arranged in a vertical layout, with measures 16, 27, 8, 3, and 10 marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The Viola part is written in a single staff, with various musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *p* (piano). The score is arranged in a vertical layout, with measures 16, 27, 8, 3, and 10 marked at the beginning of their respective systems.

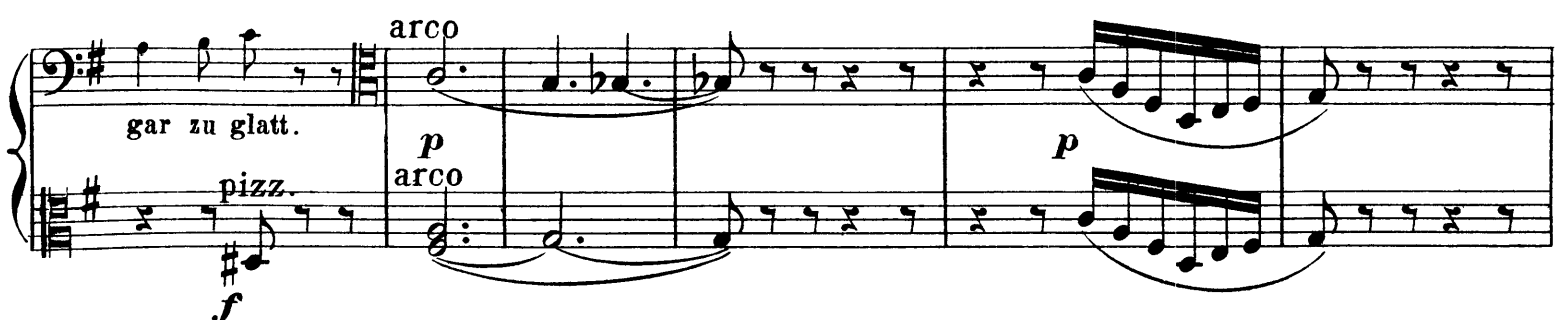
VIOLA.



VIOLA.

f
dim. *p*
f *dim.* *p*
pizz. *arco* *p*
divi.
cresc. *fp*
4 *pizz.* *2 pizz.* *1 arco* *p*
 Ihr da o-ben
4
 um - schlänge der Schlanken ei - ne mein Arm
4
p
 Kauz. Lasst ihn uns ken - nen.
 (Un poco meno mosso)
 Etwas zurückh. im Zeitmaass.
p *5* *6*

VIOLA.



VIOLA.

f *p* *p* *p* *f* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *pizz.* *arco* *p*

wie bist du zu schau'n?

acceler. *pizz.* *arco* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Pfui! du haa - ri-ger, höck - riger Geck! Schwarzes, schwieli-ges Schwefelgezwerg!

1 *pizz.* *f* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

Such dir ein Frie - del, dem du ge - fällt. Ge - fall ich dir nicht, dich

f *p* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

fass ich doch fest! Nur fest, sonst fließ ich dir fort! Ha ha ha ha ha

arco *f* *fp* *p* *f* *Tutti*

(6)

f *con Sord.* *f* *Tutti*

7 9

süs - sen Trost schü - fe die Trau - te

VIOLA.

divi. *pp*

pizz.

p *p* *pizz.* 5 dünkt euch dieser nicht schön!

p *dim.*

2 Viol. *p* *cresc.*

dim. *p*

senza Sord. *pp* *p* 1

sf *p* *p* *p*

cre - scen - do *f* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *cresc.* *f* *arco*

p *f* *tr* *f* *pizz.* *f* 1 1

VIOLA.

(Lento.)

Langsam.

(Più animato.)

Wieder schnell.

arco
fp *fp* *f* *p* *ff* *f*
ritard. *pizz*

f *f* *cresc.* *f* *p*
2 3 3 3 *tr* *tr* *tr*

tr *tr* *tr* *p*

p

p

trem. *p*

divi. *cresc.* *fp* *p*

fp *p* *fp* *p* *f* *p* *cresc.*

p *cresc.* *f*

VIOLA.

p cresc. f p
p cresc. ff
ff p
p cresc. f
ff ff divi.
ff
ff
ff
 (Poco a poco più lento.)
Allmählich etw. langsamer.
 (Tranquillo.)
Gleichmässig ruhig im Zeitmaass.
ff
 Hei - a ja hei - a! hei - a ja hei - a! wa la la la la lei - a ja
pizz.
 hei!
ff f f p
fp
 sin - gend im se - li - gen Ba - de dein Bett.

VIOLA

arco

pizz.

f *mf* *ff*

3

3

3

3

tr

pizz.

p

1

arco

p *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

3

p

3

più p

pizz.

p *divi.* *p*

6

arco tutti

p

3

füh - re, drum schweigt, ihr schwatzendes

VIOLA.

10 (Ritenu. Un poco lento.) Zurückhaltend. Etwas langsamer. Tempo I.

p più p pp pp pp p

p

cresc.

p

cresc. *tr* *fp*

pizz. *f* *p*

cresc.

arco *f* *più f*

ff *ff* *f* *tr* *tr*

f *f* *p* *tr* *tr* *3*

VIOLA.

12

divi. *(Un poco lento.)* *12 Etw. langsam.* *Tempo I.*

p *fp trem.* *p* *cresc.* *fp* *p* *cresc.*

ff *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp*

tr *fp* *tr* *fp* *tr* *fp* *tr* *fp*

f *p* *cresc.* *più f* *ff*

13 *trem.* *divi. fp trem.* *p* *f* *p* *ff dim.* *p* *ff dim.* *ff dim.*

(Lento.) *14 Langsam.* *(Molto vivace.)* *Sehr schnell.* *arco*

p *f* *pizz.* *p* *ff* *ff*

ff *p*

p *p* *ff*

4 *3* *Cello* *3*

p *cresc.* *p*

VIOLA.

13

1

più f

più f

ff

1

f

5

rit.

15 (Un poco più lento.)
Etwas langsamer.

Engl. Horn

con Sord. *trem.*

pp

pp

Viol.

senza Sord.

divi. *p dolce.*

pp

pp

7

Zweite Scene.

(Moderato.)
Ruhiges Zeitmaass.

17

rit.

a tempo

16 *pizz.*

f

1

4

Harfe

divi. *arco*

pp

p

zu endlosem Ruhm.

f

rit.

VIOLA.

atempo

Vol-len-det das e - wi-ge Werk! heh-rer herr-li-cher Bau!

12

18

Nur Wonne schafft dir, was mich er-

arco *Tutti*

schüfen, die steht nur, Dank den Starken

Etwas belebter. (Un poco più animato.)

div. f dim. *trem.* *più p*

pp *p* *pp*

19

lebt, das

(Lento.) Langsam. *Tempo I.* *riten. div.*

20

(Animato.) Lebhaft. *(Allegro non troppo.) Ziemlich lebhaft.*

unis. *cresc.*

VIOLA.

15

mf *p* *p* *cresc.* *f*

fp *f* *fp* *f* *fp* *fp* *f* *f*

p *p* *fp* *p* *fp* *divi. 1* *p cresc.* *fp*

fp *p* *piu p* *p*

pizz. *arco* *p* *p* *cresc.*

fp *p* *p* *f* *fp* *p* *p*

f *p cresc.* *f*

21 (Molto pesante e moderato il tempo.)
Sehr wuchtig u. zurückk. im Zeitmaass.

f *ff* *p*

p

VIOLA.

pesante.

f *p*

3 3 3 3

5

Zieh nun ein
divi. *mf* *p*

f *p*

3 3 3 3

2 div. *p* *p* *mf* *f*

22 (Più animato.)
Etwas bewegter.

f *p* *cresc.* *ff* *ff*

ff *riten.* *div.* *ff* *ff* *ff* 1

ff *p* *f*

3 2

8 be - dungen ist, wohl bedacht deine
divi. *p* *f*

VIOLA.

17

Musical score for Viola in Wagner's *Das Rheingold*, page 17. The score includes staves for Viola and Piano, with various musical notations such as dynamics (*f*, *p*, *fp*), articulations (*pizz.*, *arco*, *stacc.*), and tempo markings (*Lebhaft. (Animato.)*, *Vivace.*, *Schnell.*). It also features German lyrics and measure numbers 12, 23, and 24.

Dynamics: *f*, *p*, *fp*, *pizz.*, *arco*, *stacc.*, *p*, *f*, *più p*, *più f*.

Tempo/Character: *Lebhaft. (Animato.)*, *Vivace.*, *Schnell.*

Lyrics: müssen Freia sie mis-sen

Measure numbers: 12, 23, 24

VIOLA.

Froh schützt sie Schö-ne *ff*

p cresc. f *dim.* *p* *p^v* *p^v*

f *più f* *ff* *p* *tr*

tr *tr* *tr* *molto cresc.* *ff*

4 Ver - *p* *p* *fp*

nur 8 der 4 ersten Pulte *Lebhaft. (Animato.)*

f *tr* *tr* 25 *fp*

cresc. *div.* 4 der 2 letzten Pulte

f *più f* (8) *pp* 3

p (4) *p* *f* *più f*

VIOLA.

Tutti (divi.)

p *pizz.* *p* *arco* *pizz.*

pizz. *p* *pizz.*

1 *26* *arco rit.* *1* *Mässig. (Moderato.)*

p *cresc.* *mf* *p trem.*

più p

27 *(Animato.) Lebhaft.*

div. *p* *1.2 3.4. Pulte* *div.* *p*

divi. *cresc.* *5.6. Pulte* *p* *cresc.*

3 Pulte *f* *p* *3 Pulte* *trem.* *p trem.* *trem.* *p* *trem.*

p

VIOLA.

1 9 lösen das hehre
 1. 2. 3. 4. Pult. *p* *f* *p*
 divi. 5. 6. Pult. *p* *cresc.* *f* 1 *pizz.* *p*
 rit. 1. 2. 3. 4. Pult. *a tempo* liess dich das wohl ge-loben *p* *cresc.* 5. 6. Pult. *f* *p*
 3 *p* *cresc.* *f* *più f* 3
 Tutti 6 3 1 *f* *dim.* *p* *più p*
p *f* *f* *mf*
 6 *p* *cresc.* *fp* *fp* *fp*

VIOLA.

21

divi. *p* *cresc.* *p*

(Più lento.) *Langsamer.* *arco* *pizz. p* *cresc.* 1

28 (Lento.) *Langsam.* *div. f* *p* 5 *arco* *p*

p 3

1. 2. 3. 4. Pult. *cresc.* *f dim. p rall.* 1 5. 6. Pult. *tr*

tr *pizz.* 3 *tr*

VIOLA.

arco *tr* *p* *tr* *p* *dim.* *p* *più p* 1

div. *pizz.* *arco* *p*

pp *pp*

p

fp *p* *sf* *dim.* *p* *pp* *unis.* *p*

p *Solo* *p* *poco cresc.* *p*

pizz. *f* *f* *f* *p*

div. *arco* *4 Pulte* *p*

(6) *div.* (6) *p* *pizz.* 3 *pizz.* 4 (8) *p*

Tutti. *div.* *p* 10 *pizz.* 3 4 *p*

ge - winnt dem Manne die

VIOLA.

23

1 (6) *trem.*
Schätze schüf ohne Maass ein Reif 2^e Hälfte *pp*

1^e Hälfte *pizz.*
div. *pp* *p* 8

Des Rei-fes zu walten *trem. pp* 5 Ein Ru - nen Zau-ber

29 zwingt das Gold zum Reif kei-ner *pp* *p* *div.* *Più lento* *p* *pp*

30 (Come primo.)
Wie vorher. *div.* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *f* *string.* *p*

cresc. *f* 2 *pizz.* *p* *div.*

divi. *arco* *pizz.* 2 *f*

pizz. *arco* *fp* *ff* *p* *arco* 1

VIOLA.

4 1^{te} Pulte

p

pizz. *arco* *p* *f*

f *dim.*

p *dim.*

p *dim.*

mf *dim.*

p *dim.*

p *dim.*

p *dim.*

VIOLA.

f f f mf p f f
più f *tr* *f ff ff* 8
 roth zu End ist die *fp fp fp f p p* (Allegro.) Schnell. 1
più f ff ff ff ff
ff ff ff 2 *f p*
p *f p*
 10
 (Poco a poco più lento.)
 33 *Allmählich etwas langsamer.*
 Was sinnt nun Wo-tan so *pp*
 divi.
p espressivo *pizz.* 1
pp *pizz.*

VIOLA.

con Sord.

p *sempre p*

fp *p*

Noch etwas langsamer. (Più lento.)

pp

1.2. Pult *pp*

3.4. Pult *pp*

5.6. Pult *pp*

pp unis.

5 fällt faul es her-

ab *pp* *p* *p* 2

p 2 *cresc.* *p Beschleunigend. (String.)*

VIOLA.

27

trem. 34 *Scharf im Zeitmaass: mässig.*

fp *fp* *trem.* *cresc.* *f* (Tempo risoluto: moderato.) 2 *pp* 1

pizz. *senza Sord.* 9 *arco* 1

pp Schimpf und Schmach er schuf *f*

f *f* *mf* *p*

tr 6 6 *div.* *f* *p* *mf*

tr *div. p* *fp* *fp*

unis. *p* *cresc.*

fp *cresc.*

div. *fp* 3

VIOLA.

unis.
p *cresc.*

dim. *p* *cresc.*

p *p*

cresc.

f *dim.*

p *cresc.*

f *Tutti* *p* *cresc.* *f*

Beschleunig: Sehr schnell.
4 Cello.
(String.) 35 (Molto vivace.) *p*

cresc.

VIOLA.

29

Violino I

f *più f* *ff* *sempre ff* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *più f* *ff* *ff* *ff*

7

Dritte Scene.

(Allegro)
Hastig.

Cello

3

VIOLA.

f *mf* *fp* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *fp* *p*

Schau, du Schelm! Al-les geschmiedet und fer-tig ge-fügt

divi. *p* *cresc.* *fp* *f* *14*

pizz. *p* *f* *arco* *p* *f* *più f*

VIOLA.

31

f *p* *cresc.* *f* 1

div. *f* 3 *p* *sf* *p* *f* *p* *p*

fp *p*

cresc. *f* 2

36 *ff*

ff

dim.

pizz. (8) *p* *arco* *p* 1

VIOLA.

37 (*Più moderato.*)
Mässigeres Zeitmaass.(*Moderato.*)
Mässig.

Tutti p

div. p

pizz. p

38

6

der mich in Ban - de ge - legt

4 *pizz. p* 2 1 *trem. arco sf* 2 *p*

pizz. div. p pizz.

(*Poco a poco più animato.*)
Allmählich schneller.(*Sempre più animato.*)
Immer lebhafter.

6 im - mer zu mäh'n *p* *cresc.*

VIOLA.

sf *p* 1 *p* *cresc.*

f *f*

p *f*

pizz. 1 *p*

arco 2 *pp* *pp*

pizz. 1 *pizz.*

div. 2 *pp* 1 *pizz.*

arco *p* *cresc.* *sf* *p* *pizz.* *dim.*

VIOLA.

First system of Viola music. The staff is in G minor (three flats). The music begins with a piano (*pp*) dynamic. The first four measures are marked with a *cresc.* (crescendo) dynamic. The melody is played in a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

Second system of Viola music. The staff continues in G minor. The first measure is marked *f* (forte). The second measure is marked *più f* (più forte). The final measure is marked *dim.* (diminuendo). The melody continues with a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

Third system of Viola music. The staff continues in G minor. The first measure is marked *p* (piano). The second measure is marked *p* (piano). The third measure is marked *pizz.* (pizzicato). The fourth measure is marked *pizz.* (pizzicato). The fifth measure is marked *8* (octave). The sixth measure is marked *der das Werk mir* (der das Werk mir). The seventh measure is marked *8* (octave). The eighth measure is marked *6* (octave). The melody is played in a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

Fourth system of Viola music. The staff continues in G minor. The first measure is marked *arco* (arco). The second measure is marked *p* (piano). The third measure is marked *1* (first finger). The fourth measure is marked *5* (fifth finger). The fifth measure is marked *1* (first finger). The sixth measure is marked *1* (first finger). The seventh measure is marked *1* (first finger). The eighth measure is marked *1* (first finger). The melody is played in a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

Fifth system of Viola music. The staff continues in G minor. The first measure is marked *pizz.* (pizzicato). The second measure is marked *arco* (arco). The third measure is marked *trem.* (tremolo). The fourth measure is marked *p* (piano). The fifth measure is marked *cresc.* (crescendo). The sixth measure is marked *f* (forte). The seventh measure is marked *f* (forte). The eighth measure is marked *f* (forte). The melody is played in a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

Sixth system of Viola music. The staff continues in G minor. The first measure is marked *f* (forte). The second measure is marked *f* (forte). The third measure is marked *f* (forte). The fourth measure is marked *f* (forte). The fifth measure is marked *f* (forte). The sixth measure is marked *f* (forte). The seventh measure is marked *f* (forte). The eighth measure is marked *f* (forte). The melody is played in a half-note, quarter-note, eighth-note pattern.

VIOLA.

35

pizz. arco
f pizz. dim. p arco
1

pizz. arco
p pizz. arco f p

39 *Immer schneller. (Sempre animato.)*
pizz. arco
cresc. f p cresc.

Schneller im Zeitmaass. (Più Allegro.)
div. fp p cresc. f
3

p cresc.

div. p cresc.

string. più f ff a tempo
9

VIOLA.

Willst du gleich schmieden und schaffen?

p *cresc.* *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

f *f* *ff* *dim.*

(Un poco più lento.)
Etw. langsamer.

ge-horcht des Ringes Herrn!

(Vivace.)
Wieder schnell.

ff *div.* *dim.*

p *più p*

Mässiges Zeitmaass. (Moderato.)

wirke hier Alberich, da - ran uns zu wei - den trieb uns Gä-ste die

1. 2. 3. Pult *p* *div.* *pizz.*

4 Pulte *p* *cresc.* *f*

2 Pulte *p* *arco* *f* *pizz.*

Dizz.

Die 6 zweiten.

~~pizz.~~

dim.

p

cresc.

4.5. Pult.

(6) pizz.

(4)

arco

arco

string.

42

(Molto vivace.)

Schr lebhaft.

cresc.

pp

 f

p

 f

VIOLA.

div. *p* *p* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *p* *cresc.*

f *dim.* *p* *più p* *pp* (6)

fp *pp* *fp* *cresc.*

divi. fp *cresc.* *f* *dim.* *trem.* *p* *p*

3 *fp* *p* *3* *fp* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *fp*

fp *cresc.* *f* *f* *dim.* *rit.*

43 1. 2. 3. Pult. *p*

divi. Mässig langsam. (Moderato.)

4. 5. 6. Pult. *Solo* *tr* *tr*

pp

VIOLA.

ritard.
p *più p* *pp* 44 *ff* *ff* Verschmäht sie zwingt zur

(Molto vivace.)
45 *Sehr schnell.* *p* *f* *f* *p*

div.
cresc. *fp*

f *p* *cresc.* *f* *ff*

1 *pizz.* *p* *cresc.* *f*

arco *pizz.* *f* *p*

1 *p*

div. *arco Solo* *p* *1* *p*

divi. 1 *p* 2

VIOLA.

musical score for Viola, measures 40-51. The score is written for a single staff with a key signature of one flat (B-flat) and a common time signature (C). The tempo is marked *Langsam. (Lento.)*. The score includes various dynamic markings and performance instructions.

Measures 40-41: *p* (piano), *trem.* (tremolo). Measure 42: *p* (piano), *trem.* (tremolo). Measure 43: *1* (first ending), *pizz.* (pizzicato). Measure 44: *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *f* (forte). Measure 45: *1 arco* (first arco), *pp* (pianissimo), *fp* (fortissimo piano).

Measures 46-47: *(3)* (triplets), *cresc.* (crescendo), *p* (piano), *più p* (pianissimo), *Langsam. (Lento.)* (slow), *trem.* (tremolo), *pp* (pianissimo). Measure 48: *(3)* (triplets), *cresc.* (crescendo), *p* (piano), *più p* (pianissimo), *Langsam. (Lento.)* (slow), *pp* (pianissimo), *pizz.* (pizzicato).

Measures 49-51: *pp* (pianissimo), *12 unis.* (12 unison), *p* (piano), *sostenuto* (sustained), *p* (piano).

VIOLA.

41

47 (Vivace.) *Wieder schnell.* pizz. arco *f p p*

2 *p*

p p

5 *p*

fp fp p p

48 (Lento.) *Langsam.* pizz. *p cresc. fp fp*

7 49 (Lento e sostenuto.) *Langsam u. schleppend.* Tuba *5 arco ff*

50 *Etwas lebhafter. (Un poco più animato.)* *ff ff*

51 *Wieder schnell. (Vivace.)* pizz. 2 *ff dim. più p pp* Mein Zit-tern mag dirs be-

p fp fp mf p

1

Die Kröte
 Op. 10, No. 10
 (Piano)

52 (Più lento.) *Langsamer.*
53 (Un poco più animato.) *Ein wenig lebhafter.*
54 *Wieder ganz schnell. (Vivace.)*

1 *2* *1* *2*

f *pizz.* *p* *pp* *dim.* *f* *f*

arco *p cresc.* *f* *f*

divi. *f* *p* *arco* *p* *più p*

f *f* *p* *cresc.* *f* *f*

f *f* *f* *tr* *tr* *f* *più f*

ff

divi. *ff*

1 *p*

Dort die Kröte! Greife sie rasch

VIOLA.

43

rit. 1 *a tempo*

p *cresc.*

f *dim.*

19 55 *Mässig bewegt. (Moderato.)* 56 *(Un poco più animato.)*
Etwas belebter.

Corni Cello

1 57 *(Moderato.)*
Wieder mässiger.

p *cresc.* *pizz.* *p*

1 *(Più animato.)*
Belebter.

58 *p* *cresc.* 59 *(Moderato e poi animando.)*
Mässig beginnend und

belebend.

fp *p* *cresc.* *f*

p *dim.*

60 *(Animando.)*
Belebend. 1

più p *p* *p* *cresc.*

div. *f* *ff*

p *p* *cresc.* *f*

3

(Morceau de Concert)
Op. 10, No. 2.

4/4

ff *f* *p* *divi.*

divi. *p* **1** *f*

fp *p=f=p* *f* *p*

p *f* *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f* *p* *p*

divi. *p* *p*

VIOLA.

div. pizz. *p*

f dim. *p* più *p* *pp* rit.

p

Solo *rit.* 61 (Un poco sostenuto.) Etwas gedehnt. *f*

21 *p*

f

f più *f* *ff* dim.

62 (Moderato.) Mässig. *p*

div. arco dim. *p* 3

1 pizz. *pp* *p*

arco *p* pizz. *ff* arco *p* *f* #2 *p* *f* pizz. *fp* arco *p* pizz. *p*

(Non Allegro ma animato.) 63 Nicht schnell doch lebhaft.

arco *p* *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp* *f* 6 12 12 *fp* *fp*

f *sf* *p* *sf* *p* *f* *f* *p*

12 12 *f* *p* *f* *p* 12 12 12 6 *p* *cresc.* *ff*

ff *p*

cresc. *ff* 2 (6) (6) *p*

(String.) Beschleunigend. 6 6 *cresc.*

div. *p* 12 6 *fp* *fp* *p* 6 6 *cresc.*

6 6 *f* *ff* *p* unis. acceler. rit. *p* 6 6 6 6 6 6 *p*

cresc. 6 6 6 6 6 6 12 5 *f*

VIOLA.

47

61 *fp* *f* *fp* *fp* *fp* *fp* *f*

62 *f* *f* *ff* *ff*

63 *ff* *ff*

64 *ff* *ff*

65 *ff*

Lento.
Langsam.

pizz. *ff* *ff*

Der Mächtigen mächtigsten Herrn

bind ihn los *mf* *dim.* *p*

hüt' ihn sein Herr. Doch den Würger zieh' er ihm zu! Dem *p*

Die 4 letzten. *trem.*

66 *trem.* *p* *cresc.* *ff* 14

Meinem Fluch fliehst du

67 *trem.* *p* *cresc.* *ff* 14

68 *ff* *ff*

69 *ff* *ff*

70 *ff* *ff* *ff*

71 *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

72 *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

73 *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff* *ff*

pizz. 1

VIOLA.

arco

mf *dim.* *dim.* *ritard.* *più p* *divi.* *(Un poco più lento.)* *Etwas langsamer.* *p*

67 *(Moderato e molto tranquillo.)* *Mässig u. sehr ruhig.*

3 13

Von fern. Freia füh-ren sie *pp*

p *cresc.* *p*

pizz. *pizz.* 2

arco *p* *pp* 3 *p dolce.*

arco

2 3 *acceler.* *cresc.* 3 3 3 3 3

68 *(Più lento.)* *Langsamer.* *a tempo.* 4 rit. 11 7

f *dim.* *più p* Goldes

2 *ten.* *ten.* *ten.* *ten.* *p*

Mass sei nun güt-lich ge - mes-sen.

VIOLA.

49

div. *p* *pp* *cresc.* *rit.* *f dim. a tempo. più p* *pizz.* **3**

p *p* **2** **7** ge - häuft nun füll' es der Hort *p* *p*

cresc. *f* **2** **1** *p* **3**

sempre stacc.

tr *tr* *pizz.* *dim.* *p*

2 arco *p* *cresc.* *f* *p*

p *p* *f* *p*

f *p* *cresc.* *f* **6** **6** **1**

VIOLA.

p cresc. f p
dim. trem. pp
divi. pizz. p pizz. 1 3 p pizz.
arco p più p pp
divi. trem. unis. acceler. 3 3 3 3
fp p cresc. più f p
69 (Più animato.) Lebhafter im Zeitmaass.
cresc. mf dim.
div. trem. unis. 1 pizz. p cresc. - sf p ff p
(Sempre più vivace.) Immer lebhafter.
arco p 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
pizz. arco p 6 6 6 6
pizz. p cresc.

VIOLA.

51

div. *più f*

70 *Immer lebhafter. (Sempre più vivace.)*

ff *f*

fp *cresc.* *f* *fp* *p* *cresc.*

f *p* *molto cresc.* *ff*

71 *(Lento.) Langsam.* *con Sord.*

13 *bist du mahnendes Weib. Wie alles*

div. *p* *(molto tranquillo.) sehr ruhig.* *rit.* *p* *rit.* *p* *rit.* *dim.* *p*

1 *a tempo*

rit. *p* *p* *p*

(tranquillo.) ruhig.

8 *rit.*

Al-les was ist

a tempo

div. *pp* *sempre pp*

2

VIOLA.

senza Sord.

trem.
pp

4
pp *cresc.*

72 *Lebhaft. (Animato.)*
cresc. ff dim. più p pp f

5
f f dim. p

8 1
f ff f ff p cresc.

pizz. arco accel. 1
f p f f

73
ff Sehr lebhaft. (Molto vivace.) ff

ff dim. p più p

74 *Langsamer. (Più lento.)*
pp più p p

div. 2 *pizz. arco p pizz. arco*

6 12
f f

VIOLA.

div. *p* *cresc.* *p* *cresc.*

p *cresc.*

più f *ff* *ff*

rit. 4 den Reif rührst du nicht mehr *p* 3

div. *f* 9 Cello *p* *più*

p

p *f* *p* 6 6 6 6

12 12 *pizz.* *rit.* 1 *f* *p*

Wie doch Bangen mich bin-det! Sorg und

VIOLA.

Measures 74-75 of the Viola part. The music is in D major. Measure 74 features a tremolo (trem.) in the right hand and a piano (p) dynamic. Measure 75 features a piano (pp) dynamic and a tempo marking of 75.

Measures 76-77 of the Viola part. Measure 76 features a piano (pizz.) dynamic. Measure 77 features a piano (pizz.) dynamic and a crescendo (cresc.) marking.

Measures 78-79 of the Viola part. Measure 78 features a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. Measure 79 features a piano (p) dynamic. The lyrics are: "Das bleiche Gewölk sammel ich zu blitzendem Wetter; das fegt den Himmel mir".

76

Measures 80-81 of the Viola part. The music is in D major. Measure 80 features a piano (p) dynamic. Measure 81 features a piano (p) dynamic. The lyrics are: "1. Pult. 2. Pult. 3. Pult. 4. Pult. 5. Pult. 6. Pult.".

VIOLA.

1

2

3

4

5

6

1

2

3

4

5

6

VIOLA.

First system of musical notation for Viola, measures 1 through 6. The score is written on six staves. Measures 1 and 2 contain sixteenth-note passages with a '6' (sextuplet) marking. Measures 3 and 4 contain a whole note. Measures 5 and 6 contain sixteenth-note passages with a '6' (sextuplet) marking.

Allmählich immer stärker. (Poco a poco sempre cresc.)

Second system of musical notation for Viola, measures 7 through 12. The score is written on six staves. Measures 7 and 8 contain sixteenth-note passages with a '6' (sextuplet) marking. Measures 9 and 10 contain sixteenth-note passages with a '3' (triple) marking. Measures 11 and 12 contain sixteenth-note passages with a '6' (sextuplet) marking. The dynamic marking *Allmählich immer stärker. (Poco a poco sempre cresc.)* is repeated above the staves.

VIOLA.

First system of musical notation for Viola, measures 1 through 6. The score is written on six staves, numbered 1 to 6 on the left. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. Measures 1 and 2 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. Measures 3 and 4 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. Measures 5 and 6 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. The staves are connected by a vertical line, and the measures are separated by bar lines.

Second system of musical notation for Viola, measures 7 through 12. The score is written on six staves, numbered 1 to 6 on the left. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. Measures 7 and 8 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. Measures 9 and 10 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. Measures 11 and 12 feature a sixteenth-note figure with a '6' above it. The staves are connected by a vertical line, and the measures are separated by bar lines.

VIOLA.

First system of the musical score for Viola, measures 1 through 6. The score is written for six staves, numbered 1 to 6 on the left. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 contain sixteenth-note passages with slurs and a '6' (sextuplet) marking. Staves 3 and 6 contain whole notes. The system is divided into two measures by a vertical bar line.

Second system of the musical score for Viola, measures 7 through 12. The score continues on six staves, numbered 1 to 6 on the left. The key signature remains one flat. Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 continue with sixteenth-note passages, including slurs and '6' (sextuplet) markings. Staves 3 and 6 contain whole notes. The system is divided into two measures by a vertical bar line.

VIOLA.

First system of the musical score for Viola, measures 1 through 6. The score is written for six staves, numbered 1 to 6. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. Measure 1 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 1. Measure 2 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 2. Measure 3 contains a half note on staff 3. Measure 4 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 4. Measure 5 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 5, followed by a triplet of eighth notes (marked '3') and another sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6'). Measure 6 contains a half note on staff 6. The staves are connected by a brace on the left side.

Second system of the musical score for Viola, measures 7 through 12. The score is written for six staves, numbered 1 to 6. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and slurs. Measure 7 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 1. Measure 8 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 2. Measure 9 contains a half note on staff 3. Measure 10 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 4. Measure 11 contains a sixteenth-note triplet (marked '6') on staff 5. Measure 12 contains a half note on staff 6. The staves are connected by a brace on the left side.

VIOLA.

Immer zunehmende Stärke. (Sempre più cresc.)

First system of musical notation for Viola, measures 1 through 6. The score is written on six staves. Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 contain a continuous melodic line with slurs and a '6' marking. Staves 3 and 6 contain rests. The tempo/mood instruction *Immer zunehmende Stärke. (Sempre più cresc.)* is written above the staves.

Second system of musical notation for Viola, measures 7 through 10. The score continues on five staves (1, 2, 4, 5, and 6). Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 contain the melodic line, while staff 6 contains rests. The tempo/mood instruction *Immer zunehmende Stärke. (Sempre più cresc.)* is written above the staves.

VIOLA.

First system of the musical score for Viola, measures 1-4. The score is written for four staves, numbered 1, 2, 4, and 5. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The music features a complex, rhythmic pattern with many sixteenth and thirty-second notes, often beamed together. The first staff (1) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff (2) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The fourth staff (4) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The fifth staff (5) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The music is divided into two measures by a vertical bar line. The first measure contains measures 1-2, and the second measure contains measures 3-4. The notation includes many slurs and ties, indicating a continuous, flowing melody.

Second system of the musical score for Viola, measures 5-8. The score is written for four staves, numbered 1, 2, 4, and 5. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The music continues the complex, rhythmic pattern from the first system. The first staff (1) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The second staff (2) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The fourth staff (4) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The fifth staff (5) has a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The music is divided into two measures by a vertical bar line. The first measure contains measures 5-6, and the second measure contains measures 7-8. The notation includes many slurs and ties, indicating a continuous, flowing melody.

The image displays a musical score for the piece 'L'Espresso' by Claude Debussy, specifically measures 1 through 12. The score is arranged in two systems, each containing six staves. The first system (measures 1-6) features a complex texture with six staves. Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 play a continuous, flowing melody in a treble clef, marked with a '6' (sexta) and a 'p' (piano) dynamic. Staves 3 and 6 play a rhythmic accompaniment in a bass clef, marked with a 'p' (piano) dynamic and a 'molto cresc.' (molto crescendo) instruction. The second system (measures 7-12) continues the same texture. Staves 1, 2, 4, and 5 continue their melodic line, while staves 3 and 6 continue their rhythmic accompaniment. The score concludes with a final measure (measure 12) marked with a 'ff' (fortissimo) dynamic. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 3/4.

VIOLA.

63

77 *Mässig bewegt. (Moderato.)*

Bruder, hieher! Weise der Brücke den Weg!

Cello

p dolce.

pizz.

p

A-bendlich strahlt der Sonne

1.2.3. Pult.
arco

pp

1.2.3. Pult.
divi.

4.5.6. Pult.

sempre pp

VIOLA.

VIOLA.

65

p *pizz.* *ff* *p* *arco* *più p*

Tutti. *pizz.* *p* *pizz.* *pp* *pp*

p

arco *f* *p* *più p* *pp*

poco cresc. *p*

cresc. *f*

Trau - lich und treu

— ist nur in — der Tie - fe: falsch und feig ist was dort O - ben sich

[illegible]

80

[illegible]

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody consists of a series of eighth notes, starting on G4 and ascending stepwise to D5, then descending back to G4. The notes are: G4, A4, Bb4, C5, D5, C5, Bb4, A4, G4. The system ends with a double bar line.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes beamed together. The first measure contains a whole rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes that form the main melody. The system ends with a double bar line.

The first system of the musical score for 'The Rose Tree' is written on a single staff. It begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (C). The melody is composed of eighth and sixteenth notes, with some notes beamed together. The first measure contains a whole rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes that form the main melody of the piece.

[illegible]