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THE

MINSTRELSY OF ENGLAND.

A collection of English Songs

Adapted to their Traditional Airs;

FOR VOICE WITH PIANOFORTE ACCOMPANIMENT;

Supplemented with Historical Notes

BY

EDMONDSTOUNE DUNCAN.

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MINSTRELSY OF ENGLAND

Univ.-Bibliothek Regensburg

EDMONDSTOUNE DUNCAM.

PREFACE.

ORPHEUS, with his lute, compelled trees, mountain-tops, plants, and flowers to his will; but the minstrelsy that has grown up side by side with the maturing of our country has done much more than this. It has invested all the prosaic trades and lowly occupations of life with a poetry and charm which appeal strongly to the imagination—for

In sweet music is such art, Killing care and grief of heart Fall asleep, or—hearing—die.

Englishmen do not need to be told that their Island-story is one that thrills with lively incident and daring adventure, nor indeed does the musician (to whom history has unfolded her golden page)—proudly conscious as he is that these have been sung—and eloquently sung—by his brethren of the minstrel-ages, or their successors in more polished times. It is just from such widely-divergent sources of inspiration that the great bulk of national melody is drawn; and the reader therefore must not be surprised at the curious medley here presented to him.

Most of the rare pieces included in the present volume are copied from MSS. in the British Museum, not a few of which are now printed for the first time.

I gladly take the opportunity of acknowledging my indebtedness to the Henry Watson Music Library (Manchester), whence I have derived invaluable aid.

Sale, Cheshire,

March, 1905.

EDMONDSTOUNE DUNCAN.

INDEX OF TITLES AND FIRST LINES.

A forsaken lover's complaint PAGE 66	C
A flaxen-headed plough-boy 324	C
A hunting we will go 40	C
A lover's complaint 58	Co
A merry ballad of the hawthorn tree 146	C
A north country lass 97	Co
A poor borren's devel	
A poor soul set siel:	Co
A ====1=4 === 4 1	Co
A come for the sel	-
11 17 1	D
Al -4-1 1 1 1	D
Ab I the analysis that	Di
A 11 .	Di
A11: 4h D	D
All my pace'd life	
A 1 '11 1	Ea
As I same those of C 1	Es
A - T - 11 1 C 41	E
A : 1 C 11 1 1 1	E
A + +1 C 1 '1'1'1'1	
At the peaceful midnight hour 204	Fa
Daybaya Allan	Fo
Barbara Allen 71	Fo
Battle of Agincourt 52	Fr
Begone dull care 245	Fr
Bid me but live 189	
Black-eyed Susan 258	Ga
Blow, blow thou winter wind 120	Ga
Blow high, blow low 192	Go
Blow thy horn, hunter 78	Go
Bright chanticleer proclaims the dawn 116	Go
Busy, curious, thirsty fly 174	Go
By dimpled brook 158	Go
By the gaily circling glass 330	Go
By the simplicity of Venus doves 224	Go
avail I somedw whendhow It bave	Gı
Careless of love 183	
Cease rude Boreas 257	H
Cease your funning 313	H
Cherry ripe 242	H
Chevy Chase 203	H
Cloris, farewell, I now must go 164	H
Cold and raw the North did blow 26	H
Come again, sweet love 176	H
Come all ye youths 38	H
Come, cheer up my lads 82	H
Come Chloris, hie we to thy bower 175	H

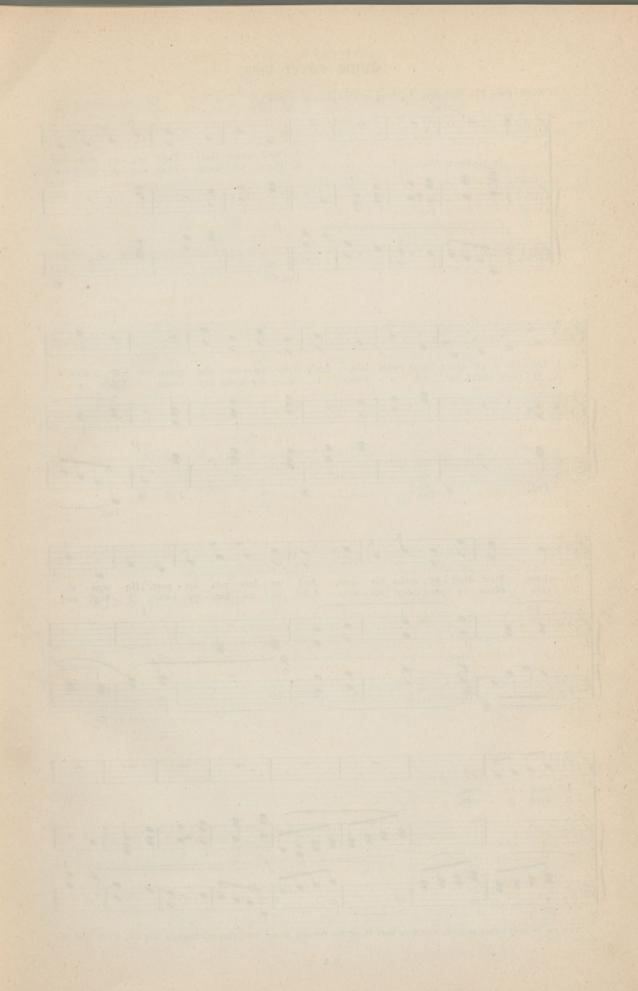
Come companions, join your voices	PAGE. 250
C	. 237
C111-1	100
C	. 2
	. 152
C . C . Y . 1 . 2	. 194
C	. 72
C11- 11 C11 11	. 30
in sans gmilid.	
Down among the dead men	. 12
D'ye ken John Peel	0.4
Dream on my darling	000
Drink to me only with thine eyes	
Dulce domum	
and transferred vibratil days to the	
Early one morning	. 150
Essex' last good-night	
Every bullet has its billet	011
Every man take a glass in his hand	100
e bestieren et the minstralesco	il voi
Faith be no longer coy	. 167
For me my fair a wreath has wove	. 32
Fortune my foe	. 140
From Oberon in fairyland	. 114
From the white-blossom'd sloe	. 121
Gaily the troubadour	. 92
Gather ye rosebuds while ye may	. 137
God prosper long our noble King	. 203
God save the King	
Golden slumbers kiss your eyes	
Good advice	
Good-bye sweetheart	
Good morrow, 'tis Saint Valentine's day	The state of the s
Good-night beloved	
Green sleeves	. 138
Hearts of oak	00
TT 1 1 11	
Here's a health unto His Majorty	. 12
Here's a health unto His Majesty Here's to the maiden	. 48
He that will not merry, merry be	. 263
Home, sweet home	. 128
TT 11 0 1	000
TT 1 11 T	001
TT 1 1 1 1	
How stands the glass around	. 114

INDEX OF TITLES AND FIRST LINES.

		PAGE.		PAGE.
I cannot change, as others do		72		118
I dreamt that I dwelt in marble hall	s	296	O mistress mine	18
I give thee all, I can no more		228	O slumber my darling	6
I have heard the mavis singing		268	O the Oak and the Ash	97
I shot an arrow into the air		219	O weel may the keel row	259
If I had a beau, for a soldier who'd go	0	234	O what a plague is love	24
If Phillis denies me relief		124	O'er Nelson's tomb	308
I'm a tough, true-hearted sailor		214	O'er the woodlands	280
I'm lonesome since I cross'd the hill		260		46
In good King Charles' golden days		80	" " " (The original version)	47
In Scarlet Town where I was born		71		286
In the merry month of May		69		275
Isle of hearty		271		116
Isle of beauty It is not that I love you less		98		262
It was a lover and his lass		86		202
It was a maid of my country		146	On Richmond hill there lives a lass	
It was a maid of my country		11/1	One Friday morn, when we set sail	
Jack met his mother all alone		270		283
Jog on, jog on		16		52
John Dory		68	Over the mountains and over the waves	
John Dory		84	Over the mountains and over the waves	91
John Peel	•••	01	Og hadamat i sa	
Know'st thou the land?		300		73
Know st thou the land!	•••	000		69
I off this facilish prating		122	Phillida flouts me	24
Leave off this foolish prating		64		
Let us drink and be merry		178	Robin Goodfellow	114
Light o' love		180	Rock'd in the cradle of the deep	276
Long ere the morn		246		130
Loud roar'd the dreadful thunder		104		
Love has eyes			Sally in our alley	46
Love me little, love me long		265	,, ,, (The original version)	
Love will find out the way		51		50
Love's blind they say		104		216
Lullaby		73		230
				271
Mary of Argyle		268		321
May Dew		280	- 0	
'Mid pleasures and palaces		128	Silently, silently fades the day's light	
Mignon		300		132
My heart and lute		228		56
My little pretty one		142		156
My lodging it is on the cold ground		305		256
My mind to me a kingdom is		145		108
My Phillida, adieu, love!		30		106
My pretty Jane		222		106
			Sweet England's prize is gone	165
Near Woodstock town		74		
Neither sighs, nor tears		184		62
Neptune's raging fury		54	,, ,, (Another setting)	190
Now away my brave boys		272	The anchor's weighed	90
Now is the month of maying		182	The arrow and the song	219
Now, oh now, I needs must part		148		75
Tron, on now, I needs must part				246
O! could we do with this world of	our	138		222
O, dear life		. 186		306
O, had not Venus been beguiled		. 154		298
				256
O, how can I learn this deep sadnes	5 10	178	0	100
OPAL		()		The state of the s

INDEX OF TITLES AND FIRST LINES.

DAGE	PAGE
	Three merry men of Kent 263
	Three years a sailor's life 274
	To all you ladies now at land 36
	Tom Bowling 94
	'Twas in Trafalgar's Bay 309
148	100 and the second
	Under a spreading chestnut tree 316
260	Under the greenwood tree 211
249	XXX 1 11' 11
180	We be soldiers three 34
286	We be three poor mariners 126
249	We sate down and wept by the waters 208
254	Well-a-day 165
202	Westron Wynde 45
264	What Booker doth prognosticate 166 What if a day, or a month, or a year 200
152	When Britain first at Heaven's com-
266	mand 130
	When daisies pied, and violets blue 108
324	When I drain the rosy bowl 28
136	When I survey the world around 264
98	When mighty roast beef 136
	When other lips 226
	When that I was a little tiny boy 70
	When the King enjoys his own again 160
	Where be you going you Devon maid 232
	Where the bee sucks, there suck I 259
	Who is Sylvia? 168
	Who liveth so merry in all this land 14
	Why, by such a brittle stone 198
	Willow, willow 58
	Will you hear a Spanish lady? 19
	Willy, prythee go to bed 20
	With endless tears 18
	77 1 11
	Ye belles and ye flirts 4
	Ye Mariners of England 7
	Yes, let me like a soldier fall 11
15	Yonder comes a courteous knight
	You Gentlemen of England 5
514	Youth's the season made for joys 17
	49 260 249 180 286 249 254 202 264 152 266 283 324 136 98 110 195 257 183 90 121 4 64 80 316 160 204 226 wn 328 134 75

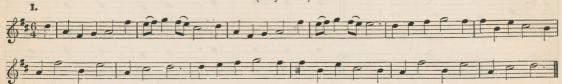


APPENDIX.

Note.—Throughout the course of this work, Durfey's six volumes of Pills to Purge Melancholy (1719-1720), and the earlier editions, are referred to by their secondary title, viz:—Wit and Mirth.

GOLDEN SLUMBERS (See p. 14).

(May Fair.)

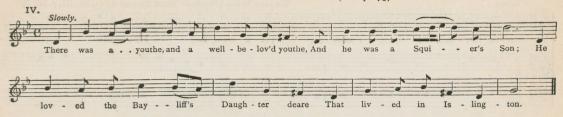


The above copy is from The Dancing Master (vol. II, p. 155), edited by J. Lenton (who died in 1719). Besides the two names "May Fai-" and "Golden Slumbers," the air is introduced in the Beggars' Opera under the title "Jenny where hast thou been," and elsewhere as "The Willoughby Whim."



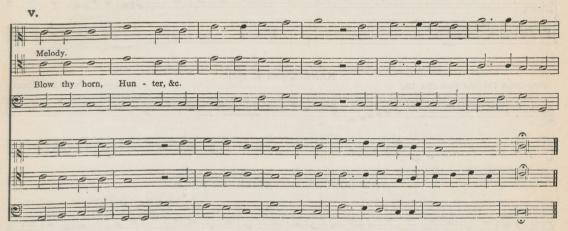


THE BAILIFF'S DAUGHTER (See p. 75).



The old tune originally associated with these words, is given above. It is to be found in The Jovial Crew, a Ballad Opera, dated 1731.

BLOW THY HORN, HUNTER (See p. 78).

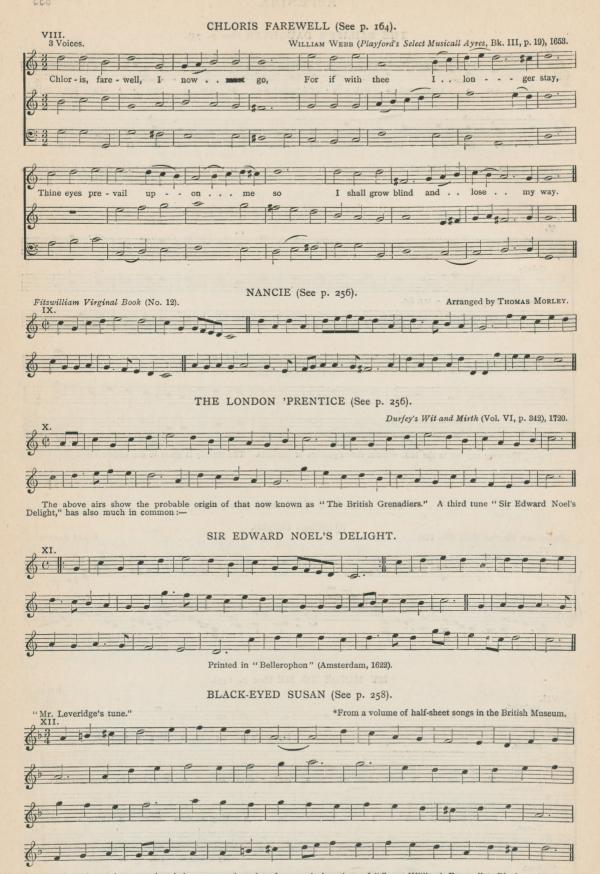


The song appears in the MS. without time-signature or bar-lines. The melody is given to the middle voice.

THE OAK AND THE ASH (See p. 97).







* In the volume above-mentioned there are no less than four musical settings of "Sweet William's Farewell to Black-eyed Susan." These are by Henry Carey, Richard Leveridge, Haydon, and Sandonis. Three of the four became speedily forgotten, and the surviving song—the first form of which is given above—passed through some striking changes, both in melody and rhythm.

IN THE MERRY MONTH (See p. 69).

In Percy's Reliques there is the following—The foregoing little pastoral of "Phillida and Corydon" is one of the songs in "The Honourable Entertainment given to the Queen's Majesty in Progress at Elvetham in Hampshire, by R.H. the Earl of Hertford, 1591." This pamphlet mentions that for the third day's entertainment "on Wednesday morning about 9 o'clock, as her Majesty opened a casement of her gallery window, there were three excellent musicians, who being disguised in ancient country attire, did greet her with a pleasant song of Corydon and Phillida, made in three parts of purpose. The song, as well for the worth of the ditty, as the aptness of the note thereto applied, it pleased her Highness after it had been once sung to command it again, and highly to grace it with her cheerful acceptance and commendation." The setting referred to was by Michael Este, and published in his collection of Madrigals (1604).

VICAR OF BRAY (See p. 80).

Isaac Disraeli in his Curiosities of Literature has the following observation—"This vivacious and reverend hero has given birth to a proverb peculiar to this country, 'The Vicar of Bray will be Vicar of Bray still.' But how has it happened that this Vicar should be so notorious, and one in much higher rank, acting the same part, should have escaped notice? Dr. Kitchen, Bishop of Llandaff, from an idle Abbot under Henry VIII. was made a busy Bishop; Protestant under Edward, he returned to his old master under Mary; and at last took the oath of supremacy under Elizabeth, and finished as a parliament Protestant. A pun spread the odium of his name, for they said that he had always loved the Kitchen better than the Church."

ESSEX'S LAST GOOD-NIGHT (See p. 165).

In Phillips' Old Ballads, Vol. III., the above song is followed by another on the same subject, entitled "A Lamentable Ballad on the Earl of Essex's death, to the tune of Essex's Last Good-Night." Of these, the editor remarks "Both the following songs were written the same year, and, as well for their antiquity as for their story, justly claim a place here." The first of these (here quoted) is headed "A lamentable ditty on the death of Robert Devereux, Earl of Essex, who was beheaded in the Tower of London on Ash Wednesday 1600, to the tune of Well-a-day." The air (which is also sung as a Christmas Carol) is contained in Elizabeth Rogers' Virginal Book, a folio written about 1656.

WHEN THE KING ENJOYS HIS OWN AGAIN (See p. 166).

Ritson gives the following notes:—V. I.—"This Booker was a great fishing-tackle maker in King Charles the First's time, and a very eminent proficient in that noble art and mystery, by application to which he came to have skill in the Depth of Ponds and Rivers,* as is here wisely observed. . . . He lived at the house in Tower Street, that is now the sign of the Gun, and being used to this sedentary diversion . . . he grew mighty cogitabund, from whence a frenzy seized on him, and he turned enthusiast like one of our French prophets, and went about prognosticating the downfall of the King and Popery, which were terms synonymous at that time of day. 'Tis true, Cornelius a Lapide, Anglice, Con. Stone, has given him the title of a Star-gazer; but I have it from some of his contemporaries, that he was nothing of a Conjurer, only one of the moderate men of those times, who were tooth and nail for the destruction of the King and Royal Family, which put him upon that sort of speculation."

* Pond and Rivers are printed as proper names in all the copies.

V. 9.—"Swallow, Dove, and Dade, were as excellent at this time of day in the knowledge of the astronomical science, as either Partridge, Parker, or . . Dr. Case is now, and bred up to handicraft trades as all these were. The first was a Concutter in Gutter Lane, who, from making a cure of Alderman Pennington's wife's great toe, was cryed up for a great practitioner in physick, and from thence, as most of our modern quacks do, arrived at the name of a Cunning man. . . . The second was a Cobler in Whitecross Street, who, when Sir William Waller passed by his stall in his way to attack the King's party in Cambridgeshire, told him, 'The Lord would fight his battles for him,' and upon Sir William's success, was taken into the rebels pay, and made an Almanack maker of. The last was a good innocent Fiddle-string feller, . . who being told by a neighbouring teacher that their musick was in the stars, set himself at work to find out their habitations, that he might be instrument maker to them; and having with much ado got knowledge of their place of abode, was judged by the Roundheads fit for their purpose, and had a pension assigned him to make the Stars speak their meaning, and justify the villainies they were putting in practice."

It is with particular pleasure that the editor is enabled to restore to the public the original words of the most famous and popular air ever heard of in this country. Invented to support the declining interest of the Royal Martyr, it served afterwards, with more success, to keep up the spirits of the Cavaliers, and promote the restoration of his Son; an event it was employed to celebrate all over the kingdom. At the Revolution, it of course became an adherent of the xiled family, whose cause it never deserted. And as a tune is said to have been a principal mean of depriving King James of the Crown, and this very air, upon two memorable occasions, was very near being equally instrumental in replacing it on the head of his Son. It is believed to be a fact, that nothing fed the enthusiasm of the Jacobites, down almost to the present reign, in every corner of Great Britain, more than "The King shall enjoy his own again."

COME YOU NOT FROM NEWCASTLE (See p. 194).

The following is the ancient version of the words, giving in the Percy folio, which is now printed:-

Came you not from Newcastle? Came yee not there away? Met yee not my true loue Ryding on a bony bay. Why shold not I loue my loue? Why shold not my loue, loue me? Why shold not I loue my loue, Gallant hound sedelee?

And I haue Land att Newcastle, Will buy both hose and shoone; And I haue land att Durham, Will feitch my hart to boone. And why shold I not loue my loue? Why shold not I loue my loue, Gallant hound sedelee.

CHEVY-CHASE (See p. 203).

Preserved by Richard Sheale, a minstrel in the service of the Earl of Derby, and set down, about the year 1548. Of this old Ballad, Ben Jonson stated he would have preferred the authorship, to that of all his own works. The well-known phrase of Sir Phillip Sydney is equally remarkable:—"I never heard the old song of Percy and Douglas, that I found not my heart moved more than with a trumpet: and yet it is sung but by some blind crowder, with no rougher voice than rude style; which being so evil apparelled in the dust and cobweb of that uncivil age, what would it work, trimmed in the gorgeous eloquence of Pindar!"

WHERE BE YOU GOING MY DEVON MAID (See p. 232).

In H. Buxton Forman's edition of Keats' Poetical Works (1888), it is remarked that "The late Dante Gabriel Rossetti pointed out in one of his letters to me that the first verse is undoubtedly a reminiscence from one of the songs in Aella," beginning "As Eleanor by the green tessell was sitting!" which is said to be a reminiscence of some verses from Pills to Purge Melancholy. Chatterton's lines, above referred to, run thus:—

Mie husbande, Lord Thomas, a forrester boulde, As ever clove pynne or the baskette; Does no chevy saunceys from Elynour houlde, I have ytte as soone as I aske ytte.

