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SEVENTY SCOTTISH SONGS

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SEVENTY
SCOTTISH SONGS

EDITED WITH ACCOMPANIMENTS BY
HELEN HOPEKIRK

FOR HIGH VOICE



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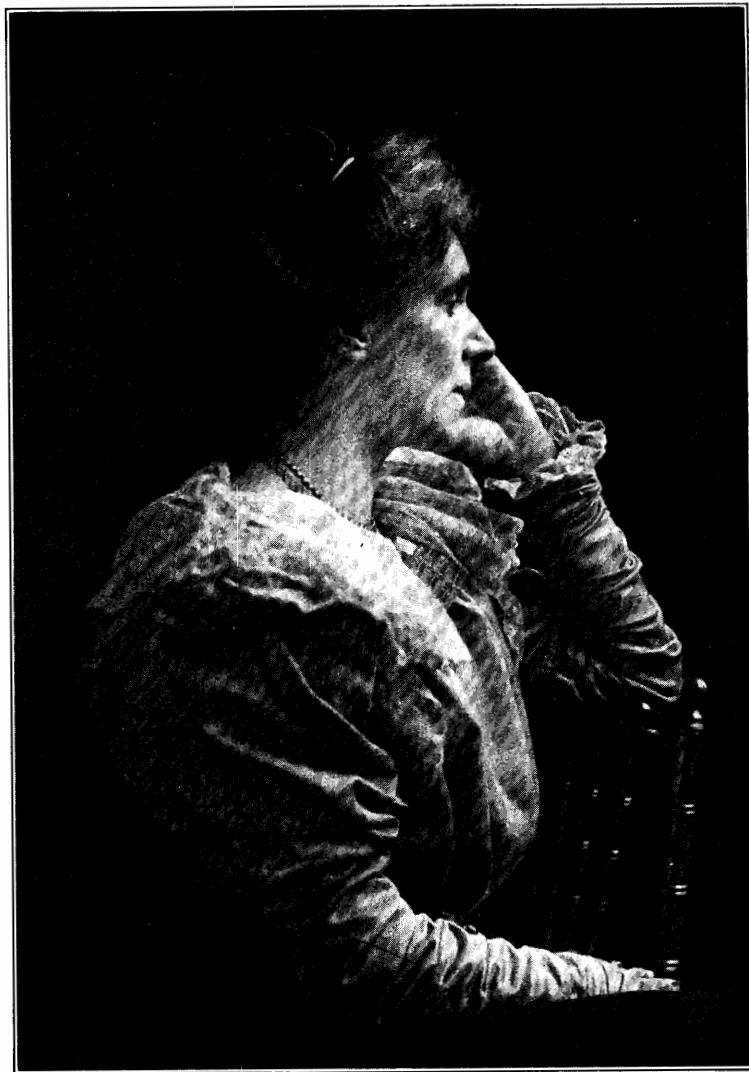
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Helen Hopekirk

SCOTTISH FOLK-SONGS



OF the Scottish folk-songs here gathered together, I feel it is unnecessary, even were it possible, to enter into a detailed history. The origin of many has been long since lost sight of, owing to their having been orally bequeathed from one family or generation to another, and also to the confusion of races in the country. But as there is some misconception of the nature of Scottish folk-song, belonging as it does to two racially different peoples, the Celtic Scot and the Lowland Scot, a word or two about the general characteristics of both races and their ways of living may help to a better appreciation of their songs, the most beautiful of which are the least known. To many, mention of Scottish music merely recalls to mind a few melodies such as *Auld Lang Syne*, *Blue Bells of Scotland*, *Annie Laurie*, etc. They, and such as they, are only a small part, and not the most beautiful or significant by any means.

Lowland Scottish music and Celtic music, although talked of collectively, are widely different in character. The Lowlander is placid, pastoral, canny, pawkily humorous, somewhat matter of fact, good-hearted, reserved. The Celt is imaginative, "dreaming dreams and seeing visions," unpractical, superstitious, tender, of quick perception, living an inner life, a good lover, a good hater. The Lowlander would die for a dogma, the Celt would die for a dream. The origin of many of their melodies has been lost sight of, some of the so-called Lowland ones having been brought over from Ireland by the settlers about Galloway, and others from England. They are easily discernible by any one who has the scent; for those who have not, it does not much matter. In spite of the beauty of many of the real Lowland melodies, which are principally of an idyllic and pastoral character, it cannot be denied that the Gaelic music far exceeds it in interest and in emotional, weird quality. The old melodies of the Gael have little affinity with the modern major and

minor modes, and that makes them seem strange to those who have been nurtured on these scales. What seems bizarre and curious in them to some people becomes perfectly clear when referred to the ancient modes. In many arrangements the melodies have been altered, lowered sevenths raised, etc., to make them smooth for "cultivated ears," thereby taking the very life out of them. Apropos of this, a curious incident happened some years ago. Some one rearranged the Gaelic church service hymns, raising the sevenths, to make them more "modern." But when it came to practice, the discord, that resulted between the few who could sing the raised seventh and the many who could not, made them quickly return to the old way.

The use of the "snap" is also a characteristic of many of the Scottish songs, but is not so prevalent as believed, although largely used by composers who wish to write in Scottish style. A melody written on the pentatonic scale, introducing one or two snaps, is not quite enough to produce the requisite atmosphere, as is proven by the banal melody of *Within a mile o' Edinburgh Town*, written in the eighteenth century by an Englishman, James Hook. There are more sad than gay melodies in the Celtic music of Scotland. "The brain of the Gael hears a music sadder than any music there is," says Fiona MacLeod. When a lady in Edinburgh played *Lochaber no more* to Robert Burns, he cried out, with tears in his eyes, "That's a fine song for a broken heart." This could be said of many of the old Celtic songs, whether of France, Ireland, or Scotland. The Celts delight in songs of unhappy love, parting, death, the might-have-been; and their melodies are full of the sadness and beauty of the long, tender, melancholy northern twilight.

The manner of singing of the Scottish Gaelic people is also something strange. They stand or sit very quietly, with an utter absence of self-con-

sciousness, and the tones come out rather monotonously; but as the song goes on, one is strangely moved by a subtle something—a wild irregularity of rhythm, something ancient, remote, more easily felt than expressed. The quaint Gaelic language, the old-world melodies, the quiet and pathos of the way of singing, are haunting. In their festive gatherings, the company make a sort of circle, reaching their plaids or handkerchiefs to each other; and as they sing they sway their bodies from side to side, gently waving their plaids about to the rhythm of the song. There are also queer little grace notes introduced between the notes of the melody. As a child I remember hearing a beautiful old Highland lady over eighty years of age sing Jacobite songs to her own accompaniment on an old spinet-like piano, with such a little, sweet, pathetic voice, and with so many of these little grace notes, that it has ever since been one of the outstanding memories of my childhood. My maternal grandmother also had that quaint way of singing, and it used to be the pleasure of the church service to me to hear "Granny's graces" added to the decorous performances of the others.

Two influences have been powerful in stifling that impulse towards expression in music which has been for years the inheritance of both Gael and Lowlander. The first was the introduction of a hard, merciless Calvinism at the time of the Reformation. The aim of that seemed to be, not to "glorify God and enjoy Him" and His gifts of the beautiful "forever," but to glorify Him by despising these gifts as a sacred duty. Scotland is only now recovering from that blight. Another influence was the Anglicizing of everything Scottish since the Union—"girdling the world with Brixton," as George Moore expresses it. England brings material prosperity when she sets her foot on a lesser nation, but it is generally accompanied by a waning of interest in the real things, which are the inward things—utilitarianism versus beauty, and a spiritual falling off, concealed by large religious machinery. Nowadays, when formerly the family would sing their own old songs, the vulgar strains of English music-hall ditties are heard,

with a wretched accompaniment drummed out on a wretched instrument.

I have often wondered if the introduction of the cheap piano has anything to do with the decline of song as a means of expression amongst the people. Before the era of universal piano-playing, the people used to *think* music; and from thinking to expressing is but a step. They improvised little strains over their work, and by repetition and addition the little song grew unconsciously. Now, their ambition is to have a piano, and to have their children learn to play. "Learning music" to them means learning to play the piano, and so that unfortunate instrument has become to them, as to the vast majority, a substitute for music in the brain. I talk more of the townspeople in this regard, many of whom think it a mark of inferiority to confess acquaintance with their own songs, when they can have English music and a piano. Even the "educated" classes are lamentably ignorant of their own treasures of folk-music, forgetting that the true and vigorous in art can only evolve from a nation's own inheritance of poetry and song; everything else must be exotic and transient. William Butler Yeats in his *Celtic Twilight* speaks much of this: "Folk art is indeed," he says, "the oldest of the aristocracies of thought, and because it refuses what is passing and trivial, the merely clever and pretty, as certainly as the vulgar and insincere, and because it has gathered into itself the simplest and most unforgettable thoughts of the generations, it is the soil where all great art is rooted. Wherever it is spoken by the fireside, or sung by the roadside, or carved upon the lintel, appreciation of the arts that a single mind gives unity and design to spreads quickly when its hour is come."

Probably there is more latent music in the peasant people in the remote mountainous parts, and in the Western Isles, where pianos and harmoniums are little known, than anywhere else in the country. In these districts singing still constitutes part of the daily life of the people. They have songs for their different tasks: their sheiling song (*Oran Airidh*), dumping song in weaving (*Oran Luaidh*), crooning song (*Crònan*), boating

song (*Iorram*). In the Isle of Iona, at evening milking-time can be heard the longing strains of *Colin's Cattle* (*Crodh Chaillean*) sung by some girlish voice; and fascinating is it in the long, sweet twilight, with the senses steeped in the most delicate, ethereal coloring, to listen to the quaint strains of a *Iorram* stealing across the calm waters of the Sound, as the boats come home. Neither England nor John Knox has been able to rob these people entirely of their beauty feeling, and so long as that is in their hearts, at any moment the needed touch can waken it into artistic expression. They love their mountains, their fields, their seas and lochs with a passionate love. The very first night of many I have spent in one of the Western Isles was one of those wonderful, dreamy, charmed evenings with a tender rosy light over everything. As I sat outside our cottage I noticed during the evening an old woman pass and repass, walking slowly with her knitting in her hand, but with eyes looking far away, out to sea and the distant hills. Once as she passed, she turned to me, and with a smile on her heavily wrinkled face, said, "God has made it so beautiful, I cannot go into my lonely room, and leave it all;" and then she stood beside me, quite silent, gazing with dreaming eyes across to the glowing rocks of Mull. The poor woman had had much trouble, as I afterwards learned, but the peace of that evening had passed into her. In this sense they are all poets by nature, sensitively alive to beauty, to whom inward life is more than material prosperity; therefore considered by many unprogressive and lazy. One old Gael, who used to sit on the rocks and have long "thinks" every day, said once to me, "The English say that we are lazy, but it will be because they do not understand us."

One reason for the Gaelic melodies being so little known outside of the Gaelic-speaking people is the difficulty of translating the verses into English without losing the peculiar flavor and the oneness with the music. Then the majority of the melodies have, until recently, been published only in little paper editions without accompaniment, or in large expensive ones. These little editions of the *Celtic Lyre*, edited by Mr. Henry

Whyte ("Fionn") of Glasgow, and the *Songs of the Gael*, by Mr. Lachlan MacBean, in which the melodies are written as sung by the people, are in every cottage in the Highlands and Western Isles, and the long winter nights are spent in singing, seated round the glowing peat fires.

Many of the older songs were improvised by the bards to a harp accompaniment, and handed down by memory from generation to generation. The early kings had all their attendant harpers, as had also the Highland chiefs. One of the last, Murdoch MacDonald, died about 1736 in Quinish, Mull. A bard had not only to play and sing, but was expected to improvise on the exciting incidents of the time. This may explain, as has been suggested, the curious closes of many of the melodies, on different degrees of the scale, as between the verses a full close may have been avoided. This facility in verse-making is still a characteristic of the Scottish Gael. Every New Year's night, in certain parts, after the hour of midnight, the people visit one another, and standing on the threshold, recite original verses before entering.

Numbers of the more modern melodies owe their birth to the bagpipes, which superseded the harp within the last three hundred years. The piper to a chief was a highly important personage, who owned lands, and whose pipes were always carried for him by a servant. The Macrimmon family, who served the Macleods, were quite renowned. A school for pipers, founded by them, was for long in existence in the Isle of Skye, and contrary to the custom of most modern schools of music, "no pupil was admitted who had not an ear for music," fees being quite secondary in importance. It was one of the Macrimmon family who was daring enough to penetrate into a sea cave inhabited by the fairies. As he marched in, he played on his pipes, and his friends outside listened in awe as they heard the sounds becoming fainter and fainter, when suddenly his dog rushed out, panting with terror. His master never returned, though at times the sound of his pipes is heard.

Up to the middle of the nineteenth century, the pipers were the keepers of the old traditions,

SCOTTISH FOLK-SONGS

and every springtime and harvest they journeyed through the different districts, entertaining the people with their music and legends, in return for which they were generously welcomed and lodged. The shepherds also, in the solitudes of the mountains, had large stores in their memory of the war-like songs of their fathers. In those days, those who occupied themselves with music, even in the rudest and simplest way, never complained of bad memories! The songs and stories were in their hearts, that is all.

The reign of Queen Anne and those of the first two Georges were again prolific in Scottish song-making of the more modern types. Allan Ramsay, Lady Wardlaw, Lady Grizzel Baillie, Robert Crawford, and others lived in that time, and song, such as it was, was zealously cultivated by the aristocracy. It is told of Lady Murray, daughter of Lady Grizzel Baillie, that, in her evening assemblies in the Old Parliament Close, Edinburgh, she sang her native melodies, accompanying herself on the spinet, with such touching sweetness, that she rarely closed without a sympathetic sob from some of her hearers.

To the ancient Celt the study of music was a primary part of education. Bude tells us that at all the ancient entertainments the harp was passed round, and so great was the disgrace attached to any one who could not sing or play that the one who was conscious of inability generally disappeared before his turn came. At a funeral, a Coronach was indispensable; without it the soul would restlessly wander about the neighborhood of its earthly remains. Later, the bagpipes took the place of harps and voices at funerals, and now, with the decadence of Calvinism, these poetic customs are again being revived, although at present rather by exception than by rule.

In many of the mountainous parts the burying-places were islands out on the lochs, and one can well picture the scene as the boat containing the coffin glided over the quiet waters, while the mournful laments were echoed from the listening hills. Some years ago the funerals of Professor Blackie and Mrs. Mary MacKellar, a Gaelic poetess, were a revival of ancient customs in the

city of Edinburgh; the coffins covered with tartan plaids, and strewn with heather, being carried shoulder-high by Highlanders through the streets, while the pipers marched in front, playing wild, weird laments. Two summers ago I witnessed a funeral in one of the Western Isles, where the coffin was carried by the mourners to a little boat, while all stood on the beach with uncovered heads, as it slowly sailed through the mist to one of the other islands. Everything was calm and beautiful, but I missed the final touch that would have been added by the wail of the pipes. For a chief they would have been played.

In Ireland, at the present day, more than in Scotland, they are seeking to revive the old legends, and preserve the ancient characteristics of the people. The Gaelic League, and the efforts of such men as Yeats, Douglas Hyde, A. E. (George Russell), and others, and such women as Lady Gregory, Lady Charlotte Guest, etc., are doing much to interest the Irish in their own history and traditions by the preservation in a literary form of the old legends and beliefs of the people. Scotland, also, has the exquisite writings of Fiona MacLeod, who has led us to far-off dreaming isles and rock-bound coasts, and allowed those who have the vision to see into the heart of the Gael, and to dream his dream. A sympathetic study of her works, and Mr. Alexander Carmichael's *Carmina Gadelica*, in which he has translated and preserved old runes, incantations, records of old customs, etc., will surely bring about a closer understanding of the Scottish Gael, his feelings and his aspirations.

And has not Edward MacDowell, in his later style, given unique and beautiful expression in music to the Celtic spirit? Celtic Scotland and Ireland may well claim him, although born in America, as the one who has most artistically expressed the old poetic atmosphere. In his *Celtic Sonata*, one feels wrapped in the elemental atmosphere of the old heroic times, with all the largeness, and pathos, and tragedy of ancient loves and wars. One feels something in his music that is born of the Celtic past; he has allowed his race to speak clearly through him. It seems a long way from

Scottish folk-song to Edward MacDowell's art music; but would it be fanciful to go a little further and say that I believe that no sensitive musical temperament, nourished from childhood on the old Gaelic songs, and musically developed on art lines later, could ever find the works of the most modern French composers incomprehensible or unsympathetic? The tonal characteristics of such music, the spirit of it, could not seem new and strange to such an one, but would appeal to him as something familiar, home-like, near.

I have dwelt more upon the Celtic music of Scotland because it is much less known than the Lowland, and I think has more musical significance and relation to art development. In a book arranged to give a general idea of Scottish folk-song, the best known Lowland airs had also to be included, but I hope that some, when searching for old favorites, will now and again meet with

pleasant little surprises in these quaint old Gaelic songs, which surely they will come to love.

Very many widely different versions exist of all of the old Scottish melodies and verses, but I feel that the sources from which I have drawn present the best and most singable combinations. I should like to acknowledge the kindness of Mr. Alfred Moffat and his publishers, Messrs. Augener, who have permitted me to use many of his versions of the well-known airs and verses; also, the courtesy of Mr. Henry Whyte, of the *Celtic Lyre*, and Mr. Lachlan MacBean, of *Songs of the Gael*, who generously placed their Gaelic melodies and translations of verses at my disposal. My thanks are also due to Mr. Stronach, of the Advocates' Library, Edinburgh, for helping me to make acquaintance with many interesting old manuscripts and books bearing on the subject.

Boston, February, 1905.

Helen Hopekirk

*They sang those wailing old Scotch songs that set
The heart-strings all a-tremble for their harp;
In which melodious passion breaks its heart
For evermore.*

GERALD MASSEY

SEVENTY SCOTTISH SONGS



ADIEU, DUNDEE

CHARLES NEAVES

Air from Skene MS (1630)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Lento

VOICE PIANO

A - dieu, _ Dun - dee, from

Mary part - ed, Here nae mair my lot may be.

Wha can bear when brok-en - heart-ed, Scenes that speak o'

joys - gone by. A' - things ance were sweet and smil - ing

tenderly

In the light o' Mary's e'e, Fair - est seem - ings

rit.

a tempo

f

maist be - guil - ing Love, a - dieu! a - dieu, Dun - dee.

p very quietly

Like yon wa - ter

f

sf

p

f

soft - ly glid - ing, When the winds are laid to sleep;

f

p

cresc.

Such my life, when I con - fid-ing Gave to her my

cresc.

heart to keep. Like yon wa - ter wild - ly rush - ing

p rit.

When the north - wind stirs the sea, Such the change my

p rit.

f a tempo

heart now crush-ing, Love, a - dieu! a - dieu,_ Dun - dee.

f a tempo

rit.

AYE WAKIN; O!

First verse traditional
Second verse by ROBERT BURNS

Ancient Scottish Air^(*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Slowly and expressively

p

Slowly and expressively

VOICE

PIANO

p

1. Aye wak - in', O!
2. Aye wak - in', O!

p

p

Wak - in' aye, an' eer - ie, Sleep I can-na get For think - in' on my dear - ie,
Wak - in' aye, an' eer - ie, Sleep I can-na get For think - in' on my dear - ie,

p rit. *a tempo* *rit.*

Aye wak - in', O! Sure - ly night comes on, A' the lave are sleep-in', I
Aye wak - in', O! Spring's a pleas - ant time, Flow'r's o' ev - 'ry col - or, The

p rit. *a tempo* *rit.*

^{*)} Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

think on my bon - nie lad, An' bleer my een wi' greet - in'
 wa - ter rins owre the heugh, And I long for my lov - er,

mf

Aye wak - in' O! Wak - in' aye an' eer - ie, Sleep I can - na get For
 Aye wak - in' O! Wak - in' aye an' eer - ie, Sleep I can - na get For

p

f

think - in' on my dear - ie, Aye wak - in' O!
 think - in' on my dear - ie, Aye wak - in' O!

p rit.

p rit.

pp

A WEE BIRD CAM' TO OUR HA' DOOR

(WAE'S ME FOR PRINCE CHARLIE)

WILLIAM GLEN (1789-1826)

One of the versions of
Lady Cassilis Lilt (Skene MS)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Sadly and plaintively

VOICE

PIANO

1. A wee bird cam' to
2. Quoth I "My bird, my
3. "On hills that are, by

our ha' door, He war - bled sweet_ and clear - ly An'
bon-nie, bon-nie bird, Is that a sang ye bor - row, Are
right, his ain, He roves a lane - ly stran - ger. On

aye the o'er - come o' his sang Was "Wae's me for Prince
these some words ye've learnt by heart, Or a lilt o' dool and
ev - 'ry side he's press'd by want, On ev - 'ry side is"

cresc.

Char - lie!" Oh! when I heard the bon-nie, bon - nie bird, The
sor - row?" "Oh! no, no, no," the wee_ bird_ sang, "I've
dan - ger. Yes - treen I met him in _ a _ glen, My

cresc.

cresc.

tears cam' drap - pin' rare ly, I took my_ bon - net
flown sin' morn - in' ear ly, But sic a _ day o'
heart maist burst - it fair ly, For sad - ly_ chang'd in -

cresc.

p *espress.* *rit.*

off_ my_head, For weel I lo'ed Prince Char - lie.
wind and_ rain, Oh! wae's me for_ Prince Char - lie.
deed was_ he, Oh! wae's me for_ Prince Char - lie.

p *rit.* *a tempo*

slightly quicker

4. "Dark night came on,
5. But now the bird
the tem - some
saw pest red
pest roar'd, coats, An' he

o'er the hills and val - leys. An' where was't that your
shook his wings wi' an - ger, "Oh, this is no' a

Prince lay down, Wha's hame should been a pal - ace. He
land for me; I'll tar - ry here nae long - er!" He

row'd him in a High - land plaid, That cov - er'd him but
 hov - er'd on the wing a - while, Ere he de - part - ed

pp rit.

spare - ly. An' slept be - neath a bush - o' broom, Oh!
 fair - ly. But weel I mind the fare - weel strain, Was,

wae's me for_ Prince Char - lie!"
 "Wae's me for_ Prince Char - lie!"

pp

AILIE BAIN O' THE GLEN (EILIDH BHÀN)

From the Gaelic of
EVAN MAC COLL (The Lochfyne Bard)
Translated by Malcolm MacFarlane.

Air from the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Very marked and with freedom

f CHORUS

VOICE PIANO.

CHORUS

a tempo

Quick-ly come, my dear-ie.
I'd gangrhymin' craz-y. { Ai - lie Bain o' the glen, Bon-nie las-sie, win-some las-sie;

a tempo

f

p

Ai - lie Bain o' the glen, Wha' could help but lo'e her?

f

rit.

mf SOLO

3. On the cauld nichts tho' my plaid - ie Shel - ter'd us but spare - ly,
4. What tho' mon - ied cuifs en - deav - or Wi' their gowd tae lure ye;

mf

rit.

a tempo

Yet my part - in' frae be - side ye Seem'd tae come owre ear - ly.
True tae me yer heart beats ev - er; Ne'er shall they se - cure ye!

a tempo

CHORUS

A1 - lie Bain o' the glen, Bon-nie las - sie, win-some las - sie; Ai - lie Bain o' the glen,

Wha' could help but lo'e her?

ML-938-3

BALOOLOO, MY LAMMIE

Air from "Grieg's Minstrelsy"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Lady CAROLINA NAIRNE (1766-1845)

Crooning

VOICE

PIANO

1. Ba - loo - loo, my lam - mie, ba - loo - loo, my dear, Now
 2. Ba - loo - loo, my lam - mie, now ba - loo, my dear, Does

ba - loo - loo, lam - mie; ain min - nie is no here. What
 wee lam - mie ken that its dad-die's here? Ye're

ails my wee bairn - ie, what ails it this nicht? What
 rock - in' fu' sweet - ly on mam - mie's warm knee, But

pp

ails my wee bairn - ie, is bairn - ie no richt?
 dad - die's a - rock - in' up on the saut sea.

rit.

3. Now hush - a - ba, lam - mie; Now hush - a, my dear; Now
 4. Sing ba - loo, my lam - mie, Sing ba - loo, my dear; Sing

p a tempo

hush - a - ba, lam - mie, ain min - nie is here; The
 ba - loo, my lam - mie, ain min - nie is here; My

wild wind is rav - in; and mam - mie's heart's sair; The
 wee bairn - ie's doz - in' it's doz - in' now fine, And,

wild wind is rav - in' And ye din - na care.
 oh! may its wauk - in' be blyth - er than mine.

1. last time

BLYTHE, BLYTHE AND MERRY WAS SHE

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Old bagpipe tune*
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Gaily

VOICE PIANO

Blythe, blythe and

mer-ry was she, Blythe was she but and ben, Blythe by the banks o' Earn, And

blythe in Glen-tur-rit glen.

1. By Auch - ter - tyre there grows the aik, On
2. Her looks were like a flow'r in May, Her
3. The Hie - land hills I've wan - der'd wide, And

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

Yar - row banks the bir - ken - shaw; But Phe - mie was a
 smile was like a sim - mer morn; She trip - pit by the
 o'er the Low - lands I hae been; But Phe - mie was the

bon - nier lass, Than braes o' Yar - row ev - er saw.
 banks o' Earn, As licht's a bird up on a thorn.}
 blyth - est lass, That ev - er trod the dew - y green.)

CHORUS

Blythe, blythe and mer - ry was she, Blythe was she but and ben,

Blythe by the banks o' Earn, And blythe in Glen - tur-rit glen.

Repeat from §

BY THE STREAM SO PURE AND CLEAR
(SONG OF THE ISLE OF SAINT KILDA)

From "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Longingly

VOICE

PIANO

p

By the stream so

a tempo

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a rest followed by a melodic line. The second staff is for the piano, with dynamics 'p' and 'pp' and a 'rit.' marking. The third staff continues the piano accompaniment. The fourth staff begins with lyrics 'pure and clear, And through the caves where breez - es lan - guish'. The piano part continues with eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff begins with lyrics 'Sooth - ing still my ten - der an - guish, Hop - ing still to'. The piano part features sustained chords and eighth-note patterns. The sixth staff begins with lyrics 'find my lov - er, I have wan - der'd far - and near, O'. The piano part concludes with a dynamic 'p' and a 'rit.' marking.

f a tempo

where shall I — the youth dis - cov - er?

f a tempo

Keeps he in your breez - y shade, Ye rocks and moss and i - vy wav - ing,

On some bank where wild waves lav - ing Mur - mur through the twist - ed wil - low?

*pp tenderly**rit.*

On that bank, oh, were I laid, How soft should be — my lov - er's — pil - low!

*pp**rit.*

BY YON BONNIE BANKS

*) Traditional Scottish Ballad

Old Melody: source unknown
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Moderato

VOICE PIANO

By yon bon-nie banks and by

PIANO { *p* *mf*

Ld. * *Ld.* *

cresc.

yon bon-nie braes; Where the sun shines bright on Loch Lo - mond, Where

cresc.

p *rit.*

me and my true love were ev - er wont to gae, On the bon-nie, bon-nie banks o' Loch

p *rit.*

Ld. * *Ld.*

*) Lady John Scott has stated that she and Sir John picked up both words and air from a poor little boy, who was singing in the streets of Edinburgh.

a tempo

Lo - mond! O, ye'll tak' the high road, An' I'll tak' the low road, An'

marcato

p

I'll be in Scot - land a - fore ye; But me an' my true love will

rit.

Expressively

mp

nev-er meet a - gain On the bon-nie, bon-nie banks o' Loch Lo - mond! 'Twas

cresc.

f

there that we part-ed in yon shad-y glen, On the steepsteep side o' Ben Lo - mond, Where

dim.

in pur-ple hue the Hie-land hills we view, And the moon looks out frae the gloam - in'. O,

dim.

Led. *

a tempo

marcato

p

ye'll tak' the high road, an' I'll tak' the low road, an' I'll be in Scot-land a - fore ye: But

a tempo

rit.

me an' my true love will nev-er meet a-gain On the bon-nie, bon-nie banks o' Loch Lo-mond!

rit.

a tempo

The wild bird-ies sing and the wild flowers spring, And in sun-shine the wa-ters are

p

p

rit.

dim.

sleep-ing; But the brok-en heart it kens nae sec - ond spring, Tho' the

wae-fu' may cease frae their greet - in' O, ye'll tak' the high road, an'

dim.

a tempo

cresc.

p

I'll tak' the low road, An' I'll be in Scot - land a - fore ye; But

rit.

me an' my true love will nev-er meet a-gain, On the bon-nie, bon-nie banks o' Loch Lo-mond!

rit.

CAM' YE BY ATHOLL

JAMES HOGG (1770-1835)
(*The Ettrick Shepherd*)

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With spirit

VOICE PIANO

1. Cam' ye by Ath-oll,
2. I hae but ae son, my

lad wi' the phil - a - beg, Down by the Tum - mel, on banks of the Gar - ry,
gal - lant young Don - ald; But if I had ten they should fol - low Glen - gar - ry!

Saw ye our lads wi' their bon-nets and white cockades, Leav-ing their moun-tains To
Health to MacDon-nel and gal-lant clan Ron - ald For these are the men that will

fol - low Prince Char-lie?} Fol - low thee! fol - low thee! Wha wad - na fol - low thee?
die for their Char-lie!}

fa tempo

fz *sfa tempo* *sf* *sf*

Lang hast thou loved and trust-ed us fair - ly! Char - lie, Char - lie,

wha wad - na fol - low thee, King o' the High - land hearts, bon-nie Prince Char - lie.

3. I'll to Loch-iel and Ap - pin and kneel to them Down by Lord Mur - ray, and
4. Down through the Low-lands, down wi' the Whig - a - more, Loy - al true High - land - ers,

Roy of Kil - dar - lie; Brave Mac - in - tosh he shall fly to the field with them,
down wi' them rare - ly. Ron - ald and Don - ald, drive on, wi' the broadclay - more,

rit.

These are the lads I can trust wi' my Char - lie.) Fol - low thee, fol - low thee,
O - ver the reeks o' the foes o' Prince Char - lie.)

rit. - *sf a tempo* *sf*

wha wad-na fol - low thee? Langhast thou loved and trust - ed us fair - ly! Char - lie, Char - lie,

sf *sf sf*

wha wad - na fol - low thee, King o' the High - land hearts, bon - nie Prince Char - lie.

sf *sf sf*

COME, ALL YE JOLLY SHEPHERDS
(WHEN THE KYE COME HAME)

27

JAMES HOGG (1770-1835)
(*The Ettrick Shepherd*)

An old Border Air^(*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Rather quick, with freedom

PIANO

Ld. * Ld. *

1. Come, all ye jol - ly shep - herds, that whis - tle thro' the glen, I'll
2. There the black - bird biggs his nest for the mate he loves to see, And,

Ld. * Ld. *

accel. rit. dim. a tempo
tell ye o' a se - cret that cour-tiers din-na ken; What is the greatest bliss that the
up up-on the top-most bough, oh, hap - py bird is he! Then he pourshis melt-ing dit - ty, and

accel. rit. p a tempo

cresc. rit. a tempo
tongue o'man can name?" 'Tis to woo his bon-nie las-sie when the kye comes hame.} When the
love, 'tis a' the theme, An' he'll woo his bon-nie las-sie when the kye comes hame.

rit.

^(*)Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

kye come hame, when the kye come hame, 'Tween the gloam - in' and the mirk, when the

a tempo f

sf

p

Da. * Da. *

kye come hame.

rit.

mf

3. See — yon-der pawk-y shepherd that
4. Then since all na-ture joins in this

rit.

a tempo sf

mf

lin-gers on the hill, His ewes are in the fauld and his lambs are ly - in'still; Yet he
love with-out al-loy, Oh, wha would prove a trai - tor to na-ture's dear-est joy! Or

a tempo

rit.

rit.



COPE SENT A LETTER FRAE DUNBAR

(JOHNNIE COPE)

Old Scottish Air
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

VOCAL PART

Vigorously

PIANO PART

1. Cope sent a let - ter
 2. When Char lie look'd the
 3. Now, John-nie, be as

fræ Dun - bar: O Char - lie, meet me an' ye daur, And
 let-ter up - on, He drew his sword the scab - bard from: Come,
 gude's your word, Come, let us try baith fire and sword, And

I'll learn ye the art o' war, 'Gin ye'll meet me in the morn - ing.
 fol - low me, my mer - ry men, And we'll meet Cope in the morn - ing. Hey,
 din - na run like a fright-ed bird, That's chased fræ its nest in the morn - ing.

Mockingly

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the Voice, starting with a forte dynamic (f) and a tempo marking of 'Vigorously'. The middle staff is for the Piano, with dynamics 'sf' (sforzando) and a bass clef. The bottom staff continues the piano accompaniment. The vocal part has lyrics in parentheses. The piano part includes harmonic changes and a key signature change from B-flat major to G major. The score concludes with a piano ending marked 'sf'.

John-nie Cope, are ye wauk-in' yet? Or are your drums a - beat - in' yet? If

Lia * *Lia* *

rit. ye were wauk - in' I wad wait, To go to the couls i' the

rit. *a tempo*

morn - ing.

s.f. *s.f.* *s.f.*

Lia *

4. When John - nie Cope he heard of this, He
 5. Fye, John - nie now get up and rin, The
 6. When John - nie Cope to Ber - wick cam', They

thocht it wad - na be a miss To have a horse in
 High - land bag - pipes mak' a din; It's best to sleep in a
 speer'd at him, Where's a' your men?" The de'il con-found me,

Mockingly

read - i - ness To flee a - wa' i' the morn - ing,
 hale skin, For'twill be a bluid - y morn - ing Hey, John-nie Cope, are ye
 'gin I ken, For I left them a' i' the morn - ing

wauk - in' yet Or are your drums a - beat - in' yet: If

ye were wauk - in' I wad wait To go to the couls_i' the morn - ing.

CRO-CHALLAIN WOULD GIE ME

(COLIN'S CATTLE)

From the Old Gaelic
Translated by C. M. P.

Old Highland Melody
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With simplicity

VOICE

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the Voice, starting with a rest followed by a melodic line. The middle staff is for the Piano, featuring a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The bottom staff is also for the Piano, providing harmonic support with sustained notes and chords. The key signature is A major (three sharps), and the time signature is common time (indicated by '4'). The vocal part begins with a melodic line, and the piano accompaniment provides harmonic support throughout the piece.

PIANO

VOCAL LYRICS

1. Cro - Chal - lain would gie me, Sae can - nie and free Their
 2. Cro - Chal - lain wad gie me, Where ev - er they browse, Their

Piano Accompaniment

VOCAL LYRICS

milk on the hill - top When name's bye tae see. Cro -
 milk with - out fet - ter, A - mong the green knowes. Cro -

cresc.

Chal - lain are bon - nie, Cro - Chal - lain are -
 Chal - lain sae can - nie, In the heat o' the -

cresc.

braw, Like the wing o' the muir - hen Brown -
 day, They lie 'mang the heath - er, While their

2d.

spot - ted an' a'.
 calves 'round them play.

p

3 There's a load on my bos - om; There's a tear in my
 4 Nae sleep - in', nae sleep - in', Nae sleep - in' for

The musical score consists of four staves of music in G major, 2/4 time. The top two staves are for voices, and the bottom two are for piano. The lyrics are integrated into the vocal parts. The first section ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line. The second section begins with a dynamic marking 'p' (piano) and continues with lyrics about calves playing. The piano part features chords and some rhythmic patterns. The score is presented in a clear, legible font with standard musical notation including notes, rests, and dynamics.

ee; I am wae and for - toch - ten; There's nae
me Till they come that I'm seek - in, I maun

sleep - in' for me. *cresc.* Cro - Chal - lain are bon - nie, Cro -
ne'er close an ee. Cro - Chal - lain sae bon - nie, Cro -
cresc.

Chal - lain are braw; Like the wing o' the muir - hen Brown -
Chal - lain sae dear; They aye fill the milk - pail, What

spot - ted an' a.
braw calves they rear.

FAREWELL TO LOCHABER

(LOCHABER NO MORE)

ALLAN RAMSAY (1686 - 1758)

Old Highland Air
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Sadly

VOICE

PIANO

1. Fare - well to Loch - a - ber, Fare - well to my
 2. Tho' hur - ri - canes rise, And raise ev - 'ry
 3. Then glo - ry, my Jean, Maun plead my ex -

rit.

Jean, Where heart - some with thee I have mon - y days
 wind, They'll ne'er make a tem - pest like that in my
 curse; Since hon - our com - mands me, how can I re -

rit.

a tempo

been; For Loch - a - ber no more, Loch - a - ber no
 mind; Tho' loud - est of thun - ders on loud - er waves
 fuse? With - out it, I ne'er can have mer - it for

*Ld.**a tempo*

more, We'll may - be re - turn to Loch - a - ber no
 roar, That's nae - thing like leav - ing my love on the
 thee, And los - ing thy fav - our I'd bet - ter not

rit.

more. These tears that I shed they are a' for my dear, And
 shore. To leave thee be hind me my heart is sore pain'd, But by
 be. I gae then, my lass, to win hon - our and fame, And

a tempo

cresc.

no for the dan - gers at - tend - ing on_ weir; Tho' bore on rough
ease that's in - glor - ious no fame can be gain'd; And beau - - ty and
if I should chance to come glo-ri-ous - ly hame, I'll bring a

cresc.

seas to a far blood-y shore, May - be to re - turn to Loch-
love's the re ward of the brave, And I maun de - serve it be -
heart to thee with love run-ning o'er, And then I'll leave thee and Loch-

a - ber no more.
fore I can crave.
a - ber no more.

p rit.

p rit.

pp rit.

FAR OVER YON HILLS

(FLORA MACDONALD'S LAMENT)

39

JAMES HOGG (1770-1885)
(The Ettrick Shepherd)

Air by NIEL GOW *
 Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

VOICE Plaintively

PIANO

1. Far o - ver yon hills o' the
 2. The moor-cock that crows on the
 3. The tar - get is torn from the

p

rit.

a tempo

heath - er sae - green, — And down by the cor - rie that sings - by the sea, The
 brows o' Ben - Con - nal, He kens o' his bed in a sweet moss-y hame; The
 arm of the just, — The hel - met is cleft on the brow - of the brave, The

bon - nie young Flo - ra sat sigh - ing her - lane, — The
 ea - gle that soars on the cliffs o' Clan Ron - ald, Un -
 clay - more for ev - er in dark - ness must rust, — But

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
 by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

rit.

dew on her plaid, an' the
aw'd and un-hunt-ed his
red is the sword of the

tear-in her e'e. She
ey-rie can claim. The
stranger and slave. The

look'd at a boat wi' the
so-lan can sleep on the
hoof of the horse and the

breez - es that swung,
shelf of the shores;
foot of the proud,

A - way on the waves like a
The cor - mo - rant roost on his
Have trode o'er the plumes on the

bird on the main;— An' ay as it les - sen'd she sigh'd as she sung, "Fare -
rock of the sea;— But ah! there is one whose hard fate I de - plore, Nor
bon - net of blue;— Why slept the red bolt in the breast of the cloud When

rit. p

a tempo

f marcato

a tempo

p

rit.

1. & 2.

last time

a tempo

p

rit.

FLOW GENTLY, SWEET AFTON

(AFTON WATER)

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Composer of air unknown^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Tenderly and tranquilly

p

VOICE PIANO

Burns sent the air with his poem to Johnson for the "Scot's Museum."

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"

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ML-952-4

mur - mur - ing - stream, — Flow gen - tly, sweet Af - ton, dis -
 scream - ing for - bear, — I charge you, dis - turb not my —

turb not her dream.
 slum - ber - ing fair. 3. How

loft - y, sweet Af - ton, thy neigh - bour - ing hills — Far

mark'd with the cours - es of sweet wind - ing rills! There

cresc.

dai - ly I wan - der as morn ris - es high, My

cresc.

rit.

a tempo

flocks and my Ma - ry's sweet cot in my eye.

a tempo

p

4. Flow gen - tly, sweet Af - ton, a -

p

p

mong thy green braes, Flow gen - tly, sweet ...

p

rit.

riv - er, the theme of my lays; My —

Mary's a - sleep by thy mur - mur - ing —

rit. stream, — Flow gen - tly sweet Af - ton, dis -

rit. turb not her dream.

rit. *pp*

GIN A BODY MEET A BODY (COMIN' THRO' THE RYE)

ROBERT BURNS (1759 - 1796)

Old Scottish Air
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Naively

VOICE

PIANO

p

ten.

rit.

1. Gin a bod - y meet a bod - y Com - in' thro' the rye,
 2. Gin a bod - y meet a bod - y Com - in' frae the well,
 3. Gin a bod - y meet a bod - y Com - in' frae the toun,

p

rit.

pp

a tempo

cresc.

p rit.

Gin a bod - y kiss a bod - y, Need a bod - y cry?
 Gin a bod - y kiss a bod - y, Need a bod - y tell?
 Gin a bod - y greet a bod - y, Need a bod - y gloom?

rit.

pp

f a tempo

Il - ka las-sie has her lad-die, Nane they say ha'e I; Yet
 Il - ka las-sie has her lad-die, Ne'er a ane ha'e I; But
 Il - ka las-sie has her lad-die, Nane they say ha'e I; But

f

rit. dim.

a tempo

cresc.

a' the lads they smile to me, When com-in' thro' the rye.
 a' the lads they smile on me, When com-in' thro' the rye.
 a' the lads they lo'e me weel, And what the waur am I?

a tempo

p

rit.

pp

mf a tempo

p a tempo

HAME, HAME, HAME!

Original Version
by ALLAN CUNNINGHAM (1784-1842)

Old Air^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

VOICE Yearningly

PIANO

Hame, hame,hame,O— hame fainwad I be,—

cresc.

Hame, hame,hame, to my ain coun-trie!There's an eye that ev-er weeps, and a

L.H.

cresc.

fair face will be fain, As I pass thro' An-nan wa-ter wi my bon-nie bands a-gain;When the

f L.H.

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

flow'r is in the bud, and the leaf up-on the tree, The lark shall sing me hame to my

ain coun-trie.

Hame, hame,hame,O —

L.H.

p

La.

* La. *

* La. *

cresc.

hame fain_ wad I be — Hame, hame, hame to my ain coun - trie! The green

cresc.

p

L.H.

cresc.

leaf o' loy-al-tie is be - gin-ning for to fa', And the bon-nie white rose it is

cresc.

f enthusiastically

with-er-ing and a! But I'll wa - ter't wi' the bluid o' u - surp-ing tyr - an - nie, And

f

L.H.

green_ it will grow in my ain coun - trie.

L.H.

pp

Hame, hame,_hame, O hame fain_ wad I be,

pp

3

p sadly

Hame, hame, hame to my ain coun - triel The great now are gane, a' who

rit. *cresc.*

ven-tur'd for to save, And the new-grass is grow-ing a - bove their bluid-y grave, But the

sun in the mirk blinks blythe in my e'ee, I'll

mf

shine on ye yet in yer ain coun - trie.

L.H. *p* *pp*

HEAVY THE BEAT OF THE WEARY WAVES

(OLD DIRGE FROM THE ISLE OF MULL)

Air: "An cronan Muillach"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Mournfully

PIANO

The musical score consists of five staves of music. The top staff is for the piano, marked 'Mournfully' and 'PIANO'. It features a treble clef, a bass clef, and a common time signature. The vocal parts begin on the second staff, marked 'mp' (mezzo-forte). The lyrics are: 'Heav - y the beat of the wear - y waves, Fall - ing fall - ing'. The third staff continues the piano accompaniment, also marked 'mp'. The lyrics continue: 'o'er and o'er up - on the rock-y shore, When he comes no more, a -'. The fourth staff continues the piano accompaniment, marked 'pp' (pianissimo). The lyrics continue: 'las! no more. Och-one! Ev - - er more, Och -'. The fifth staff concludes the piano accompaniment, marked 'sf' (sforzando) and 'dim.' (diminuendo).

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrels of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

one. Tears of de - spair from the

p

weep - ing sky, Fall - ing to the earth be-neath, And o'er ³ the gloom-y

pp

heath Hangs a mist - y pall of death, of death! Och-one! Ev -

rit.

- - er more, Och - one!

rit. *p a tempo*

HUSH-A-BY, DARLING

The verses by Lachlan MacBean
are relics of an old Lochaber Lullaby

Ancient Lochaber Lullaby
from "Songs of the Gael"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Tenderly

VOICE PIANO

1. Hush - a - by, darl - ing, and
2. Lul - la - by, lit - tle one,

hush - a - by, dear O, Hush - a - by, dar - ling will yet be a he - ro,
bon - nie wee ba - by, He'll be a he - ro, and fight for us may - be;

Nonewill be big - ger or brav - er or strong - er Lul - la - by, lit - tle one,
Cat - tle and hors - es and sheep.will his prey be, None will be bold - er or

rit. dim.

cry - ing no long - er.
brav - er than ba - by.

a tempo

rit. dim.

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p a tempo

3. Soft - ly and si - lent - ly eye - lids are clos - ing, Dear - est wee
 4. Plac - id - ly, peace - ful - ly, slum - ber has bound him, An - gels are

a tempo

jew - el, so gen - tly he's doz - ing; Soft - ly he's rest - ing, by
 lov - ing - ly watch-ing a - round him; Beau - ti - ful spir - its, his

dim. *rit.*

slum - ber o'er - tak - en, Sound - ly he's sleep - ing, and sweet - ly he'll
 sor - row be - guil - ing, Sweet - ly they whis - per, and ba - by is

rit.

wak - en.
 smil - ing.

a tempo *pp rit.* *pp*

HUSH YE, MY BAIRNIE

(CAGARAN GAOLACH)

Old Gaelic (Lochaber) Lullaby
Translated by Malcolm Mac Farlane

From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Andantino

VOICE

Hush ye, my bairn - ie, my bon - nie wee lad - die,

PIANO

p

* *Ld.* * *Ld.* *

When ye're a man ye shall fol - low your dad - die; Lift me a coo, And a

rit.

goat and a weth - er, Bring - ing them hame to yer min - nie the-gith - er.

rit.

Ld. *


 A musical score for a voice and piano. The vocal part is in soprano clef, and the piano part is in bass clef. The music is in common time, with various dynamics like *p*, *p a tempo*, and *rit.* The lyrics are written below the notes. The piano part includes chords and some rhythmic patterns.

Hush ye, my bairn - ie my
p a tempo

bon - nie wee lam - mie; Routh o' guid things ye shall
p a tempo

bring tae yer mam - mie; Hare frae the mea - dow, and
rit. *p a tempo*

deer frae the moun - tain, Grouse frae the muir - lan', and

trout frae the foun - tain.
rit.

Hush ye, my bairn - ie, my bon - nie wee dear - ie, Sleep! come and close the een
pp

heav - y and wear - ie; Closed are the wear - ie een, rest ye are tak - in'
rit. *ppp*

Sound be yer sleep - in', and bright be yer wak - in'.

I CLIMB THE MOUNTAINS

(FHIR A BHÀTA)

59

*Translated from the Gaelic
by Lachlan MacBean*

Old Gaelic Air
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Rather slow and steadily

PIANO

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is for the piano, marked 'PIANO' and 'Rather slow and steadily'. It features a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time signature (3/4). The piano part includes dynamic markings like *f*, *mf*, *p*, and *cresc. sf*. The lyrics are integrated into the vocal line, which is the second staff from the top. The lyrics are as follows:

1. I climb the moun - tain and scan the o - cean, For thee, my
 2. From pass - ing boat - men I'd fain dis - cov - er If they have

boat - man, with fond de - vo - tion; When shall I see thee? to - day? to -
 heard of, or seen my lov - er; They nev - er tell me; I'm on - ly

mor - row? O! do not leave me in lone - ly sor - row. } O my
 chid - ed, And told my heart has been sore mis guid - ed. }

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boat - man, na hó - ro ei - le, O my boat - man, na hó - ro ei - le, O my

f

boat - man, na hó - ro ei - le, Joy a - wait thee when-e'er thou sail-est!

cresc. sf

Pd.

3. My lov - er pro - mis'd to bring his la - dy A silk - en
 4. I may not hide it my heart's de - vo - tion Is not a
 5. My heart is wear - y with cease - less wail - ing Like wound - ed

gown and a tar - tan plaid - ie A ring of gold which would show his
 sea - son's brief e - mo - tion; Thy love in child-hood be - gan to
 swan when her strength is fail - ing Her notes of an - guish the lake a -

sf

sem - blance; But oh! I fear me for his re - mem - brance,
 seize me, And ne'er shall fade un - til death re - lease me. } O, my
 wak - en, By all her com - rades at last for - sak - en.
Lia

boat - man, na hó - ro ei - le, O my boat - man, na hó - ro
f

ei - le, O my boat - man, na hó - ro ei - le, — Joy a -
f.
cresc. sf
Lia

wait thee when - e'er thou sail - est!

I LEFT MY DARLING LYING HERE

(A FAIRY LULLABY)

(AN COINEACHAN)

Old Gaelic Verses
Translated by Lachlan MacBean

From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Very simply

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the VOICE, starting with a rest. The second measure begins with a dotted half note followed by eighth notes. The third measure starts with a quarter note. The fourth measure has a dynamic of *mp*. The lyrics begin in the second measure: "1. I left my dar - ling ly - ing here, a -". The piano part starts in the second measure with a dynamic of *p*, featuring eighth-note chords. The third measure has a dynamic of *mp*. The lyrics continue in the fourth measure: "2. I found the track of the swan on the lake, the". The middle section continues with the voice singing the first line and the piano providing harmonic support. The lyrics "ly - ing here, a - ly - ing here, I left my dar - ling ly - ing here, To swan on the lake, the swan on the lake, I found the track of the swan on the lake, But" are repeated. The bottom staff is for the PIANO, showing harmonic progression and bassline. The final section starts with the voice singing "go and gath-er bla-ber-ries. not the track of ba - by, O!" and the piano providing harmonic support. The lyrics end with "I've I". The piano part concludes with a dynamic of *p* and eighth-note chords.

* Sung by a mother whose child was stolen by the fairies.

mf

found the wee brown ot - ter's track, the ot - ter's track, the ot - ter's track, I've
found the track of the yel - low fawn, the yel - low fawn, the yel - low fawn, I

mf

p rit.

p rit.

found the wee brown ot - ter's track But ne'er a trace o' ba - by, O!
found the track of the yel - low fawn But could not trace my ba - by, O!

p rit.

mp

a tempo

3. I

found the trail of the moun - tain mist, the moun - tain mist, the moun - tain mist; I

a tempo

found the trail of the moun - tain mist, But ne'er a trace of
p rit.

a tempo

ba - by, O! Hó - van, Hó - van Gor - ry òg O,
a tempo

Gor - ry òg O, Gor - ry òg O, Hó - van, Hó - van,

rit.

Gor - ry òg O, I've lost my dar - ling ba - by, O.
rit.

I'M WEARIN' AWA', JEAN

(THE LAND O' THE LEAL)

The original poem by
Lady Carolina Nairne (1766-1845)
(Robert Burns' version)

A version of an old air
"Hey, tuttie, tattie"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With pathos

VOICE

PIANO

1. I'm wear - in' a - wa', Jean, Like snaw-wreaths in thaw, Jean, I'm
2. To me ye hae been true, Jean, Your task's end - ed noo, Jean, For

wear - in; a - wa', To the land o' the leal. There's
near kythes my view O' the land o' the leal. Our

cresc.

nae sor - row there, Jean, There's nei - ther cauld nor care, Jean, The
bon - nie bairn's there, Jean, She was baith gude and fair, Jean, And,

p *rit.*

day's aye fair I' the land o' the leal. _____
oh! we grudg'd her sair To the land o' the leal. _____

pp *rit.* *a tempo*

* La. * La. *

With animation *mf*

3. But dry that tear-fu' ee Jean,Grieve

mf

* La. * La. *

cresc.

na for her and me, Jean, Frae sin and sor - row free I' the

cresc.

land o' the leal. Now fare ye weel, my ain Jean! This warld's cares are

poco

p

poco

dim.

pp *rit.*

vain, Jean, We'll meet and aye be fein I' the land o' the leal.

dim.

rit.

I WISH I WERE WHERE HELEN LIES

(FAIR HELEN OF KIRKCONNEL)

Old Ballad

Ancient Air^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Voice Sadly

Piano

wish I were where Hel-en lies, For night and day on me she cries, O!

that I were where Hel-en lies, On fair Kirk - con-nel Lea!

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

f accel.

Cursed be the heart that thought the thought And

rit.

cursed the hand that fired the shot When in my arms burd Hel-en dropt, And

rit.

dim. a tempo p

died to suc - cor me. But

dim. pp

think-na ye my heart was sair When my love dropt down and spake nae mair There

p a tempo

did she swoon wi' mei - kle care On fair Kirk - con - nel

Lea.

longingly

wish I were where Hel - en lies, For night and day on me she cries, And

I am wear - y— of the skies For her sake that died for me.

JOHN ANDERSON, MY JO, JOHN

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Ancient Melody^(*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Quietly and tenderly

29

A musical score for two voices. The top voice part starts with a dynamic 'p' and consists of a single measure with four eighth notes. The lyrics 'John An-der-sen, my' follow. The bottom voice part begins with a dynamic 'p' and consists of a single measure with four eighth notes. The lyrics 'Posses' follow. The music is written on a five-line staff.

jo, John, When we were first a - quent; Your locks were like the ra - ven, Your

A musical score page showing two measures of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 11 starts with a dotted half note followed by a quarter note. Measure 12 starts with a half note. Both measures feature various rhythmic patterns including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests.

bon - nie brow was brent; But now your brow is beld, John, Your locks are like the

A musical score page showing two staves of music. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves have four measures. Measure 11 starts with a forte dynamic (F) and consists of eighth-note chords. Measure 12 begins with a dynamic of 8. Measures 11 and 12 conclude with a fermata over the final chord. The score includes various rests, including a double bar line with repeat dots and a common time signature.

snow, But blessings on your frost-y pow, John An-der-sen, my jo!

rit.

rit

^{*)}Formerly used as a Roman Catholic Church Melody in Scotland before the Reformation.

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ML-962 - 2

mp

John An-der-son, my jo, John, We clamb the hill the -

a tempo

mf

*Lia **

cresc.

gith-er And mo-ny a can-ty day, John, We've had wi' ane an-

cresc.

dolce

ith-er Now we maun tot-ter down, John, But hand in hand we'll

p

sempr dim. e rit.

go; And sleep the-gith-er at the foot, John An-der-son, my jo.

sempr dim. e rit.

MAXWELLTON BRAES ARE BONNIE

(ANNIE LAURIE)

Verses and Melody
by Lady JOHN SCOTT
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply

VOICE

p

1. Max-well-ton braes are bon-nie Where ear-ly fa's the dew, And it's
2. Her brow is like the snaw-drift, Her neck is like the swan, Her

cresc.

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

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ML-963-3

me her prom - ise true, Which ne'er for - got will be, And for
e'er the sun shone on, And dark blue is her e'e, And for

rit.
bon - nie An - nie Lau - rie, I'd lay me doon an'
bon - nie An - nie Lau - rie, I'd lay me doon an'

dim.

dee.
dee.

a tempo

p

3. Like dew on the gow - an ly - ing Is the fa' o' her fair - y —

p

pp

feet; And like winds in sum - mer sigh - ing Her

p

voice is low and sweet; Her voice is low and sweet, She's

a' the world to me, And for bon - nie An - nie Lau - rie, Id

rit.

lay me doun an' dee.

MY BROWN-HAIRED MAIDEN

(MO NIGHEAN DONN, BHÒIDHEACH)

Veres from the Gaelic
Translated by Lachlan MacBean

Old Gaelic Melody
From "Songs of the Gael"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Moderato

VOICE

PIANO

1. Ho - ro, my brown-haired
2. Though far from thee I'm
3. Thy smile is bright-est,

maid - en, Hee - ree, my bon - nie maid - en, My sweet - est, neat - est
rang - ing, My love is not es - strang - ing, My heart is still un -
pur - est, Best, kind - li - est, de - mur - est, With which thou still al -

maid - en, I'll wed none but thee. O maid, whose face was
chang - ing, And aye true to thee. O, blest was I when
lur - est My heart's love to thee. Where High - land hills are

fair - - - est, The beau - ty that thou bear - - est, Thy
 near thee, To see thee and to hear - - thee, These
 swell - - - ing, My dar - ling has her dwell - - ing, A

witch - ing smile, the rar - - est, Are ev - - - er with me.
 mem' ries still en - - dear thee For - ev - - - er to me.
 fair wild rose ex - - cel ling In sweet - - ness is she.

After 3^d verse

Ho - ro, my brown-haired maid - en, Hee - ree, my bon-nie maid - en, My

sweet - est, neat - est maid - en, I'll wed none but thee.

MY LOVE, SHE'S BUT A LASSIE YET

JAMES HOGG (1770-1835)
(*The Ettrick Shepherd*)

Old Scottish Air*
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With spirit and delicacy

VOICE

PIANO

rit. a tempo rit. a tempo

Love, she's but a las-sie yet, A— light-some love-ly las-sie yet, It—

rit. a tempo

scarce wad do to sit and woo, Down by the stream sae glass-y yet. But—

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrels of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

f

there's a braw time com-in' yet, When we may gang a - roam-in' yet, An'

Ld * Ld *

Ld *

Ld *

rit.

hint wi' glee O' joys to be, When fa's the mod-est gloam-in' yet.

rit.

pa tempo

Ld * Ld *

Ld *

She's

nei-ther proud nor sau-cy yet, She's nei-ther plump nor gau-cy yet; But

mp

just a jink - in', Bon-nie blink-in', Hil - ty - skil - ty las - sie yet. But

O! her art - less smile's mair sweet, Than hin - ny or than mar-ma - lete, An'

right or wrang E'er it be lang, I'll bring her to a par-ley yet.

I'm

expressively

jeal-ous o' what bless - es her, The ver - y breeze that kiss - es her: The

p

La * La *

rit. a tempo

flow - ry beds on which she treads, Tho' wae_ for_ ane that miss - es her. Then

rit. b- a tempo

La *

O! to meet my las - sie yet, Up_ in that glen so grass-y yet, For_

rit.

all I see are nought to me Save her_ that's but a las - sie yet.

rit. a tempo

La

MY LOVE TO MY BRIDE

(FAIR YOUNG MARY)

(MÀIRI BHÀN OG)

From the Gaelic of D (Bàn) McIntyre^{*}
Translated by Lachlan MacBean

Melody from "Songs of the Gael"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Gently and not too slowly (about $\text{♩} = 69$) **p**

VOICE

PIANO

1. My love to my bride with
2. Where wood-lands are green with

dear trees ca - ress-es, And pride,
well nour-ish'd, A scene shall ev - er be
of beau - ty to shown, _____ Each
view, _____ I

vir - tue most rare her soul pos - sess-es, And fair and sweet has she
found with de - light one stem that flour-ish'd, Of bright and beau - ti - ful

* To his newly wedded wife.

a tempo

grown. _____ hue: _____ My thoughts used to rove in boy - ish fol - ly Ere
That bough from a - bove, de - sir - ing great-ly, With

ev - er her love I had known, _____ But now I'm her own, my
love un - to me I drew; _____ None else could have mov'd that

rit.

heart tree is whol - ly My dar - ling's a - lone, a - lone.
so state - ly 'Twas on - ly for me that it grew.

R.H.
3

pp rit. 3 L.H.

MY OWN DEAR ONE'S GONE

(DH' FHALBH MO LEANNAN FHEÍN)

From the Gaelic of "Fionn" (Henry Whyte)
Translated by A. M. Rose

Old Gaelic Air
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Mournfully

VOICE

PIANO

rit.

a tempo

p

Naught re-main'd but sad-ness; Till thou come a-gain I can ne'er know glad-ness.
 Pierc-ing like an ar-row, That be-neath the wave Sleeps "my win-some mar-row."

rit.

My own dear one's gone.
 My own dear one's gone.

p

rit.

after 2nd verse

Sad the tale to me; Need I long-er tar-ry? Death, to rest, and thee,

p

rit.

Soon my soul will car-ry. My own dear one's gone!

rit.

rit.

MY BROWN MAID

(MO NIGHEAN DONN)

From the Gaelic
Translated by C.M.P.

Air from the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With spirit ($\text{♩} = 84$)

VOICE

PIANO

CHORUS

Sing-ing hó, ro-va hó

SOLO

The solo always somewhat slower and as if spoken, in free time

Let's be go-ing, Mo neen donn. 'Tis time to go home-ward Far too long was my

CHORUS

so - journ Mo neen donn. Sing-ing hó ro-va hó Let's be go-ing Mo neen donn.

L.H.

$\text{♩} = 84$

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SOLO

Roll the crest-ed waves hoar-y to the shore with weird moan - ing Mo

Lia.

CHORUS

fa tempo >

neen donn. Sing-ing hó, ro - va hó, Let's be go - ing Mo neen donn.

L.H.

*

SOLO

In the woods the sweet sing-ers un - der wing their heads stow them Mo

CHORUS

*rit.**p* >

neen donn. Sing-ing hó, ro - va hó, Let's be go - ing Mo neen donn.

rit.

a tempo >

SOLO *mp*

In the land of old Os-sian, my sad loss I'm de - plor - ing Mo neen donn.

CHORUS *a tempo*

Sing-ing hó, ro - va hó Let's be go - ing Mo neen donn.

SOLO *very slowly*

Where I left her, my dear one, my own peer-less a - dor'd one Mo neen donn.

CHORUS *f a tempo*

Sing-ing hó, ro - va hó Let's be go - ing Mo neen donn.

MY PRETTY MARY

(MÀIRI BHÒIDHEACH)

From Sinclair's "Oranaiche"
Translated by C. M. P.

Old Melody of the Hebrides
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Ardently

VOICE PIANO

1. My pret-ty Ma - ry, my love - ly
2. Could I but so - journ with thee

p

Ma - ry, O who can meas - ure the love I bear thee? My charm-ing
on - ly, In some green glen, — se - cure and lone - ly, Then nei - ther

rall. a tempo

Ma - ry, I great-ly fear me, A-way from thee there is nought can cheer me. In storm or
glo - ry, fame, nor trea-sure Could ev - er bring me half such pleas-ure. Thy ab-sence

rall. a tempo

sun - shine, wher - e'er I wan - der, My wont is on thy charms to
has _____ of joy be - reft me, And nought but sor - - row now is

pon - der; Thy im - age ris - - es up be - fore me, And throws love's
left me; From day to day 'tis sigh - ing, pin - ing, For thy sweet

witch - - ing gla - mour o'er me.
face like a sun - beam shin - ing.

D.S.

3. Who ev - er saw thee but felt thy pow - er? Of Beau - ty's

L.H.

p

handmaids thou art the flow-er; And sense and worth, all else ex - cel - ling, With - in thy

rall. *a tempo*

vir - tu - ous mind are dwell - ing. O ne'er may e - vil chance come

rall. *a tempo*

near thee, With grief or gloom - y doubts to fear thee, But pleas-ant hopes and mus - ings

thine be, To cheer the days un-til thou mine be.

L.H.

NAE MAIR WE'LL MEET AGAIN

Highland Melody: "Robi donna Gorach"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Sorrowfully

VOICE

PIANO

1. Nae mair we'll meet a-gain, my love, by yon burnside, Nae
 2. Yet mem'-ry oft will fond-ly brood, on yon burnside, O'er
 3. Now far re-mov'd from ev'-ry care, 'boon yon burnside, Thou

mair we'll wan-der thro' the grove, by yon burn-side; Ne'er a - gain the ma - vis' lay Will we
 haunts which we sae aft hae trod, by yon burn-side; Still the walk wi' me thou'l share, Tho thy
 bloom'st, my love, an an - gel fair, 'boon yon burn-side; And, if an-gels pit - y know, Sure the

hail at close of day, For we ne'er a-gain will stray doun by yon burn-side.
 foot can nev - er mair Bend to earth the gow - an fair, doun by yon burn-side.
 tear for me will flow, Who must lin - ger here be - low, doun by yon burn-side.

"Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
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ML-970-1

O'ER COOLIN'S FACE THE NIGHT IS CREEPING

(MACCRIMMON'S LAMENT)

*Translated from the Gaelic
by Lachlan MacBean*

From "Songs of the Gael"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Slowly and sadly

VOICE

1. O'er Cool - in's face the night is creep-ing, The
2. The breeze of the bens is gen-tly blow-ing, The
3. Its dir-ges of woe the sea_ is sigh-ing, The

PIANO

ban - shee's wail is round us sweep - ing; Blue eyes in Duin are
brooks in the glens are soft - ly flow - ing; Where boughs their dark - est
boat un - der sail un - mov'd is ly - ing; The voice of the waves in

dim_ with weep - ing Since thou_ art gone and ne'er_ re - turn - est.
shades are throw - ing, Birds mourn for thee who ne'er_ re - turn - est.
sad - ness dy - ing Say, thou art a - way and ne'er_ re - turn - est.

*The verses were written on the departure of Donald MacCrimmon, piper to the MacLeods, in the year 1745 by his sister; the melody was composed for the same occasion.

CHORUS

with emphasis

No more, no more, no more re - turn-ing, In peace nor in war is

Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. *

he re - turn-ing; Till dawns the great day of doom and burn-ing, Mac -

Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. *

rit.

Crim - mon is home no more re - turn-ing.

rit.

a tempo

Ld. * Ld. * Ld. * Ld. *

p

4. We'll see no more Mac - Crim-mon's re - turn - ing In peace nor in war is

p

cresc.

he — re - turn - ing Till dawns the great day of woe — and burn - ing, For

cresc.

dim. rit.

him,— for him there's no — re - turn - ing.

rit.

OH, CHARLIE IS MY DARLING

Lady CAROLINA NAIRNE (1766-1845)

Old Melody *)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With spirit

VOICE PIANO

Oh, Charlie is my dar - ling, my

dar - ling, my dar - ling! Char - lie is my dar - ling, the young Che - va - lier.

1.'Twas on a Mon-day morn - ing Right ear - ly in the year, When
 2. As he cam' march-in' up the street, The pipes play'd loud and clear;
 3. Wi' Hie-land bon-nets on their heads, And clay-mores bright and clear; They

*) Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London



Char - lie is my dar - ling, my dar - ling, my dar - ling! Char - lie is my dar - ling, the

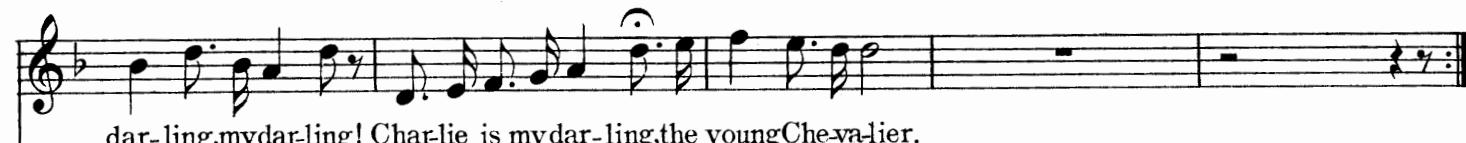
young Che - va - lier.



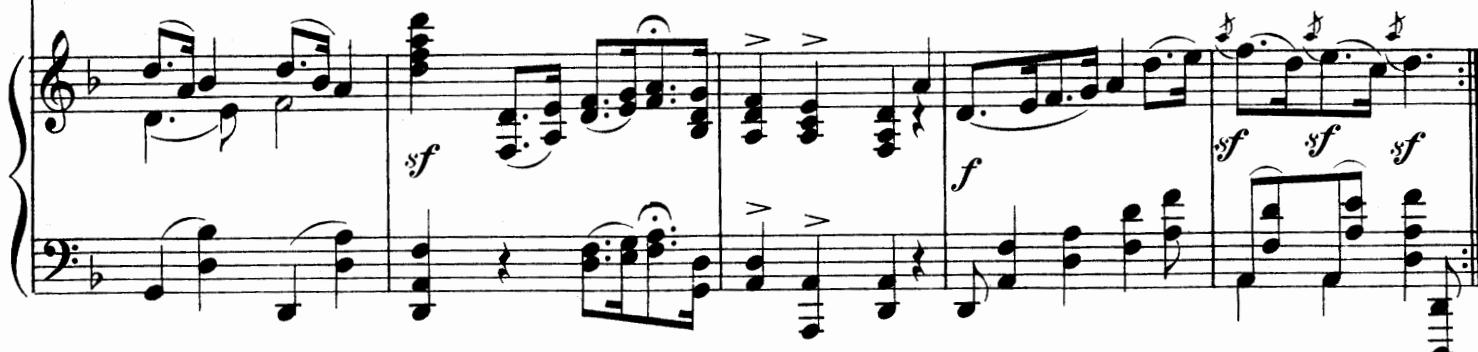
4. They've left their bon - nie Hie - land hills, Their wives and bairn - ies dear, To
 5. Oh, there were mon - y beat - ing hearts, And mon - y hope and fear, And



draw the sword for Scot - land's lord, The gay Che - va - lier. } Oh, Char - lie is my dar - ling, my
 mon - y were the pray'r's put up For the young Che - va - lier. }



dar - ling, my dar - ling! Char - lie is my dar - ling, the young Che - va - lier.



O HEARKEN, AND I WILL TELL YOU HOW
(SCOTTISH WEDDING)

99

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

West of Scotland Melody^(*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Gaily and with spirit

mp

PIANO

sf

heark-en, and I will tell you how Young Muir - land Wil-lie cam'
his gray yade as he did ride, Wi' dirk and pis - tol
woo - er, sin' ye're light - ed down, Where do ye won, or

here to woo, Tho' he could nei - ther say nor do, The
by his side, He prick'd her on wi' meik - le pride, Wi'
in what town? I think my doch - ter win - na gloom On

rit *a tempo*

rit.

^{*)} Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland" by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

truth I tell to you. But aye he cries "What -
 meik - le mirth and glee. Out owre yon moss, out
 sic a lad as ye." The woo - er he stepp'd

a tempo

rit.

e'er be - tide Mag - gie I'se hae to be my bride,")
 owre yon muir, Till he cam to her dad - die's door, } With a
 up the house, And wow but he was won - drous crouse,

a tempo

fal - da - ra, fal - la - la - da - ra, la - fal - la - la - da - ra - la!

sf *a tempo*

sf

4. The maid - en blush'd, and bing'd fu' law She had na will to say him na, But
 5. The brid - al day it cam' to pass,Wi' mon-y a blythesome lad - and lass; But

mp

mp

to her dad - die she left it a' As they twa could a - gree. — The
 sic a day — there nev - er was, Sic mirth was nev - er seen. — This

rit. *a tempo*

lov - er gie'd her then a kiss, Syne ran to her dad-die and tell'd him this, {With a
 win some cou - ple strak - ed hands,Mess John tied up — the mar-riage bands,

fal - da - ra, fal - lal - da - ra, la - fal - lal - da - ra, lal - da - ra - la! —

sf a tempo

a tempo sf

1. > 2.

OCH, OCH, MAR THA MI!

(THE ISLAY MAIDEN)

*Translated from the Gaelic
by Thomas Pattison (1828-1865)*

Ancient Melody of Islay
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

PIANO { Sadly

1. Och, och, mar tha mi! mi! here so lone - ly, De - spair has
2. When sleep-ing sweet - ly the rest are ly - ing, Wild dreams of

p a tempo

seized me and keeps his hold, Oh, were I near thee in Is - lay
an - guish my mind is weav - ing I'm like the swan that drops wound-ed,-

on - ly, Be - fore thou'st tak - en that man for gold.
dy - ing; My love ex - hausts me with bit - ter griev - ing.

3. A - las, thy
4. Since thou hast

rit.

a tempo

A musical score for 'The Minstrel' in common time. The top staff uses a treble clef and consists of two measures. The first measure contains six eighth notes. The second measure starts with a quarter note followed by three eighth notes. The lyrics for this section are: 'kind left eye, so bright - ly shin - ing; Thy neck so come - ly like ca-nach'. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and consists of three measures. The first measure has four eighth notes. The second measure has four eighth notes. The third measure has four eighth notes. The lyrics for this section are: 'left me, and with - out warn - ing, A - las, and tak - en a man for'.

blow - ing; Those eb - on gold! Had I been by thee, false wis - dom scorning, Thy - self, my

rit.

ber - ries or row - ans blow - ing.
dear one, thou had'st not sold.

rit. *dim.*

OH, LOVE WILL VENTURE IN

ROBERT BURNS (1759 - 1796)

West of Scotland Melody^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

VOICE Daintily

PIANO

1. Oh, love will venture in, where it
2. The lil - y it is pure, an' the

daur - na weel be seen; Oh, love will ven-ture in where wis-dom ance has been; But
lil - y it is fair, And in her love-ly bos - om I'll place the lil - y there; The

I will down yon riv - er rove, a - mang the woods sae green, An' a' to pu' a po-sie to my
dai- sy's for sim-pli-ci - ty of un - af-fect - ed air, An' a' to be a po-sie to my

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

rit.

mp *a tempo*

ain dear May. I'll pu' the bud-ding rose-bush, when Phoe-bus peeps in view, For it's
ain dear May. I'll tie the po-sie round wi' the silk-en cord o' love, An' I'll

rit.

mp *a tempo*

like a balm-y kiss o' her sweet bon-ny mou'; The place it in her breast, An' I'll swear by all a-bove, That hy - a-cinth's for con-stan-cy, wi' to my lat-est breath o' life the

p

its un-chang-ing blue, An' a' to be a po-sie for my ain dear May.
band shall ne'er re-move; An' a' to be a po-sie for my ain dear May.

rit.

OH, MIRK, MIRK IS THE MIDNIGHT HOUR

(LORD GREGORY)

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Ancient Galloway Song*
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Lento

VOICE

PIANO

1. Oh, mirk, mirk is the
2. Oh, hard is thy heart, Lord

mid-night hour, An' loud the tem - pest's roar; A
Gre-go-ry, An' flint - y is thy breast; Thou

wae - fu' wan - d'rer seeks thy tow'r, Lord Gre - go - ry,
dart of heav'n that flash - est by, O wilt thou

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrels of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

ope thy door! *p* An ex - - - ile
 gie me rest? Ye mut - - - tiring
a tempo
rit. *p*

frae - her fa - - - ther's ha', An' a' for
 thun - ders from a - bove, Your will - - - ing
p *p* *p*

lov - - - ing thee; At least some_ pit - - y
 vic - - - tim see! But spare and par - - don
p *p* *p*

on me shaw If love it may na be!
 my fause love His wrangs to heav'n and me!
rit. *dim.* *pp*

OH, WHERE, TELL ME WHERE
(THE BLUE BELLS OF SCOTLAND)

Verses from
"Johnson's Museum"

Popular Scottish Air
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Allegro

VOICE

1. "Oh, where, tell me where, is your High - land lad - die
 2. "Oh, what, las - sie, what, does your High - land lad - die
 3. "Oh, what, will you claim for your con - stan - cy to

PIANO

cresc.

gone?" "Oh, where, tell me where, is your
 wear?" "Oh, what, las - sie, what, does your
 him?" "Oh, what, will you claim for your

cresc.

High - land lad - die gone?" "He's gone wi' stream - ing
 High - land lad - die wear?" "A scar - let coat and
 con - stan - cy to him?" "I'll claim a priest to

f

f

ban - ners, where no - ble deeds are done; And it's
 bon - net wi' bon - nie yel - low hair, And there's
 wed us, And a clerk to say 'A men!' And I'll

rit. - - - dim. - - -
 oh! in my heart I _____ wish him safe at
 nane in the world can _____ wi' my love com -
 ne'er part a gain From my bon - nie High - land -

rit.. - - -

home."
 pare."
 man."

p a tempo

OH, MY LOVE IS LIKE A RED, RED ROSE

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Old Scottish Song
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Warmly and tenderly

VOICE

Oh, my

PIANO

love's like a red, red rose That's new - ly sprung in June; Oh, my ____

love's like the mel - o - die, That's sweet - ly play'd in tune. As

cresc.

fair art thou, my bonnie lass, So deep in love am I; *rit.* And

cresc.

a tempo

I will love thee still, my dear, Till *dim.* *rit.* a' the seas gang dry.

a tempo

mf

Till a' the seas gang dry, my dear, And the

rocks melt wi' the sun: Oh, I will love thee still, my dear, While the

rit.

sands o' life shall run. And fare thee weel, my on - ly love! And

rit.

a tempo

fare thee weel a - while! And I will come a - gain, my love, Tho'

rit.

a tempo

't were ten thou - sand miles! Oh, my love is like a red, red rose, that's

p

new - ly sprung in June; Oh, my— love's like the mel - o - die that's sweet - ly play'd in tune.

sf

OH, WHY LEFT I MY HAME?

R. GILFILLAN

^{*}) Air adapted by PETER MACLEOD (1797-1859)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Plaintively

VOICE

PIANO

p

1.Oh, —
2.Oh, —

why left I my hame? Why did I cross the deep? Oh, —
here no Sab - bath bell A - wakes the Sab - bath morn, No —

why left I the land Where my fore - fa - thers sleep? I —
song of reap - ers heard A - mang the yel - low corn; For the

^{*)} Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

cresc.

sigh ty - for Sco - tia's shore, — And I gaze a - cross the of sla - ver -

cresc.

p *rit.*

sea, But I can - na get a blink O' my_ ain_ coun - trie!
ie; But the sun of Free - dom shines, In my_ ain_ coun - coun - trie!

rit.

mf

3. There's a hope for ev - 'ry

p

woe, And a balm for ev - 'ry pain, But the first joys of our

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The lyrics "woe, And a balm for ev - 'ry pain, But the first joys of our" are written below the top staff. The music consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns.

heart Come — nev - er back a - gain. There's a track up - on the

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The lyrics "heart Come — nev - er back a - gain. There's a track up - on the" are written below the top staff. The music includes eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with a fermata over the note "gain".

deep, And a path a - cross the sea, But the

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The lyrics "deep, And a path a - cross the sea, But the" are written below the top staff. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with dynamic markings "pp" (pianissimo) above the top staff.

rit.

wear - ie ne'er re - turn To their ain coun - trie.

This section contains three staves of musical notation. The top staff uses a treble clef, the middle staff a bass clef, and the bottom staff a bass clef. The lyrics "wear - ie ne'er re - turn To their ain coun - trie." are written below the top staff. The music includes eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with dynamic markings "rit." (ritardando) above the middle staff.

PUT OFF, AND ROW WI' SPEED

ROBERT ALLAN (1774-1841)

Highland Boat Song^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With animation

VOICE

PIANO

1. Put off,— put off,— and row with speed, For now is the time and the
2. Those pon - drous keys shall the Kel - pins keep, And lodge in their cav - erns

hour— of need; To oars,— to oars,— and trim— the bark,— Nor
dark— and deep; Nor shall— Loch Le - ven's tow'r's or hall — Hold

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

Scot - land's Queen be a war - der's mark! Yon light that plays round the
thee, — our love - ly Queen, — in thrall; Or be — the haunt of

sf *sf*

cas - tle's moat Is on - ly the ward - er's ran - dom shot; Put
trai - tors, sold, While Scot - land has hands and hearts so bold; Then

off, — put off, — and row_ with speed, For now is the time and the hour_ of need.
steers - man, steers - man, on — with speed, For now is the time and the hour_ of need.

sf *sf*

3. Hark, hark the a - lar - um bell hath rung, The

sf *f*

war - der's voice hath trea - son sung! The ech - oes to — the fal - con-et's roar, Chime

sweet - ly to — the dash - ing oar: Let tow'r and hall and bat-tle-ments gleam, We

steer by the light of the ta - per's beam; For Scot-land and Ma - ry on with speed, For

now is the time and the hour_ of need.

RED, RED IS THE PATH TO GLORY

(STU MO RÙN)

Dr. ROBERT COUPER (1750-1818)

Old Highland Melody^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With nobility

VOICE

PIANO

1. Red, — red — is the path to glo - ry! Thick yon — ban - ners
2. Turn, — and — see thy tar - tan plaid - ie Ris - ing — o'er my

meet the sky! O my Geor - die, death's be - fore ye!
break - ing heart! O my bon - nie Hie - land lad - die!

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

rit.

mf a tempo

Turn_ and _ hear my bod - ing_ cry,) Joy of my heart;
 Wae _ was _ me, wi' thee_ to _ part!{

rit.

mf

Ld * *Ld* *

Geor - die, A - gam, — Joy of my heart,

Ld * *Ld* * *Ld* * *Ld* *

rit.

'Stu mo Rùn!

rit.

mf

pp rit. *f*

Ld * *Ld* *

SAD AM I, AND SORROW-LADEN

(SOIRIDH !)

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*Written by a young Gael on
leaving his native isle*

Old Air of the Hebrides
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With pathos

VOICE PIANO

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top staff is for the Voice, starting with a rest followed by a melodic line. The second staff is for the Piano, featuring a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The third staff continues the vocal line with lyrics. The fourth staff continues the piano accompaniment. The vocal part includes several rests and sustained notes. The piano part features sustained chords and rhythmic patterns. The vocal lyrics describe a Gael leaving his native isle, mentioning peaks, clouds, maidens, and farewells.

1. Sad am I, and sor - row -
2. Ben of peaks the clouds that

lad - en, For the maid I love so well; I a - dore thee, dear - est maid-en, But my
sev - er, Oft thy steeps have wear - ied me; Must I leave thy shade for - ev - er? Then fare -

thoughts I dare not tell. Why de - ny my heart is rend-ing For the fair one of the
well, fare-well to thee! Ev - 'ry cor - rie, crag and hol - low, Heath - 'ry brae and flow - 'ry

lea; Aft - er all my care - ful tend - ing She has now for - sak - en me.
dell, Now a - wak - en pangs of sor - row, But my thoughts I dare not tell.

mf

3. Moun-tain bold! thy form sur- pass-es, Ev -'ry

*p**rit.*

ben that eye can see; Long may deer fre-quent thy pass-es, Near thee I would ev-er be. Sad am

rit.

I and sor - row - lad - en, For the maid I love so well; I a - dore thee, dear-est

a tempo

maid-en, But my thoughts I dare not tell.

pp rit.

SEE AFAR YON HILL ARDMORE

(THE PRAISE OF ISLAY)

MOLADH NA LANDAIDH

Old Gaelic Verses
Translated by Thomas Pattison (1828-1865)

Ancient Gaelic Air
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With marked rhythm

WITH MARKED RHYTHM

VOICE

PIANO

mf * *p* *rit.*

Ld.

mf

1. See a - far yon hill Ard-more,
2. Tho' its shore is rock - y, drear,
3. Ea - gles rise on soar - ing wing,

Beat - ing bil - lows wash its shore;
Ear - ly doth the sun ap-peар On
Hea - ons watch the gush - ing spring,

mf

sf *sf*

rit.

But its beau - ties leaf - y brake and Heath - cocks with their bloom no more fal - low deer, whir - ring, bring For me, now far from And flock - s and herds in Their own de - light to Is - lay. Is - lay. Is - lay.

rit.

CHORUS
with enthusiasm

O, my Is - land! O, my Isle! O, my dear, my na - tive soil!

Naught from thee my heart can wile, That's wed with love to Is - lay.

4. Bir - ken branch - es there are gay, Haw - thorns wave their sil - ver'dspray;
5. Ma - vis sings on ha - zel bough, Lin - nets haunt the glen be - low;

Ev - 'ry bough the breez - es sway, A - wak - ens joy in Is - lay.
 O, may long their wild notes flow With mel - o - dies in Is - lay.

CHORUS

O, my Is - land, O, my Isle, O, my dear, my na - tive soil;

Naught from thee my heart can wile, That's wed with love to Is - lay.

SCOTS, WHA HAE WI' WALLACE BLEED

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

A version of an old air

"Hey, tuttie tattie"

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

In a martial spirit

VOICE



1. Scots, wha hae wi' Wal - lace bled! Scots, wha Bruce has
 2. Wha will be a trai - tor knave? Wha can fill a
 3. By op - pres - sion's woes and pains! By our sons in

PIANO



af - ten led! Wel - come to your go - ry bed,
 cow - ard's grave? Wha sae base as be a slave?
 ser - vile chains! We will drain our dear - est veins,

Or to vic - to - ry! Now's the day, an'
 Let him turn and flee! Wha for Scot - land's
 But they shall be free! Lay the proud u -



*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
 by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

now's the hour; See the front of
 king and law - Free - dom's sword will
 surp - ers low! Ty - rants fall in

bat - tle lour!
 strong - ly draw,
 ev - 'ry foe!

See ap - proach proud
 Free - man stand, or
 Li - ber - ty's in

Ed - ward's power,
 free - man fa',
 ev - 'ry blow!

Chains an' sla - ver - ie!
 Let him fol - low me!
 Let us do or die!

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It features a melodic line with various note values and rests. The bottom staff is for the piano, starting with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. It includes harmonic chords, dynamic markings like 'sf' (sforzando), and performance instructions such as 'v' (velocity) and 'g' (grace notes). The vocal part begins with a dotted half note, followed by eighth notes, a sixteenth note, another eighth note, and a dotted half note. The piano part provides harmonic support with chords and rhythmic patterns.

SHOULD AULD ACQUAINTANCE BE FORGOT

(AULD LANG SYNE)

Old verses, partly rewritten
by ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

Old Tune*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Slowly and tenderly

VOICE

PIANO

1. Should auld ac-quaint-ance be for-got, And
2. We twa hae paid-elt in the burn Frae

nev - er brought to mind? Should auld ac-quaint-ance be for-got, And
morn - in'-sun till dine; But seas be-tween us braid hae roard Sin'

rall. a tempo

days o' auld lang syne? } For auld lang syne, my dear, For
 auld lang syne. }

rall. a tempo

*) Air from Moffat's "Minstrels of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

Auld lang syne, We'll tak' a cup o' kind - ness now, For
rall.

Auld lang syne.

f a tempo

p

3. We twa hae run a - bout the braes, And pud the gow - ans fine; We've
4. And here's a hand, my trust - y fere, And gi'es a hand o' thine; We'll

wan - der'd mon - y a wear - y foot, Sin' auld lang syne. } For
tak' a richt gude wil - lie waught For auld lang syne. } For

rall.

a tempo

rall.

a tempo

auld lang syne, my dear, For auld lang syne We'll
 tak' a cup o' kind-ness now, For the days o' auld lang syne.
 5. And sure - ly ye'll be
 your pint-stoup, And sure - ly I'll be mine, We'll tak' a cup o'

rall.

kind - ness yet For the sake o' auld lang syne. For auld lang

rall. *a tempo*

syne my dear, For auld lang syne, We'll tak' a cup o'

rall.

kind-ness yet, For auld lang syne. For auld lang syne, my dear, For

every quickly

auld lang syne, We'll tak' a cup o' kind-ness yet For auld lang syne.

rall.

SINCE MY LOVED ONE HAS GONE (MO NIGHEAN CHRUINN, DONN)

From the old Gaelic
Translated by "Fionn" (Henry Whyte)

Old Gaelic Air
From the "Celtic Lyre"

L.H. E.H. L.H.

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Transcribed by Frank J. Noe

Andante

PIANO { L.H.

1. Since my lov'd one has gone I am drear - y!
 2. Had I sheep on the hill I might woo thee;

Since my lov'd one has gone, Who was pure as the swan; Here I'm
 Had I sheep on the hill, By each foun - tain and rill, Then—

sigh-ing, all a - lone, Sad and wear - y! Were I now with my
 of thine own free will Thou would'st choose me! Thou art now far a -

L.H. L.H.

cresc.

love, way free - ly roam - ing; Were I now with my way in Glen Iu - ray; Thou art now far a -

L.H.

rit. *p a tempo*

love, 'Neath the shade of the grove, To hear the coo-ing dove
way Sad by night and by day While here I pine al - way, In the
Naught can

a tempo

gloam - ing.
cure me.

L.H. *L.H.*

rit. *p*

mf

3. Bear my love to the maid, once so cheer - ful; Bear my love to the

p rit.

maid, whom I'll nev - er up-braid, For now she's low-ly laid, Sad and

a tempo

tear - ful. Tis an old carl, I hear, wooed my maid - en, Tis an old carl, I

a tempo

hear, With his gold and his gear, And now he's left my dear Sor-row-

pp

rit.

lad - en:

L.H.

a tempo

L.H.

rit.

SMILE NA SAE SWEET, MY BONNIE BABE
 (FINE FLOWERS IN THE VALLEY)

Old Scottish Ballad

Ancient Air
 from "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Quietly and weirdly

VOICE

PIANO

1. She sat down be -
 2. Smile na sae sweet, my

pp

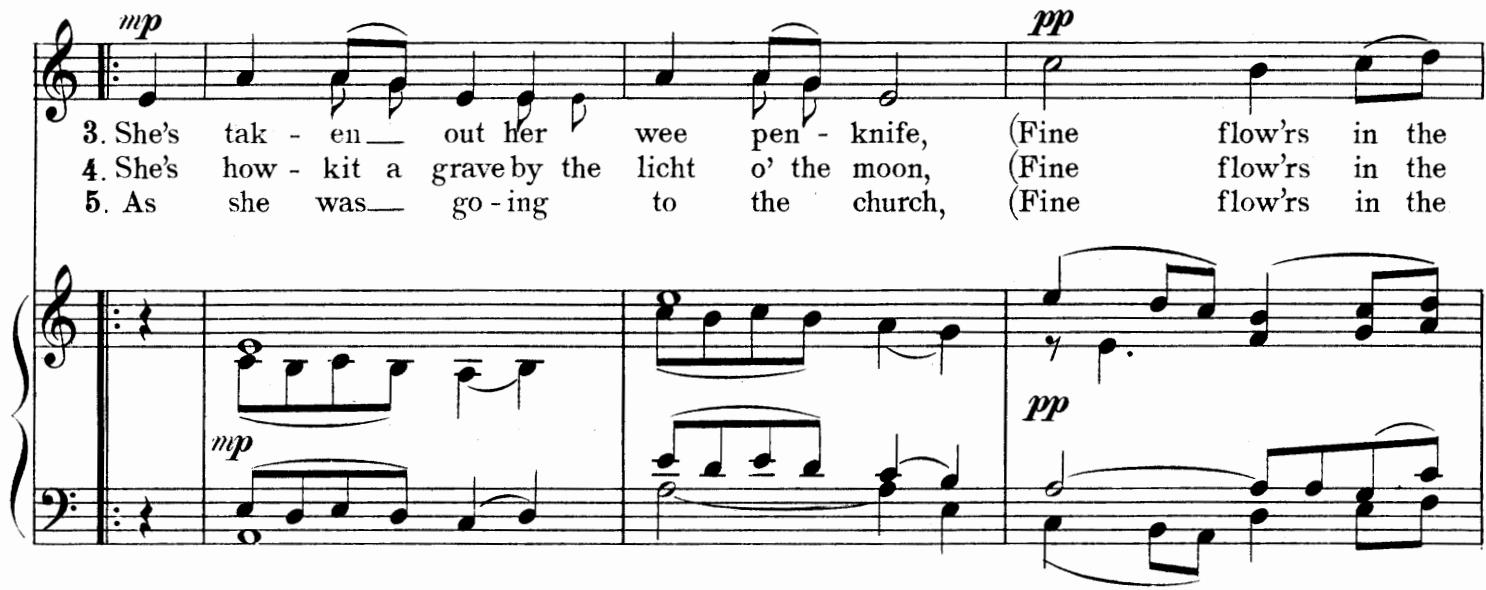
low a thorn, (Fine flow'r's in the val - ley) And there she has her
 bon - nie babe, (Fine flow'r's in the val - ley) An'ye smile sae sweet, ye'll

pp

sweet babe born, (And the green leaves they grow rare - ly)
 smile me dead, (And the green leaves they grow rare - ly)

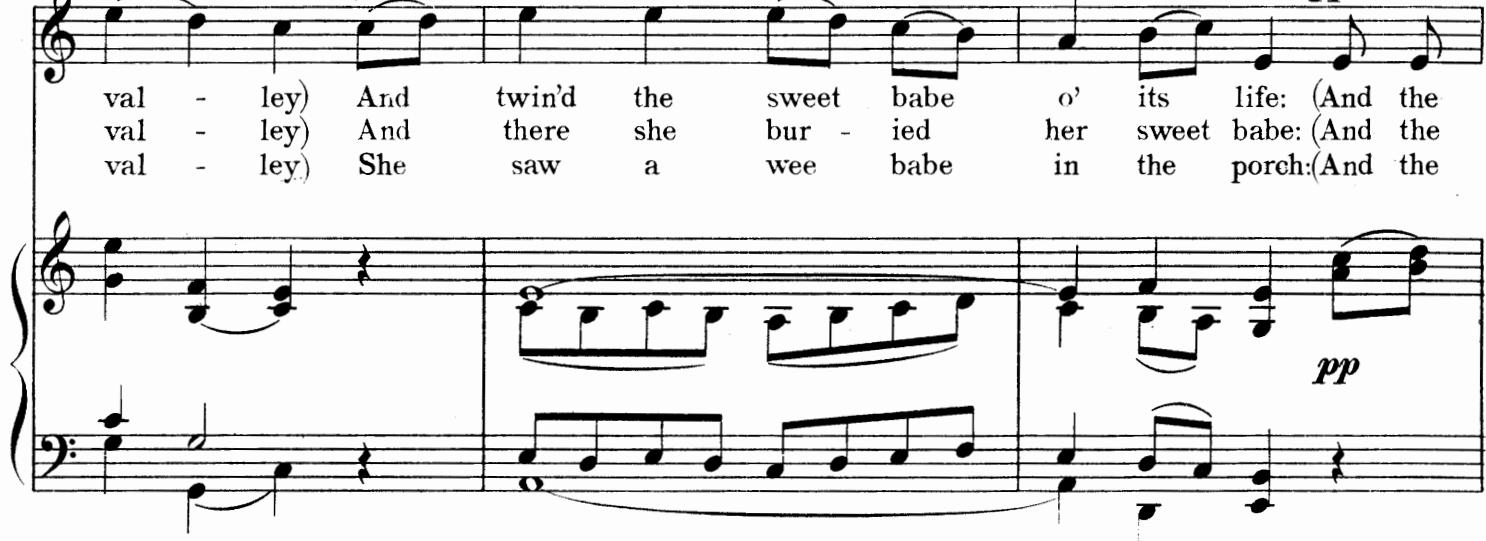
mp

3. She's tak - en__ out her wee pen - knife, (Fine flow'r's in the
 4. She's how - kit a grave by the licht o' the moon, (Fine flow'r's in the
 5. As she was__ go-ing to the church, (Fine flow'r's in the



mp

val - ley) And twin'd the sweet babe o' its life: (And the
 val - ley) And there she bur - ied her sweet babe: (And the
 val - ley) She saw a wee babe in the porch: (And the



green leaves they grow rare - ly.)
 green leaves they grow rare - ly.)
 green leaves they grow rare - ly.)



mp

6. O my sweet babe, an' thou wert mine, (Fine flow'r's in the
 7. O mith - er dear, when I was thine, (Fine flow'r's in the

mp

val - ley) I wad clead thee in - the silk sae fine: (And the
 val - ley) Ye - did na prove to me sae kin': (And the

1. last time

green leaves they grow rare - ly.)
 green leaves they grow rare - ly.)

p

SING THE PRAISES O' MY DEARIE

(THE PEERLESS MAIDEN)

(A' MHAIGHDEAN ÀLUINN)

From the Gaelic of "Fionn" (Henry Whyte)

Translated by Malcolm MacFurlane

Old Gaelic Air

From the "Celtic Lyre"

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply

VOICE

1. Sing the prais - es o' my dear - ie, Aye sae
2. When she sings there's nane sings sweet - er; E'en the

PIANO

win - ning, blithe, and cheer - ie; In her pres - ence wha - wad
ma - vis can - na beat her: Wha'd be dow - ie ga' - in tae

wear - ie; For her a' wad rich - es gie. She was
meet her: Wha could part frae her wi' glee? Liked by

rear'd a - mang the Hie - lans, Land o' crofts and sum - mer
il - ka ane comes near her, And the long - er kenn'd the

shie - lins; How it charms and warms the feel - ins When she
dear - er; North or south there's nane can peer her; And she's

Gael - ic speaks tae me.
a' the warld tae me.

rit.

- - - - - | 3.Though a - far frae her I

p

wan - der, On my dear ane still I pon - der; Il - ka day but makes me

fond - er Love like mine can nev - er die. From the day when first I

rit.

a tempo

rit.

a tempo

met her, My de - sire has been to get her; Come what may I'll ne'er for -

get her, Un - til death shall close my e'e.

pp

THE LAIRD O' COCKPEN

141

Lady CAROLINA NAIRNE (1766-1845)

Very ancient Scottish Melody^{*}
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With humor

PIANO

The musical score consists of five staves of music. The first staff is for the piano, marked 'f' (fortissimo) and 'With humor'. The second staff is for the vocal part, marked 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The lyrics are integrated into the vocal line. The piano accompaniment features chords and rhythmic patterns. The vocal part has a mix of eighth and sixteenth-note rhythms. The lyrics describe the character of the Laird and his desire for a wife.

1. The Laird o' Cock-pen, he's proud and he's great, His mind is ta'en up wi' the
 2. Now doon by the dyke-side a la - dy did dwell, At his ta - ble head he

things o' the state; He want - ed a wife his braw house to keep, But
 thocht she'd look well; Mac - Cle - ish's ae doch-ter o' Cla - vers - ha' Lee, A

fa - favour wi' woo-in' was fash - ious to seek.
 pen - ny - less lass wi' a lang ped - i - gree.

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London



Cla-vers - ha' Lee. "Gae tell mis - tress Jean to come speed - i - ly ben, She's
sic a like time?" She put off her a - pron, and on her silk gown, Her

want - ed to speak wi' the Laird o' Cock-pen."
mutch wi' red rib - bons, an' gae'd a - wa'doon.

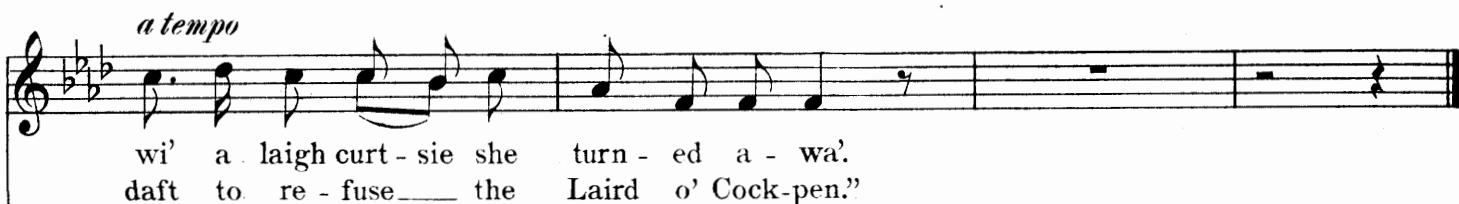
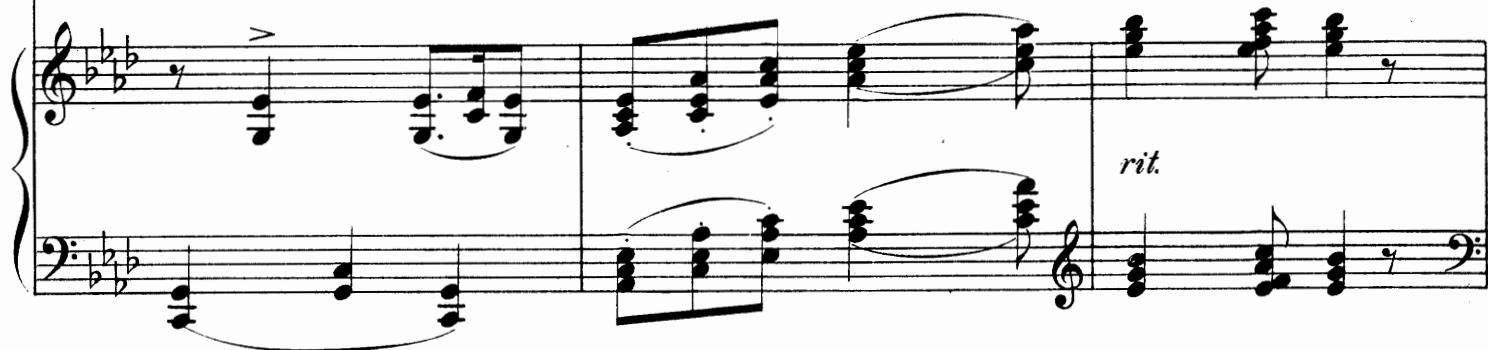
p



5. An' when she came ben she bob-bit fu' low, And what was his er-rand he
 6. Dumb-found-ed was he, but nae sigh did he gie; He mount-ed his mare an' he



soon let her know; A - maz'd was the Laird, when the la - dy said "Na;" An'
 rode can - ni - lie; An' af - ten he thocht, as he gae'd thro' the glen, "She was



wi' a laigh curt-sie she turn-ed a - wa'.
 daft to re-fuse the Laird o' Cock-pen."



THE CAMPBELLS ARE COMIN'

Verses written about 1715,
at the period of the Scottish Rebellion

Melody of an old Scottish Dance
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Enthusiastically

VOICE

PIANO

The Campbells are com-in', O - ho, O - ho! The Campbells are com-in', O - ho, O - ho! The

Campbells are com-in', to bon-nie Loch Leven; The Campbells are com-in', O - ho, O - ho!

1. Up - on the Lomonds I lay, I lay,— Up - on the Lomonds I
 2. The great Ar - gyle— he goes be - fore,— He makes the can-nons and
 3. The Camp - bells they— are a' in arms,- Their loy - al faith — and

* Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

lay, I lay, I look - ed down to bon - nie, Loch Lev - en, And
 guns to roar Wi' sound o' trump - et pipe - and drum, The
 truth to show; Wi' ban - ners rat - tling in the wind, The

saw - three bon - nie perch-es play.

Campbells are com-in' O - ho, O - ho! { The Campbells are com-in' O - ho, O - ho! The
 Campbells are com-in' O - ho, O - ho!

Campbells are com-in' O - ho, O - ho! The Campbells are com-in' to bon-nie Loch Leven; The

Campbells are com-in' O - ho, O - ho!

THE DE'IL CAM' FIDDLIN' THRO' THE TOUN

(THE DE'IL'S AWA' WI' THE EXCISEMAN)

ROBERT BURNS (1759-1796)

*Melody probably Old English
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With spirit

PIANO

1. The De'il cam' fid - dlin'
2. We'll mak' our maut and
3. There's three - some reels, and

thro' the toun, And danc'd a - wa' wi' th' ex - cise - man; And
 brew our drink, We'll dance, and sing, and re - joice, man! And
 four - some reels, There's horn - pipes, and strath - speys, man; But

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.



il - ka auld wife_ cried "Auld Ma - houn,_ We wish you luck o' the prize, man!"
mon -y braw thanks to the muck-le black De'il,_ That's danc'd a - wa' wi' th'Ex-cise - man!"
aye the best dance_e'er came to our land Was the De'il's a - wa' wi' th'Ex-cise - man!"



faster



mon-y braw thanks to the muck-le black De'il, That's danc'd a - wa' wi' th'Ex - cise - man!



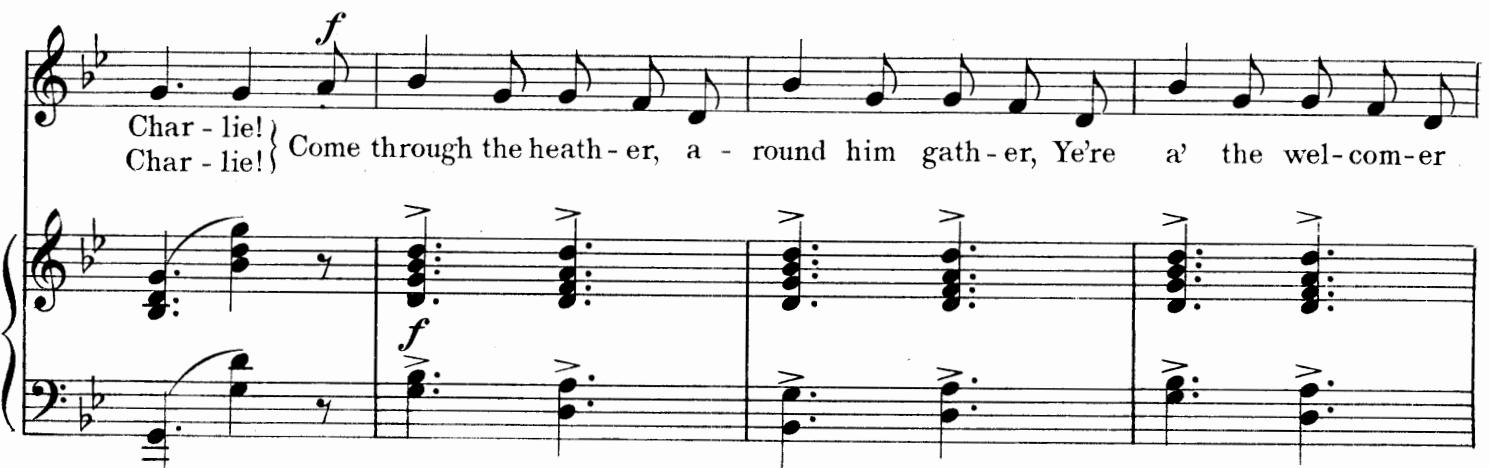
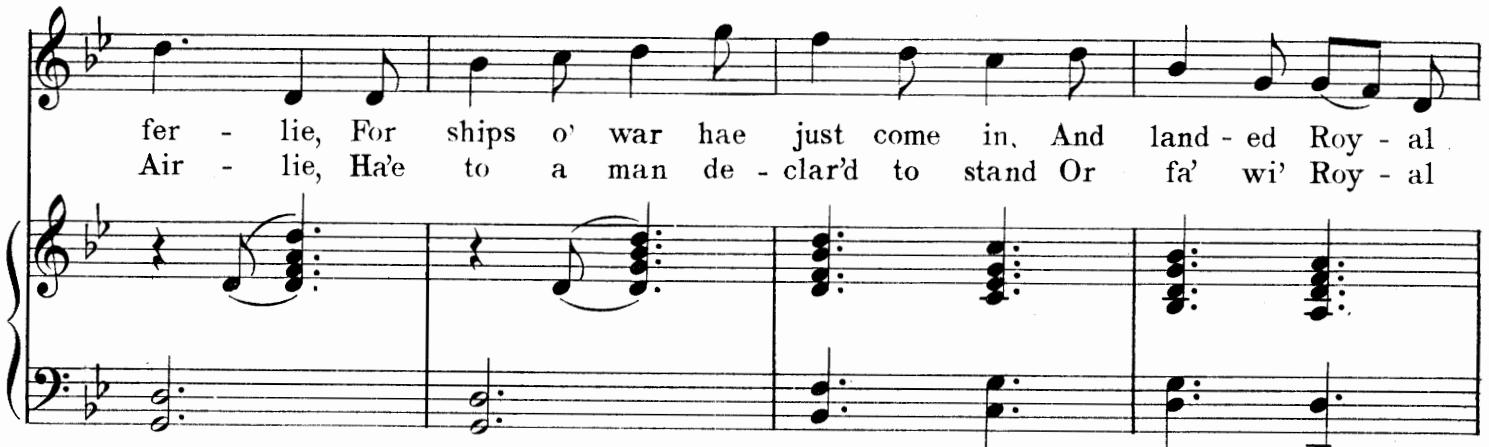
THE NEWS FRAE MOIDART CAM' YESTREEN

(WHA'LL BE KING BUT CHARLIE?)

Lady CAROLINA NAIRNE (1766-1845)

*Melody common in Ireland and Scotland
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

PIANO With animation



*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

a tempo

ear - ly, A - round him cling wi' a' your kin, For whall be King_ but

rit. *a tempo*

f

Char - lie? Come through the heath-er, a - round him gath-er,Come Ronald,come Donald, come

f *f* *s*

rit. *a tempo* *rit.* *a tempo*

a'__ the-gith - er, And crown your right - fu', law-fu' King! For whall be King, but

rit. *a tempo* *rit.* *a tempo*

Char - lie?

s

3. The Low-lands a' baith great and sma'; Wi' mon-y a lord and laird, Hae' de -
 4. Then here's a health to Char - lie's cause, An' be it com-plete an' ear - ly, His

clar'd for Sco - tia's king and law, And spier ye wha, but Char - lie! Come
 ver - y name our heart's bluid warms; To arms for Roy - al Char - lie! Come

through the heath - er, a - round him gath-er, Ye're a' the wel-com-er ear - ly. A -

rit. *a tempo*
 round him cling wi' a' your kin, For whall be King but Char - lie? Come
rit. *a tempo* *sf*

rit.

a tempo rit. *a tempo*

After 3rd verse

After last verse

THE WINTER IT IS PAST

Verses from "Johnson's Museum"

Melody from "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply

VOICE PIANO

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top two staves are for the piano, with the right hand part written above the left hand part. The bottom two staves are for the voice. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal line begins with a short melodic phrase, followed by a piano accompaniment section. The lyrics start with "1. The winter it is" and "2. The rose up-on the". The piano part features eighth-note chords and sustained notes. The vocal line continues with "past, and the sum-mer's come at last, And the small birds sing on ev-'ry brier, by the wa - ters run-ning clear, May have charms for the lin - net or the tree; bee; The hearts of these are glad, but mine is ver - y their lit - tle hearts at rest, But my true love is part - ed from me. sad, For my true love is part - ed from me." The piano part includes dynamic markings like 'p' and 'rit.', and performance instructions like 'Pd.' and a fermata over a note.

3. My— love is like the sun that—
 4. All— you that are in love, and—

a tempo

in the sky doth run, For— ev— er as con— stant and true; But—
 can—not it re— move, I — pit — y the pains you en — dure, For ex—

rit.

his is like the moon that wan—ders up and down, And— ev —'ry—
 pe—rience makes me know your hearts are full of woe, A— woe — that no
rit.

month it is new. _____
 mor—tal can cure. _____

a tempo

THERE GROWS A BONNIE BRIER-BUSH

Lady CAROLINA NAIRNE (1766-1845)

^{*)}Air sent by Burns
to "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

VOICE With feeling

PIANO

Sym

1. There grows a bon-nie bri-er-bush in
3. The bri-er-bush was bon-nie ance in

oor Kail-yaird, And white are the blos-soms on't, in oor Kail-yaird; Like
oor Kail-yaird, The bri-er-bush was bon-nie once in oor Kail-yaird; A

wee bit white cock-adés for our loy-al Hie-land lads; And
blast blew owre the hill that gaed A-tholl's flow'rs a chill; And the

lass-es lo'e the bon-nie bush in oor Kail-yaird.
bloom's blawn off the bon-nie bush in oor Kail-yaird.

^{*)}Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"

by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

2. He's com-in' frae the north that's to fan - cy — me; He's —

com - in' frae the north that's to fan - cy — me; A feath - er in his bon - net, a

cresc.

rib - bon at his knee, He's a — bon - nie Hie - land lad - die, and

rit.

a tempo

rit.

a tempo

D.S. al Fine (for 3rd Verse)

you'll na be he!

L.H.

THREE SCORE O' NOBLES RADE UP THE KING'S HA'

(GLENOGIE)

Verses from
the "Scottish Minstrel"

Ancient Air (*)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Romantically

VOICE

PIANO

1. Three score o' no - bles rade up the King's ha', But
 2. "Hand your tongue, doch-ter, there's better than he." O
 3. "There is, Glen - o - gie, a let-ter for thee, O

bon-nie Glen - o - gie's the flow'r o' them a! Wi' his milk - white steed and his
 say na sae, mith - er, for that can - na be; Tho' Doum-lie is great - er and
 there is, Glen - o - gie, a let - ter for thee!" The first line he look'd at, a

bon - nie black - e'e, "Glen - o - gie, dear mith - er, Glen - o - gie for me!"
 rich - er than - he, Yet if I maun tak' him, I'll cer - tain - ly dee."
 licht lauch lauched he, But ere he had read thro't, tears blind - ed his e'e.

^{*}Air from Moffat's "Minstrels of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

a tempo

4. Then to Glen-fel-dy's, but sma'mirth was there, An'
5. Pale and wan was she when Glen-o-gie gae'd ben, But

bon-nie Jean's mith-er was tear-in' her hair, "Ye're wel-come, Glen-o-gie, ye're
ros-y red-grew she when e'er he sat down; She turn-ed a-wa' wi' a'

wel-come!" quo' she, "Ye're wel-come, Glen-o-gie, your Jean-ie to see."
smile in her e'e, "O din-na fear, mith-er, I'll may-be no dee!"

rit.

after 4th verse *after last verse*

p

f

THE MOON HAD CLIMBED THE HIGHEST HILL

(MARY'S DREAM)

ALEXANDER LOWE
(f Galloway)

From "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Quietly and weirdly

VOICE

PIANO

1. The moon had climb'd the—
2. She from her pil - low—

high - est hill Which ris - es o'er the source of Dee, And
gen - tly rais'd Her head to ask who there might be, She

from her east - ern sum - mit shed Her sil - ver light on tower and tree.
saw young San - dy shiv' ring stand, With vis - age pale and hol - low eye.

When Ma - ry laid her down to sleep Her thoughts on San - dy
 Ah, Ma - ry dear, cold is my clay; It lies be -neath a

{ 

far at sea When soft and low a voice was heard say,
 storm -y sea, Far, far from thee, I sleep in death, So,

{ 

"Ma - ry, weep no more for me."
 "Ma - ry, weep no more for me."

{ 

3. O maid - en dear, thy - self pre - pare, We soon shall meet up -

{ 

on that shore Where love is freed from doubt and care, And

pp

thou and I shall part no more. Loud crow'd the cock, the

mf

shad-ow fled, No more of San - dy could she see, But soft the pass-ing

pp

spir - it said "Sweet Ma - ry, weep no more for me!"

pp *rit.* *pp*

TURN YE TO ME

JOHN WILSON (*Christopher North*) 1785-1854Melody from "Songs of the North"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With motion (about $\text{♩} = 120$)

VOICE

PIANO

The stars are

shin - ing cheer - i - ly, cheer - i - ly, Ho - ro Mhai - ri dhu,

turn ye — to me. The sea - mew is moan - ing drear - i - ly,

rit. *a tempo* *mf*

drear - i - ly, Ho - ro Mhai - ri dhu, turn ye — to me. Cold is the

rit. *a tempo* *mf*

storm-wind that ruf-fles his breast, But warm are the down - y plumes

mp *rit.* *expressively*

lin - ing his nest. *a tempo* *pp* *rit.*

Cold blows the storm - there, soft falls the

a tempo *pp* *rit.*

snow - there, Ho - ro Mhai - ri dhu, turn ye — to me.

a tempo *rit.*

The score features two staves: a soprano vocal line and a piano accompaniment. The vocal line uses a mix of eighth and sixteenth-note patterns. The piano part provides harmonic support with chords and bass lines. Various dynamics like *rit.*, *a tempo*, *mf*, *mp*, *pp*, and *expressively* are indicated throughout the piece.

mf

The

a tempo

waves are danc - ing mer - ri - ly, mer - ri - ly,

p

Ho - ro Mhai - ri dhu, turn ye — to me. The sea-birds are

rit. *a tempo*

wail - ing wear - i - ly, wear - i - ly, Ho - ro Mhai - ri dhu,

rit. *a tempo*

p

turn ye — to me. Hushed by thy moan-ing, lone bird of the

cresc.

sea, Thy home on the rocks is a shel-ter to thee. Thy

cresc.

home is the an - gry wave, mine but the lone - ly grave, Ho - ro

rit.

a tempo

rit.

Mhai - ri dhu, turn ye — to me.

rit.

rit.

rit.

rit.

THY CHEEK IS O' THE ROSE'S HUE

RICHARD GALL (1776-1801)

Melody of the 18th Century
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply

VOICE PIANO

1. Thy cheek is o' the
3. When we were bairn-ies

ro - se's hue, My on - ly jo - and_ dear - ie, O; Thy neck is like_ the_
on yon brae, And youth was blink-in'_ bon - nie O; Aft we would daff_ the_

sil - ler dew, Up - on the bank sae brier - ie, O. Thy teeth are o' the
lee - lang day, Our joys fu' sweet and mon - ie, O. Aft wad I chase thee

*Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

i - vo - ry, O, sweet's the twin - kle o' thine e'e Nae -
owre the lee, And round a - bout the thorn - y tree, Or -

p a tempo

joy, nae pleas - ure blinks on me, My on - ly jo - and dear - ie, O.
pu' the wild - flow'r's a' for thee, My on - ly jo - and dear - ie, O.

rit. *p a tempo* *pp* *p*

mp

2. The bird - ie sings up - on the thorn, It
4. I hae a wish I can - na tine, 'Mang

cresc.

sang o' joy - fu - cheer - ie, O, Re - joi - cing in - the -
a' the cares - that grieve me, O, A wish that thou - wert -

pp *mp*

sim - mer morn, Nae care to mak_ it — eer - ie, O. Ah!
 ev - er mine, And nev - er mair_ to — leave thee O. Then

lit - tle kens the sang - ster sweet, Aught o' - the cares I
 I wad dawt thee night and day, Nae ith - er warld - ly

cresc.
 hae to meet, That gars my rest - less - bos - om beat, My
 care I'd hae, Till life's warm stream for - gat to play, My

rit.

a tempo
 on - ly jo — and dear - ie, O.
 on - ly jo — and dear - ie, O.

a tempo

WHY WEEP YE BY THE TIDE, LADYE?

(JOCK O' HAZELDEAN)

Sir WALTER SCOTT (1771-1832)

Melody of the 17th Century
 Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Freely and tenderly

VOICE

PIANO

p

1. "Why
2. "Now
3. "A

weep ye by the tide, la - dye? Why weep ye by the tide? I'll
 let this wil - fu' grief be done, And dry that cheek so pale; Young
 chain o' gold ye sall not lack, Nor braid to bind your hair, Nor

wed ye to my young - est son, And ye sall be his bride. And
 Frank is chief of Er - ring - ton, And lord o' Lang - ley Dale. His
 met - tled hound, nor man - ag'd hawk, Nor pal-frey fresh and fair. And

ye sall be his bride, la - dye, Sae come - ly to be seen!" But
 step is first in peace- fu' ha', His sword in bat - tle keen!" But
 you the fore - most o' them a', Shall ride our for - est queen!" But

rit.

aye she loot the tears down fa' For Jock o' Ha - zel - dean.
 aye she loot the tears down fa' For Jock o' Ha - zel - dean.
 aye she loot the tears down fa' For Jock o' Ha - zel - dean.

a tempo

mf

4. The

mf

kirk was deck'd at morn-ing tide, The ta - pers glim - mer'd fair;— The

priest and bride-groom wait the bride, And dame and knight were there; They

sought her baith by bow'r and ha', The la - dye was not seen! She's

o'er the bor - der and a - wa' Wi' Jock o' Ha - zel - dean!

fa tempo

ff *p* *cresc.* *f*

WINSOME MARY

(MAIRI LAGHACH)

From the Gaelic of J. Macdonald
Translated by Evan M? Coll

From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply and tenderly

VOICE

PIANO

1. Hey, my win-some Ma - ry, Ma - ry fond - ly free!
2. Long ere in my bos-om Lodged love's ar - rows keen,

Hey, my win-some Ma - ry, Ma - ry, mine to be! Win - some, hand - some Ma - ry
Of - ten with my Ma - ry, In Glens-moil I've been; Hap - py hours suc - ceed - ed

Who so fair as she - My own High - land las - sie, Dear as life to me.
By af - fec - tion true, Till there seem'd 'neath Heav - en No such lov - ing two!

L.H.

3.What al-though all Al - binn And its wealth were mine, How, with-out thee,dar - ling,
 4.What a wealth of tress - es Ma - ry dear can show! Crown of lus - tre rar - er

Could I fail to pine? As my bride to kiss thee I would prize far more
 Ne'er graced maid-en brow! 'Tis but lit - tle dress - ing Need those tress - es rare

Than the all of treas - ure Eu - rope has in store.
 Fall - ing fond - ly, proud - ly O'er her shoul-ders fair.

ML-948-3

5. No mere mu - sic art-born e'er our pleas-ure crowned, Mu - sic far more cheer - ing

Na - ture for us found. Larks in air, and thrush - es On each flow - 'ring thorn,

And the cuck - oo hail - ing Sum - mer's gay re-turn!

WHAR' HA'E YE BEEN A' THE DAY

(MY BOY TAMMY)

HECTOR MACNEILL

^{*)} Melody of the 17th Century
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Artlessly

VOICE PIANO

1. Whar'ha'e ye been a' the day,
2. An' whar' gat ye that young thing,
3. What said ye to the bon-nie bairn,

My boy Tam-my? An' whar' ha'e ye been a' the day, My boy Tam-my? I've
My boy Tam-my? An' whar' gat ye that young thing, My boy Tam-my? I
My boy Tam-my? What said ye to the bon-nie bairn, My boy Tam-my? I

rit.

a tempo

been by burn and flow' - ry brae, Mead - ow green and moun - tain grey,
gat her doun in yon - der howe, Smil - ing on a broom - y knowe,
praised her e'en, sae love - ly blue, Her dim - pled cheek an' cher - ry mou', An'

a tempo

^{*)} Air from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London

Court - in' o' this young thing Just come frae her mammie.
 Herd - ing ae wee lamb an' yowe For her puir mammie.
 preed it aft as ye may trow! She said she'd tell her mammie.

rit.

pp

4. I held her to my beat - in' heart, My young my smil - ing lammie; I
 5. Has she been to the kirk wi' thee, My boy Tammy? Has

pp

rit.

a tempo

held her to my beat - in' heart, My young, my smil-ing lammie. I hae a house, it cost me dear, I've
 she been to the kirk wi' thee, My boy Tammy? O, she's been to the kirk wi' me,

rit.

a tempo

rit.

wealth o' plen-ish-ing an' gear, Ye'se get it a', wer't ten times mair, Gin ye will leave your mammie.
 An' the tear was in her e'e, For O! she's but a young - thing, Just come frae her mammie!

rit.

WHAT'S THIS DULL TOWN TO ME?

(ROBIN ADAIR)

•) Old Celtic Air, common
to Scotland and Ireland

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

PIANO { *Andantino*

The musical score consists of three systems of music. The first system shows the piano accompaniment in G major, 3/4 time, with dynamic markings *p* and *rit.*. The second system shows the vocal part in G major, 3/4 time, with lyrics and dynamic marking *p*. The third system shows the piano accompaniment again in G major, 3/4 time, with dynamic marking *p at tempo*.

Andantino

p *rit.*

1. What's this dull town to me? Rob - in's not near;
 2. What made th'as sem bly shine? Rob - in A - dair;
 3. But now thou'rt cold to me, Rob - in A - dair;

p

What was't I wish'd to see? What wish'd to hear?
 What made the ball so fine? Rob - in was there.
 But now thou'rt cold to me, Rob - in A - dair.

p

^aAir from Moffat's "Minstrelsy of Scotland"
by permission of Messrs Augener, Limited, London.

cresc. agitato

Where's all the joy and mirth
What, when the play was o'er,
Yet he I lov'd so well,
Made this town
What made my
Still in my

cresc.

f

heav'n on earth? O they're all fled wi' thee, Rob - in A -
heart so sore? O, it was part - ing with Rob - in A -
heart shall dwell; Oh, I can ne'er for - get Rob - in A -

p rit.

1st and 2nd time

dair.
dair.
dair.

Last time

pp L.H. L.H.

WHERE SLEEPEST THOU, MY DEARIE?

*Translated from the Gaelic
by "Fionn" (Henry Whyte)*

Melody from the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Andantino

VOICE PIANO

1. O, where art thou, my
2. In song or dance I

love, to night, Where sleep - est thou my dear - ie? Where
take no part, And mu - sic can - not cheer me; Nor

e'er thou art, my la - dy bright, O would that I were
maid en's smile can raise my heart, Since ab - sent from my

p rit.

rit.

a tempo

near - thee. My ship is float - ing on the tide, And pros - per - ous winds are
dear - ie. My sails are set; blow, breez - es, blow! All thoughts of dan - ger

mf a tempo

cresc.

blow - ing; If thou wert on - ly by my side, My
scorn - ing; Where dwells my love I'll quick - ly go And

tears would not be flow - ing.
wed her in the morn - ing.

WILL YE GANG TO THE HIELANDS, LEEZIE LINDSAY?

Old Scottish Ballad

Air from "Johnson's Museum"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Simply

VOICE PIANO

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is for the Voice, starting with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature (3/4). The first measure contains a single note followed by a repeat sign. The second measure has a fermata over the note. The third measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The fourth measure begins with a dynamic 'mf'. The lyrics '1. Will ye gang to the' follow. The fifth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics '3. O, Lee-zie, lass,' follow. The sixth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'Hie-lands, Lee-zie Lind-say? Will ye' follow. The seventh measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'ye maun ken lit - tle, If' follow. The eighth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'gang sae ye' follow. The ninth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'to the Hie-lands wi' follow. The tenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'me? me? Will ye' follow. The eleventh measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'For my' follow. The twelfth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'name is Lord' follow. The thirteenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'Ron-al-d Mac -' follow. The fourteenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'Lind-say, My' follow. The fifteenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'bride and my' follow. The sixteenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'chief-tain o' follow. The seventeenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'dar - ling to' follow. The eighteenth measure starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature (3/4). The lyrics 'high de -' follow.

be?
gree?"

2."To
4. She has

gang — to the Hie-lands wi — you, sir,
kilt - ed her coats o' green sa - tin,

I din - na ken —
She has kilt - ed them

how that may be; ————— For I ken — na the land that you —
up to her knee; ————— And she's off wi' Lord Ron - ald Mac -

live in,
Don - ald,

Nor ken I the
His bride and his

lad — I'm gaun wi."

dar - ling to be.

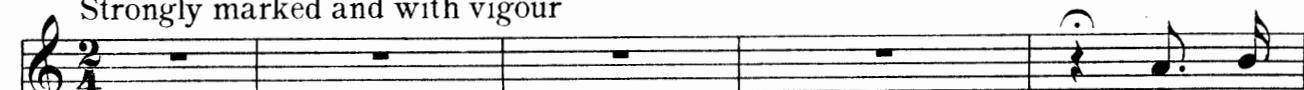
WITH THE LOORGEEN O HEE

(LEIS AN LURGAINN)

Translated from Sinclair's "Oranaiche"
by Malcolm Mac Farlane of Paisley

Old Boat song of the West Coast of Scotland
From the "Celtic Lyre"
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Strongly marked and with vigour
VOICE



1. With the
2. Is - lay
3. Crowd her

PIANO



Loor - geen o hee, With the Loor - geen, o ho, In the gray dusk of
loom - ing, o hee, In the gloam - ing, o ho, Our ship's com - pass set
sails on o hee, And though gales come, o ho, Light as sea - gull will



eve, O'er the waves let us go.
we, And our lights we did show.
she O'er the heav - ing waves go.



f

On the ocean, o hee, Waves in motion, O
A - ros pass - ing, o hee, Twas ha - rass - ing, O
Bil - lows lash - ing, o hee, Wa - ters crash - ing, O

f

ho, Nought but clouds could we see O'er the blue sea below.
ho, The strong bil - lows to see High as mast - head to flow.
ho, With - out blench - ing we see There be stout hearts on board.

sf

YE BANKS AND BRAES O' BONNIE DOON

ROBERT BURNS (1759 - 1796)

Air composed by JAMES MILLER
 (Published in 1788)
Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

With pathos

VOICE

PIANO

1. Ye
2. Oft

banks and braes o'
 ha'e and I rov'd by bon - nie Doon, How can ye bloom sae
 bon - nie Doon, To see the rose and

fresh and fair; How can ye chant, ye lit - tle birds, And
 wood - bine twine; And ilk - a bird sang o' its love, And

rit.

I _____ sae wear - y, fu' _____ o' care! Thou'll break my heart, thou
fond - ly sae did I _____ o' mine! Wi' light - some heart I

rit.

a tempo

cresc.

war - bling bird, — That wan - tons through the flow' - ring thorn; Thou
pu'd a rose, — Fu' sweet up - on its thorn - y tree; But

p

rit.

minds me o' de - part - ed joys, — De - part - ed, nev - er to re - turn!
my fause lov - er stole my rose, — But ah! he left the thorn wi' me!

rit.

YOUNG JAMIE LO'ED ME WEE
(AULD ROBIN GRAY)

Lady ANNE LINDSAY (1750-1825)

Air by WILLIAM LEEVES

(First Published in 1812)

Accompaniment by HELEN HOPEKIRK

Expressively

p

rit.

mp

VOICE PIANO

1. Young Ja - mie lo'ed me weel,— and
2. My fa - ther could-na work,— and my

sought me for his bride, But sav - ing a crown he had nae-thing else be - side; To
moth - er could-na spin, I toil'd day and night, but their bread I could - na win; Auld

make that crown a pound,— my Ja - mie gaed to sea,— And the
Rob main - tain'd them baith,— And wi' tears in his e'e Said,

agitato

crown and the pound were baith for me. He had-na been a-wa' a-'
 "Jen-ni, for their sakes, O mar-ry me." My heart it said nay, for I

week but on - ly twa, When my fa - ther brak his arm, and the
 look'd for Ja - mie back, But the wind it blew high and the

p

cow was stown a - wa; My mith - er she fell sick, and
 ship it was a wrack. The ship it was a wrack, why

a tempo

rit.

Ja - mie at the sea, And auld Rob-in Gray cam'a - court in' me.
 did - na Ja - mie dee? And why do I live to say, wae's me!

rit.

a tempo

a tempo

3. My fa - ther urged me sair,— my
4. O sair— did we greet,— and

a tempo

mith - er did - na speak— But look'd in my face— till my
meik - le did we say,— We took but ae kiss— and we

heart was like to break;— So they gi'ed him my hand,— my
tore our - selves a - way;— I wish I were deid,— but

rit.

a tempo

heart it was at sea,— And auld Rob - in Gray— is a
I'm no like to dee;— Oh! why do I live — to —

rit.

a tempo

rit.

a tempo

gude - man to me. I had - na been a wife a
say, wae's _____ me! I gang like a ghaist, and I

rit.

a tempo

week but on - ly four, When sit - ting sae mourn - ful - ly ae
care na to spin, I dare - na think o' Ja - mie, for

night at the door, I saw my Ja - mie's wraith, — I a
that wad be a sin! But I'll do my best

p

rit.

a tempo

rit.

could - na think it he, — Till he said "I'm come back to mar - ry thee!"
gude — wife to be, — For auld Rob-in Gray is a kind man to me!

rit.

a tempo