

Ricola

Jabones



VIOZIA. " LOBESCO."

Act I.

No. 1. — CHORUS.

A handwritten musical score for piano, page 1. The score begins with a tempo marking 'Allegro. Animato.' followed by a key signature of three sharps and a common time signature. The first measure consists of six eighth-note chords. The second measure starts with a forte dynamic (ff) followed by a half note and a quarter note. The third measure features a dynamic of p . The fourth measure contains a dynamic of f . The fifth measure has a dynamic of ff . The sixth measure begins with a dynamic of f , followed by a dynamic of $cresc.$ and a dynamic of $molto$. The score continues with more measures of piano music, including various note heads and rests.

CHO:

mf. —

f.

P. 122

Musical score for string quartet, measures 11-12. The top staff features a melodic line with dynamic markings: *pizz.*, *ff*, *mf.*, and *pizz.* The bottom staff provides harmonic support with bass and harmonic notes.

HARCO:

f.

A handwritten musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measures 11 and 12 are shown, separated by a repeat sign with a 'C' above it. Measure 11 begins with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 12 begins with a piano dynamic (p). The score includes various note heads, stems, and rests.

A handwritten musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The left staff uses a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains measures 90 through 94, ending with a double bar line. Measure 90 has a single eighth note. Measures 91-93 each begin with a quarter note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern of B-A-G-F. Measure 94 begins with a half note. The right staff starts with a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains measures 90 through 94, ending with a double bar line. Measures 90-93 each have a half note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern of D-C-B-A. Measure 94 begins with a half note.

A handwritten musical score for piano. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains measures 10 and 11, ending with a repeat sign and a double bar line. Measure 10 begins with a forte dynamic (f.). Measure 11 starts with a forte dynamic (f.) and includes a melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It continues from measure 11, showing a continuation of the melodic line with eighth-note patterns.

FIRCO:

mf.

f.

p.

f.

Pizz.

f.

p.

FIRCO:

Cresc. *f.* *f.*

Roco meno mosso:

f.

cresc.

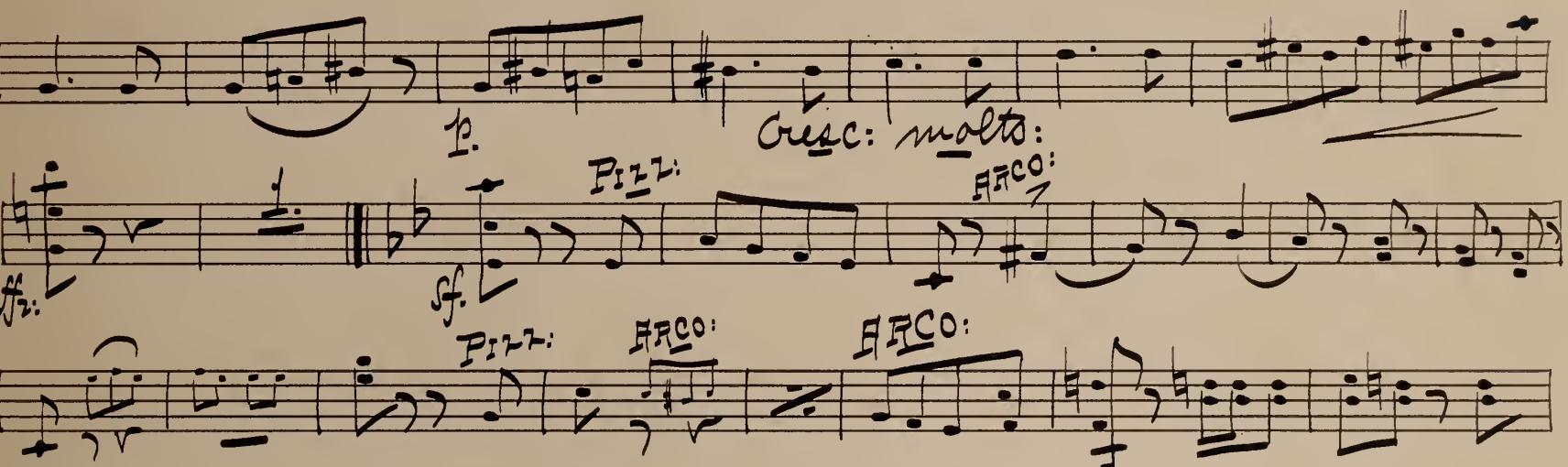
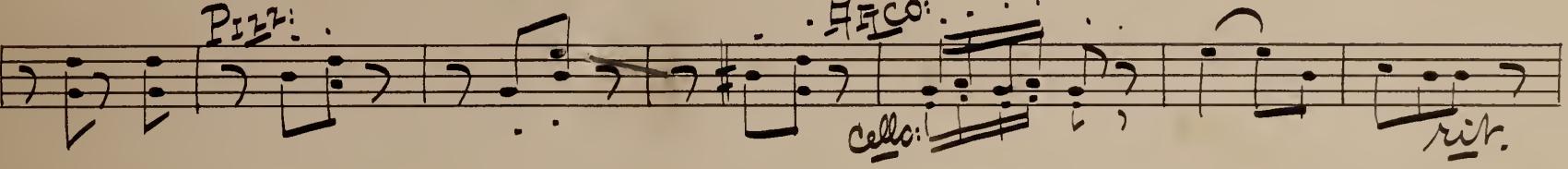
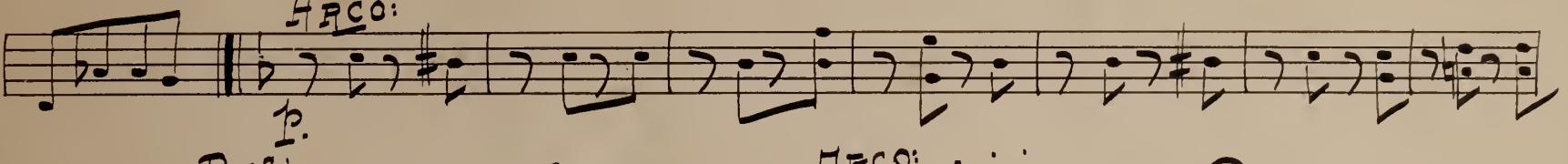
Pizz.

f.

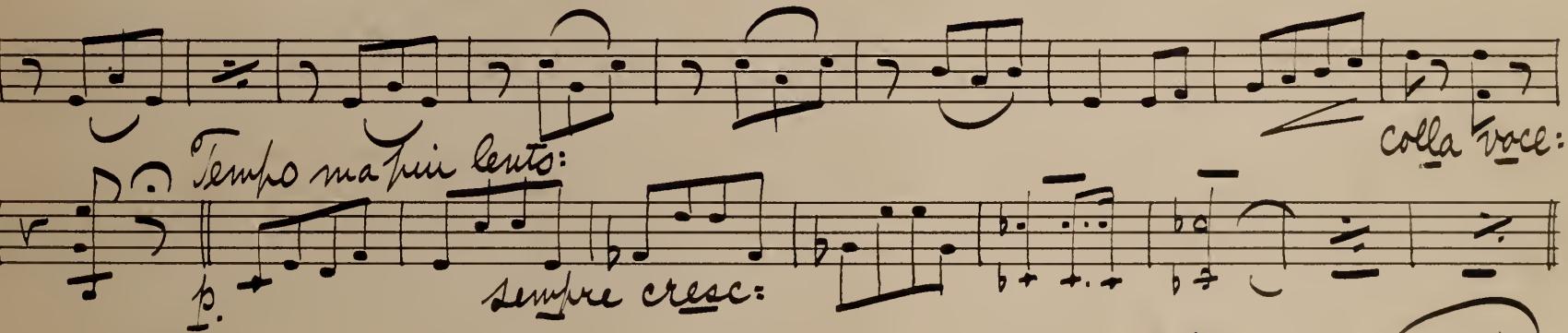
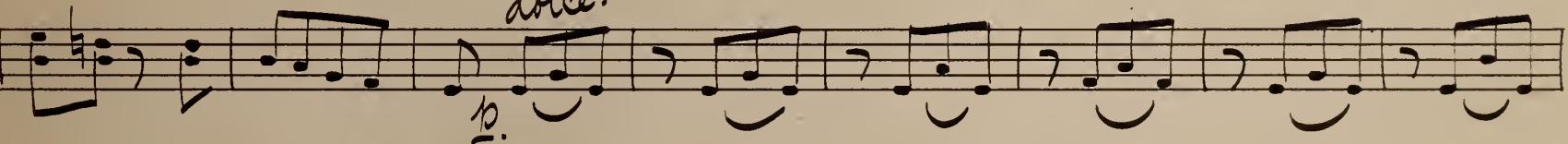
rall.

Piu Lento:

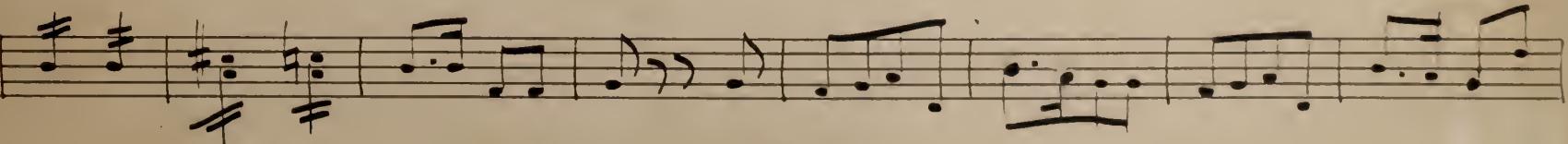
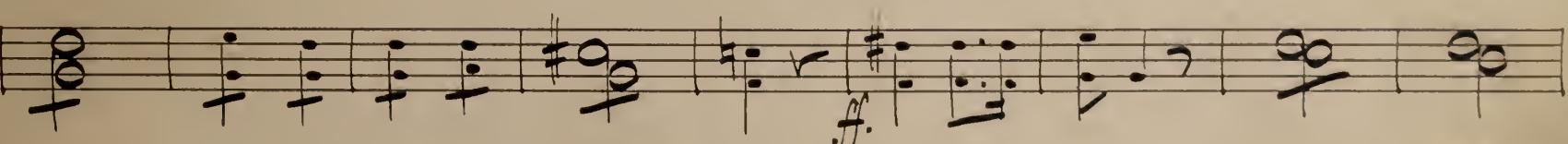
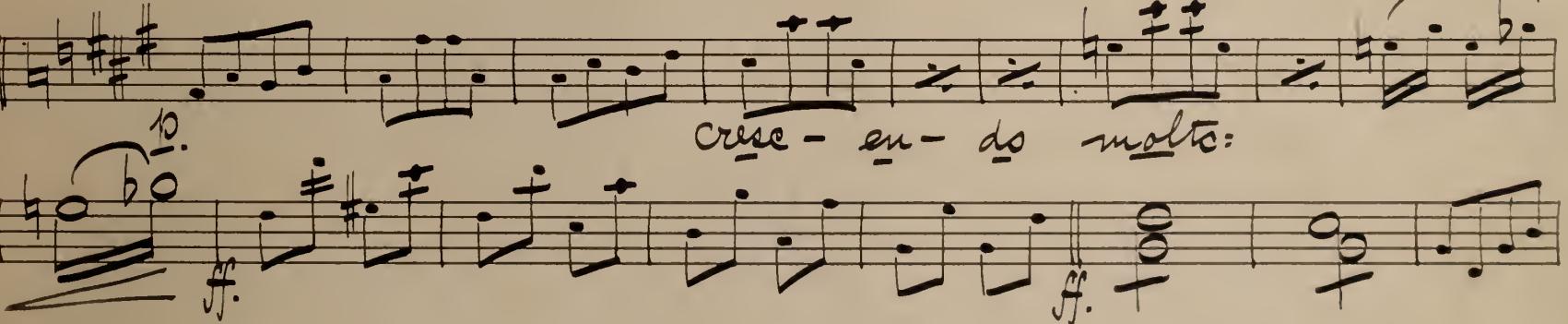
legg.

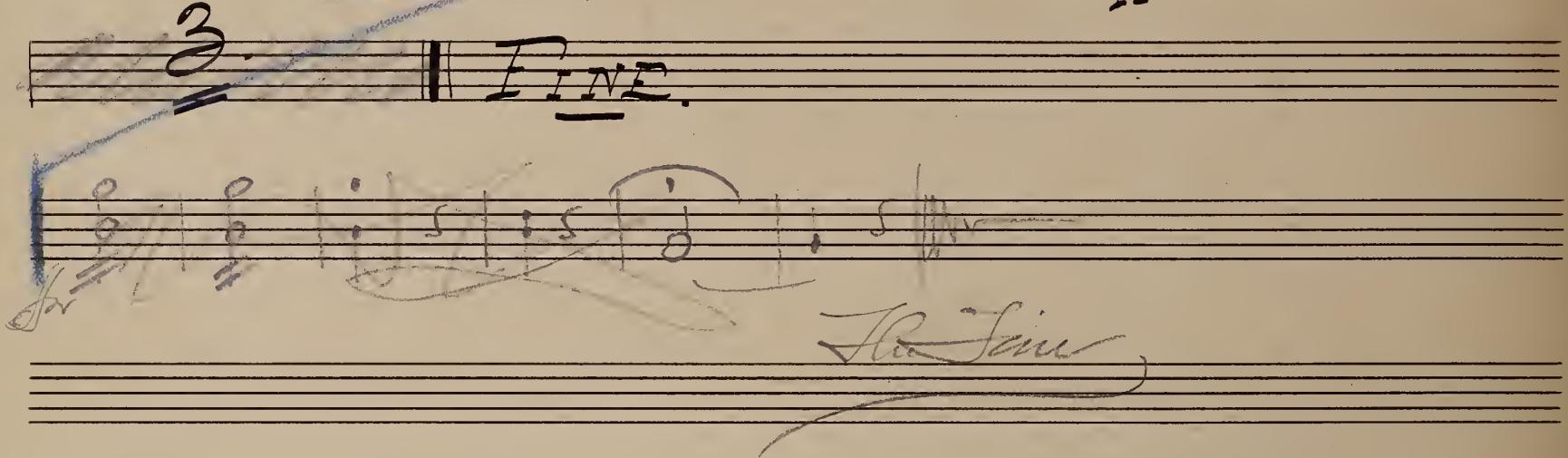
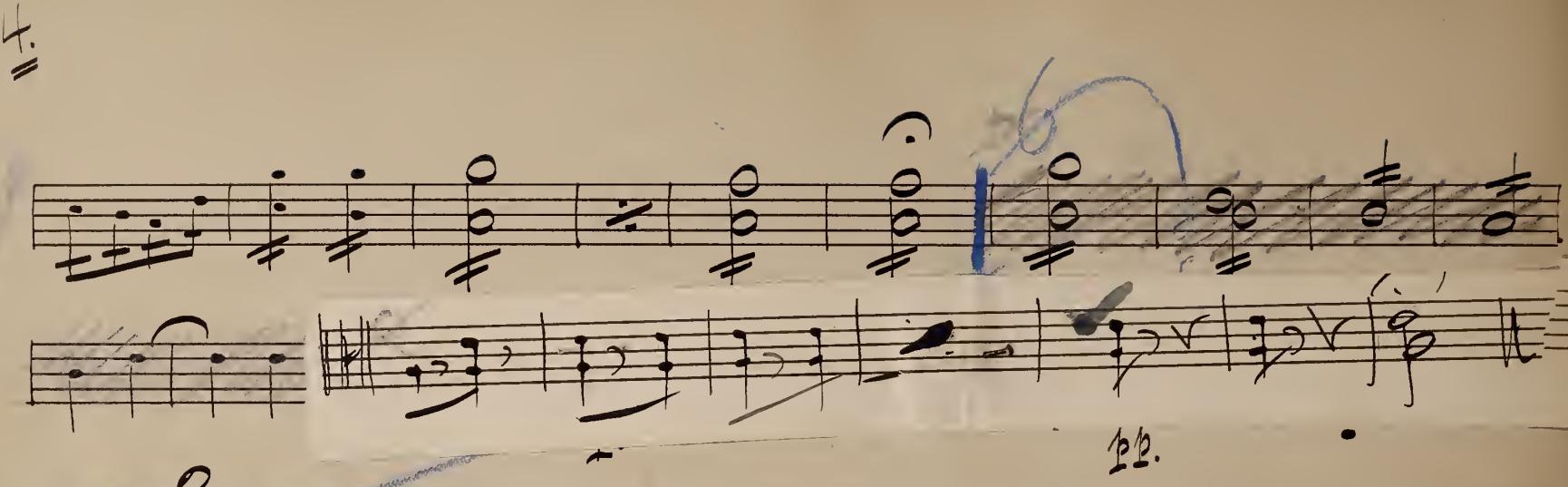


dolce:



crescendo molto:





No. 2.

"Lola's song;" (on sheet.)

No. 2 A.

5.

"MERCIE & LA TURQUE."

Handwritten musical score for "No. 2 A." featuring two staves. The top staff is in 2/4 time, F major, with dynamics mf., inf., ff. (2nd time ff.), and ff. The bottom staff is in common time, with a dynamic ff. and a note labeled (TRUMPET.). The score concludes with a flourish and a repeat sign.

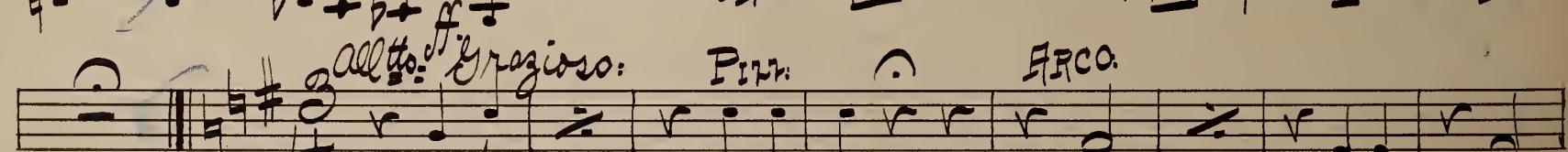
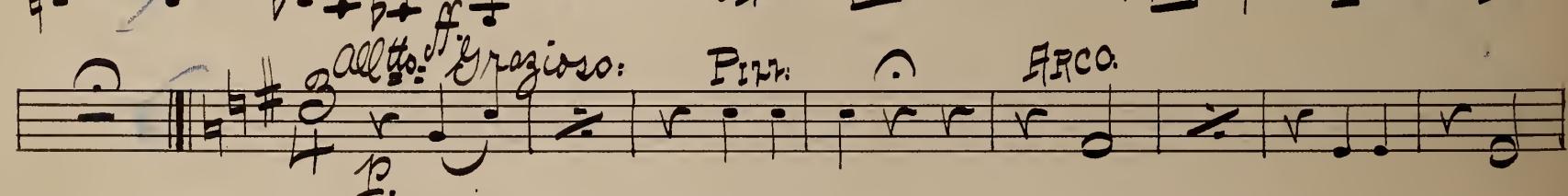
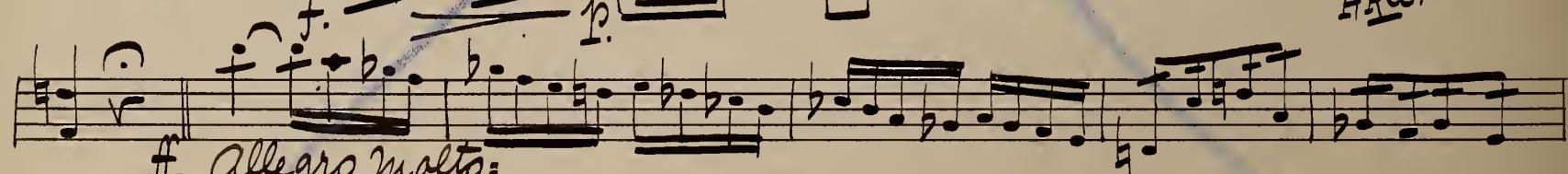
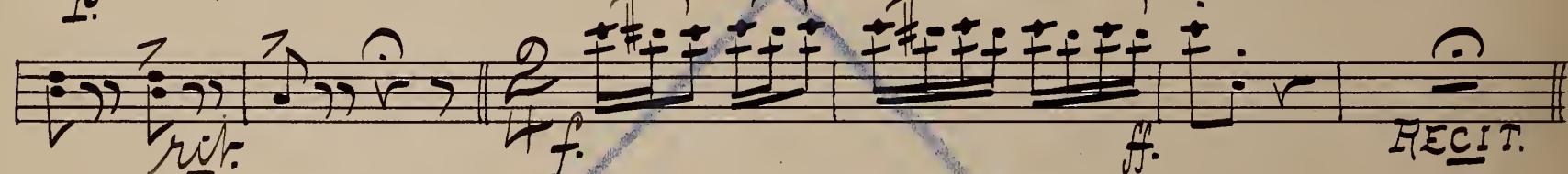
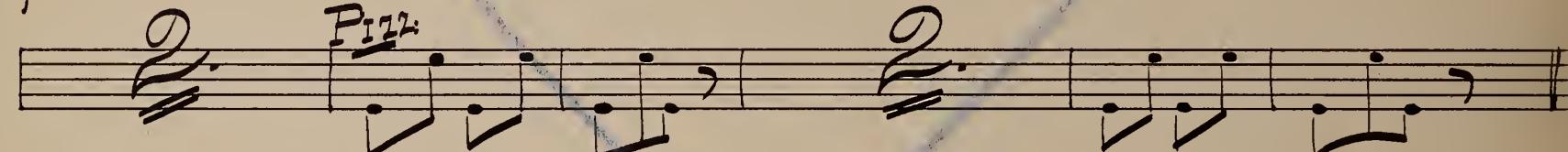
No. 3. ENTRANCE AND SONG; "PERSIA".

Handwritten musical score for "No. 3. ENTRANCE AND SONG; 'PERSIA'." The score begins with an Allegro section in common time, G major, with dynamics f., p., sf., p., and p. It features a vocal entry with dynamics cresc. and voice. The score continues with a piano part and concludes with a forte dynamic f.

Handwritten musical score for the end of "No. 3. ENTRANCE AND SONG; 'PERSIA'." The score consists of four staves. The first three staves begin with dynamics sf. p., sf. p., and sf. p. respectively. The fourth staff begins with a dynamic f. followed by ff. The score concludes with a final dynamic ff. and the word "FINE." The last measure is marked with a bracket under the bass line.

6.
No. 4.

CHORUS; PLEADING OF THE MELL."



V

Cresc.

rit.

a tempo:

p.

rit.

a tempo:

Tempo di Valse: Cresc.

rit.

Molto Vivace.

sf.

pp.

b?

f.

p.

f.

p.

f.

f.

f.

"U.S."

This is a page of handwritten musical notation for piano, likely a score or part of a larger piece. The notation is organized into ten staves, each representing a different voice or layer of the music. The music begins with a dynamic of 'Cresc.' followed by 'rit.'. The first two staves feature 'a tempo:' markings and dynamics 'p.' and 'rit.'. The third staff starts with 'rit.', followed by 'a tempo:', 'Tempo di Valse:', and 'Cresc.'. The fourth staff concludes with 'rit.' and 'Molto Vivace.'. The subsequent staves continue with various dynamics such as 'sf.', 'pp.', 'f.', 'p.', and 'ff.'. The notation includes a variety of note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, as well as sustained notes and rests. The manuscript is written in black ink on aged, slightly yellowed paper. In the bottom right corner, there is a handwritten label 'U.S.' enclosed in parentheses.

8.

Handwritten musical score page 8. The top staff consists of two measures of 2/4 time, common time, and 3/4 time. The bottom staff begins with a measure of common time. Both staves end with a 'FINE' marking.

No. 4.

~~Cresc.~~ Exit.

Handwritten musical score section titled 'No. 4.'. It features a single staff in common time. The dynamic 'Cresc.' is crossed out, and 'Exit.' is underlined.

Allegro: = # C f. sf. FINE.

Handwritten musical score section titled 'Allegro:' in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The section starts with a forte dynamic (f.) and includes a sforzando (sf.). It ends with a 'FINE.' marking.

No. 5.

Song; "GRAND VIZIER."

Moderato: = $\frac{2}{4}$ f. Brass:

The score consists of ten staves of handwritten musical notation. The first staff is for the brass section, featuring eighth-note patterns. The second staff is for the strings (Pizz.), showing sixteenth-note patterns. The third staff is for the harco section, with eighth-note patterns. The fourth staff is for the bass section (Pizz.), with eighth-note patterns. The fifth staff is for the harco section again, with eighth-note patterns. The sixth staff is for the bass section (Pizz.), with eighth-note patterns. The seventh staff is for the harco section, with eighth-note patterns. The eighth staff is for the bass section (Pizz.), with eighth-note patterns. The ninth staff is for the harco section, with eighth-note patterns. The tenth staff is for the bass section (Pizz.), with eighth-note patterns. The score concludes with a final staff labeled 'DANCE.' in the bass clef, with 'mf.' dynamics, followed by 'FINE.' at the end.

No. 6.

"MELODrama and Song;"

{ON SHEET}

No. 7.

11.

PRECIT., END SONG.

Recit: B.C. sf. p.

Allegro: B.C. $f_2:$ p. $f_2:$ p.

p.

Andante: cresc e accel. ff. p. b. f. Mod. to: G major

Song: f.

p.

I.

II.

f. dim.

p.

FIN.

12
No. 7.

"PRESHE'S ENTRANCE.

Marcia.



No. 8.

"MELOS."

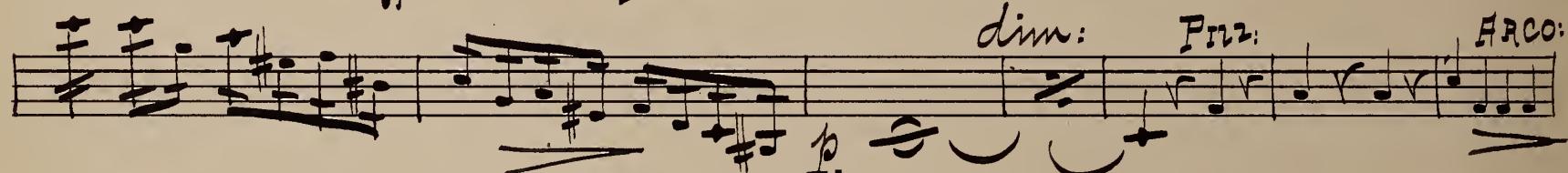
good



dim:

Pizz.

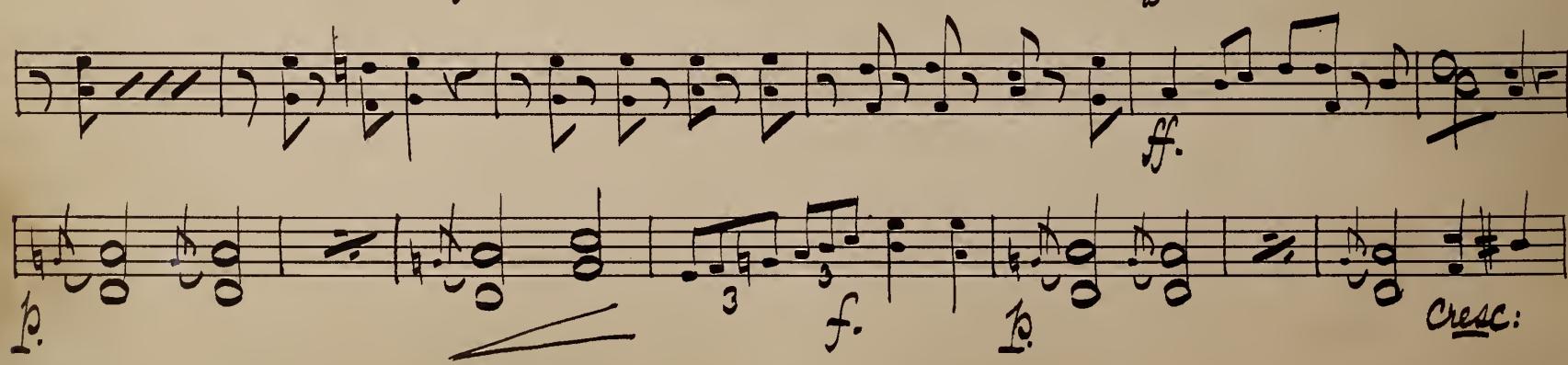
FRCO:



Fine.

No. 9.

"CHORUS."





No. 10.

"Song," — (on SHEET)

14.

No. 107.

Marcia:

No. 11.

"FIDDLE," — C T I.

Andante, $\frac{12}{8}$ wood wind, p.

Handwritten musical score for No. 11, "Fiddle". The score consists of eight staves of music in 12/8 time. It features woodwind instruments and includes dynamic markings such as 'p.', 'Prizz.', 'ARCO:', 'cresc.', 'f.', and 'molto vivace.'

7

f. p. f. p. f. p. f. p. f. p.

f. f. f. p. f. f. f. f. f. f.

f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.

f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.

f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f. f.

sf. sf. sf. ff. ff. ff. ff. ff. ff. ff.

(Cadz. Cl.) 3 2 1 8 p. Encore:

compt. cresc. "V.S." Quick.

f.

16.

cresc. molto:

fortissimo ff.

soft

End of act I st.

ACT II.

No. 1. -- "CHORUS."

Moderato: *p.* *all' mod. no.* *pizz.* *Cresc:* *f.*

ff. *ff.* *ff.* *ff.* *ff.* *ff.*

FINE. No. 19.

"EXIT."

f. *ff.* *ff.* *ff.* *ff.* *ff.*

No. 2.
"Duet."

Andante con moto. = $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ "f."

p.

No. 3.
"Quadrille."

Tempo Bolero: = $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{7}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

p.

Pizz. *ff.*

mf. *cresc:*

FRCO: *f.*

p. *DANCE.* *ff.* *2. 3. 4. 5.*

p. *ff.*

FINE. " *ELLEGCCG -*
- No. 35. -

20:

No. 34.

Allegretto.

p.

p.p.

p.p. ad lib. Vivace.

I. *II.*

FINE.

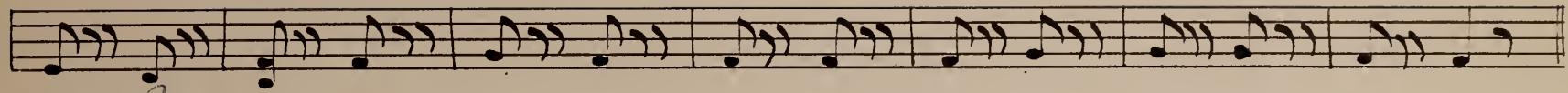
" *finiss.*

No. 35.

Moderato.

p.

fin mosso.



Violace:

H. I. II | *FINE.* "זְהַתְּנִגְכֵן" 3^{c.}

"Con Sordini": *No. 3c.*

Sordini.

Andante. = $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{P.}{P.}$

$\frac{P.}{P.}$

$\frac{P.}{P.}$

Poco Allegro:

$P.$

$P.$

FINE.

No. 4.

"MELODRAM."

Con Sordini.

Molto Agitato. = $\frac{6}{8}$ pp.

cresc.

sforz.

and tmo rit.

p.

pp.

FINE

No. 5.

"CHORUS" - (ON SHEET)

24.

No. 6.

Song and Chorus.

"Greet the Old Man" etc.

Moderato. = $\frac{2}{4}$ $\begin{smallmatrix} \flat \\ \flat \end{smallmatrix}$

Cello:

Cho:

rit.

NO. 7.

"Baller Music."

(Extra Sheets.)

No 8.

Song = Grand Viz =

Moderato $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ f. *voca* $f_2 \beta$

pizz

arco.

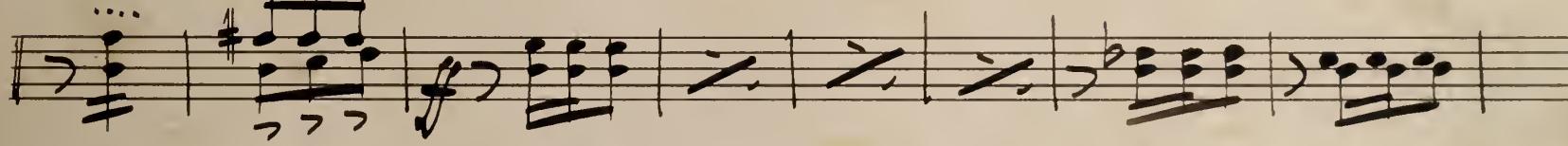
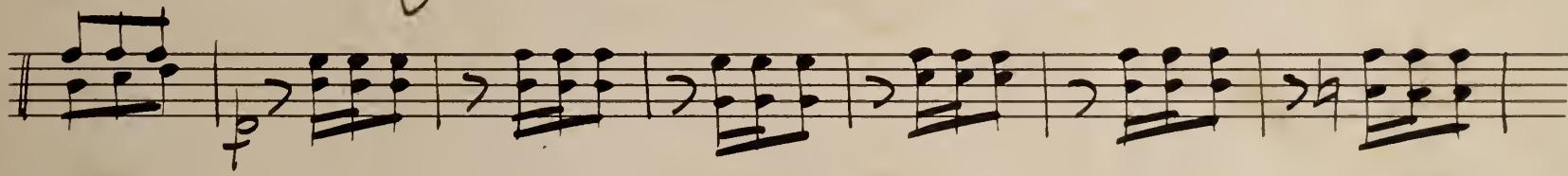
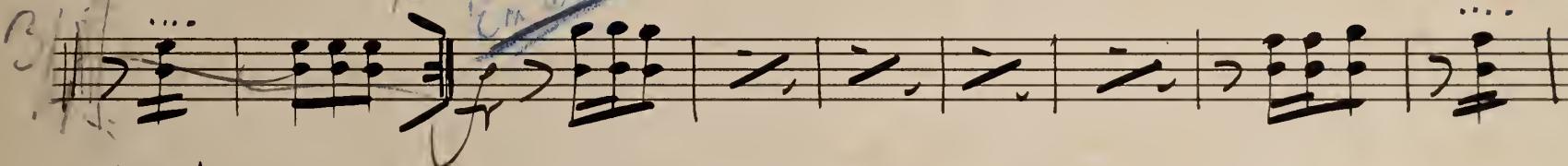
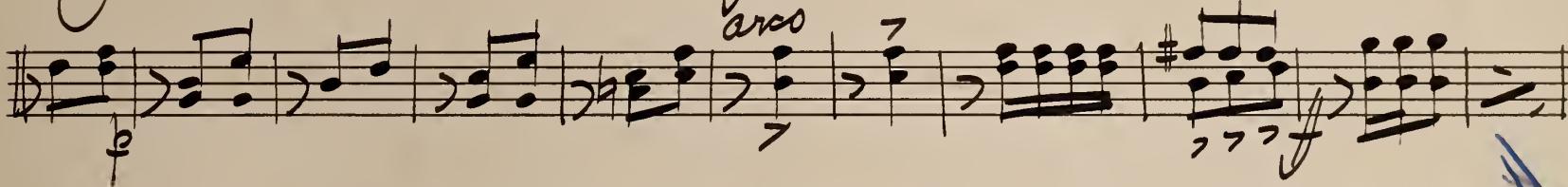
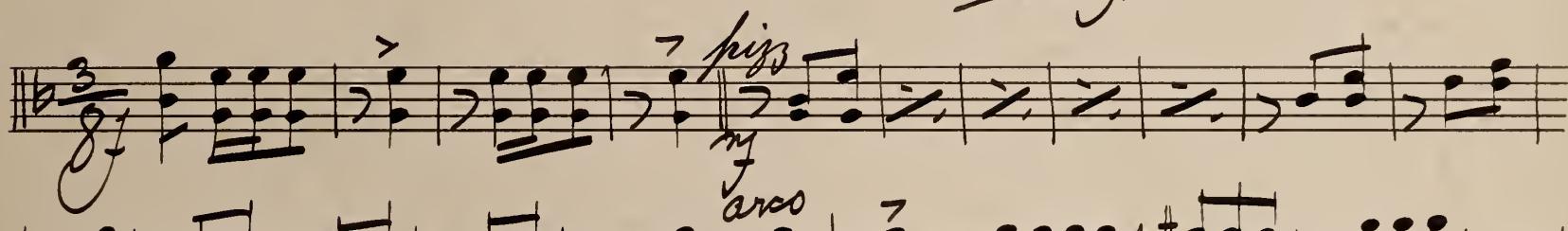
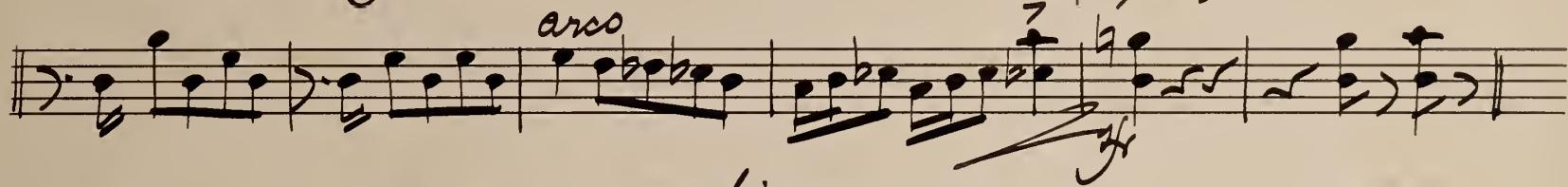
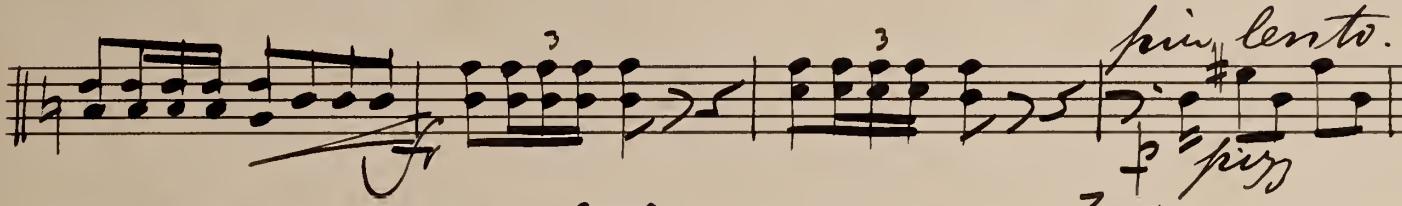
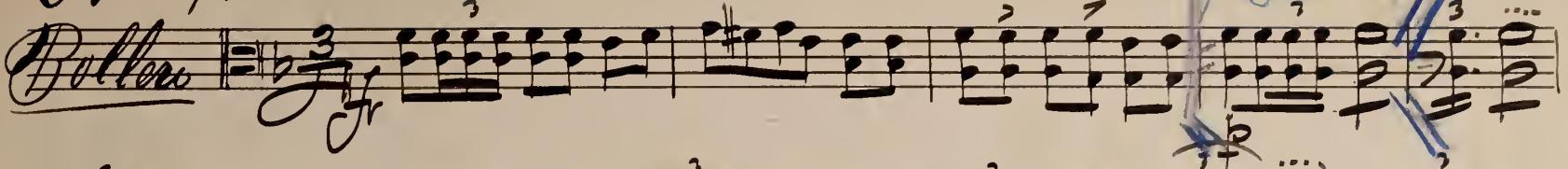
rall *a tempo*

Dance

No 9 = Final March.

(on Sheet.)

No. 4.



Viola

Finale Ach 2nd

Finale auch nicht

Tempo di March 2

The musical score consists of six staves of handwritten notation on five-line staff paper. The key signature is F major (one sharp). The time signature is 2/4. The tempo is marked as 'Tempo di March'. The first two staves feature a single melodic line with eighth-note patterns. The third and fourth staves introduce harmonic complexity with chords and bass notes. The fifth and sixth staves continue the rhythmic pattern established in the first two staves. The score concludes with a dynamic instruction 'allegro' and a 'Voice' part indicated by a vocal range bracket.

attacca

allegro

Voice

> 10

Finale continued

Moderato

Allegro (alla breve)

Allegro *Tac* *rit.*

a tempo *rit*

a tempo

Allegro pris *Tac*

alla *rall* - - - - - V.S. -

This is a handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The score begins with a 'Moderato' section in common time, featuring a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It transitions into an 'Allegro (alla breve)' section, indicated by a 'f' dynamic and a '2/2' time signature. The music then shifts to 'Allegro' with a 'Tac' (tacet) instruction, followed by a 'rit.' (ritardando). The tempo changes again to 'a tempo' with a 'rit' instruction. The score continues with several more sections, each with its own unique dynamics and time signatures, including 'a tempo' sections and ritardando sections. The final section is labeled 'Allegro pris' with a 'Tac' instruction. The score concludes with a dynamic 'alla' and a 'rall' (rallentando) instruction, followed by a repeat sign and the instruction 'V.S.' (versus).

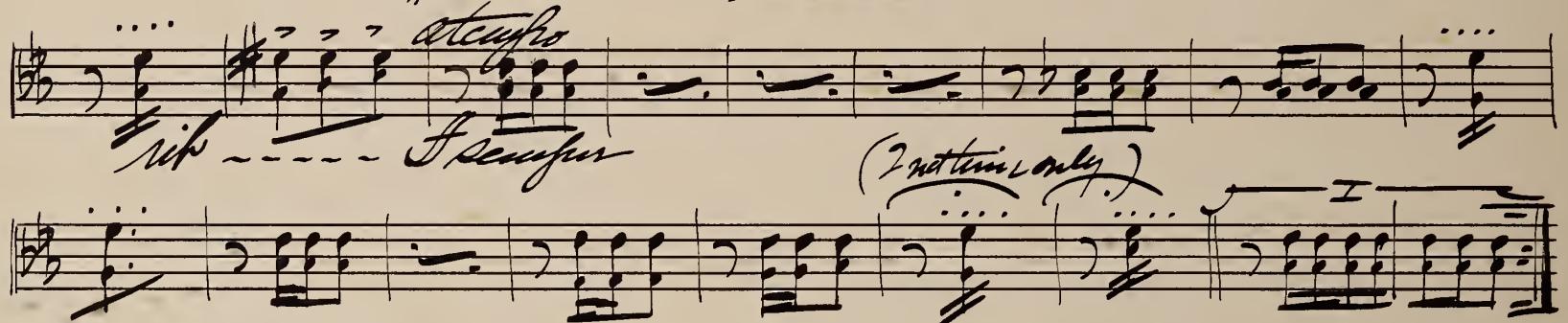
ass. muto



Timp di Valse



cresc.



(2 notes only)



The End

Viola

Entre Act.

Glissante con moto. *pizz.* *#12* *p.*

Arco ferm. *#12* *pp.*

Tempo Magistral. *#3* *p.*

atempo. *p.*

pizz. *Arco* *pizz.* *Pronto.*

Viola

Act II No 1 chorus

Fo. 1.

Natürtempo

|| #: 8₄ | ♫ - | - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

Pizz. | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

Arco | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| d. | ♫ - | d. | ♫ - |

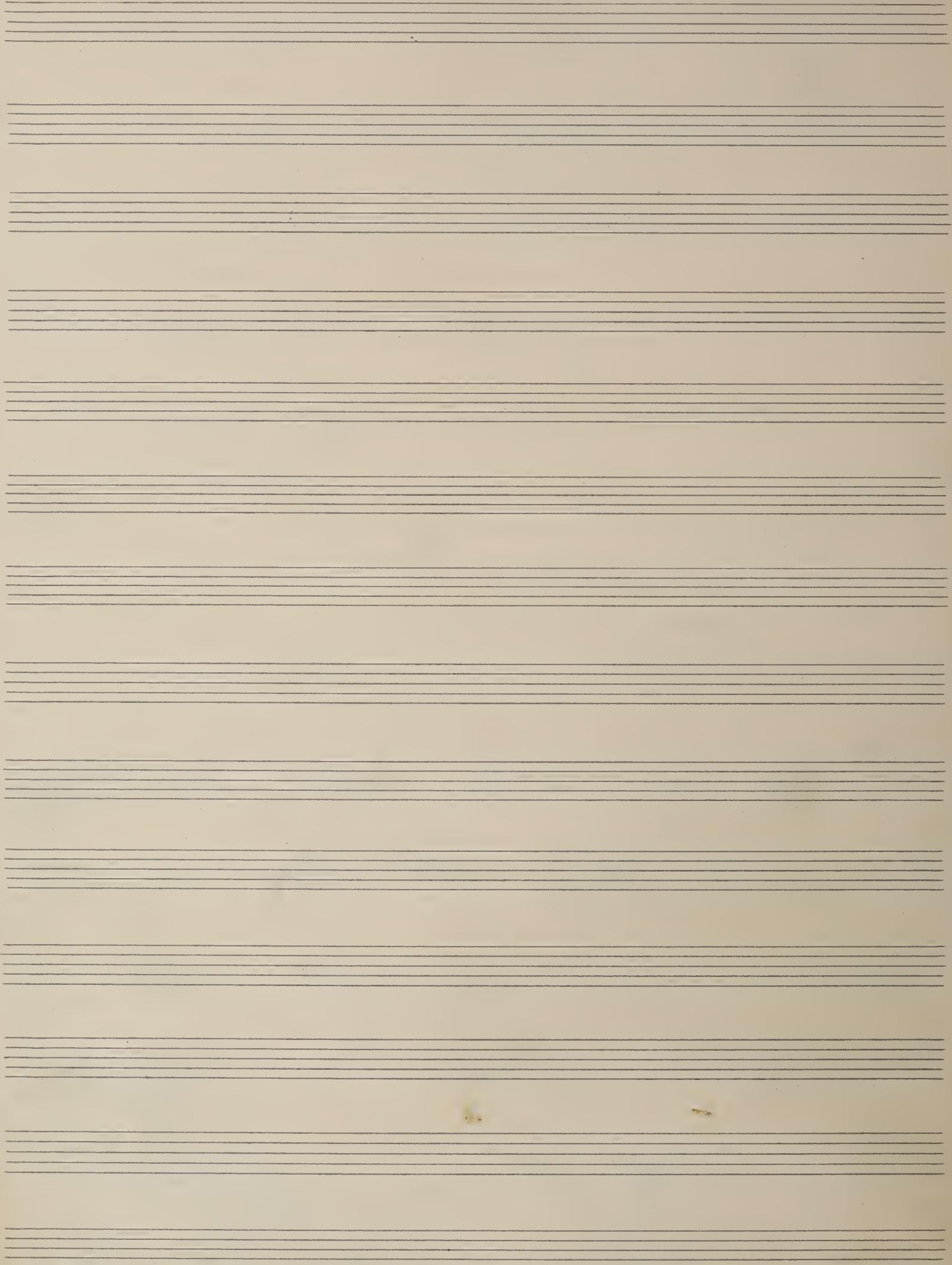
|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| d. | d. | ♫ - | - | ♫ - | d. | d. | ♫ - | ♫ - |

|| ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - | ♫ - |



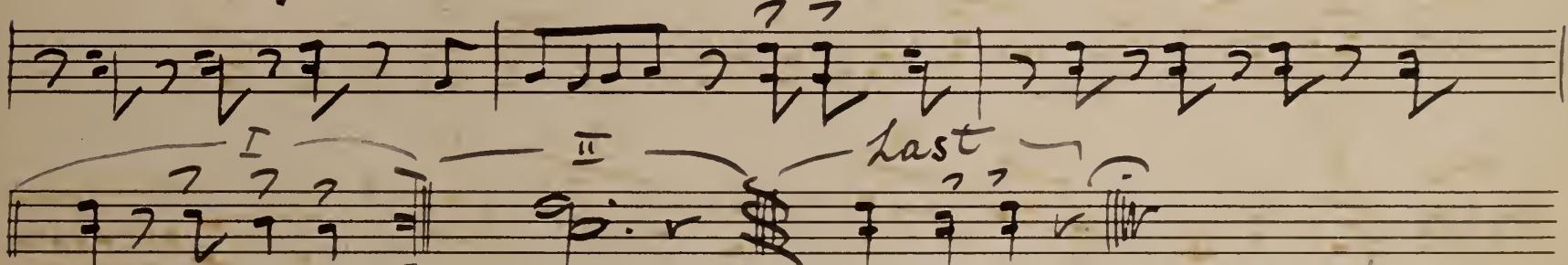
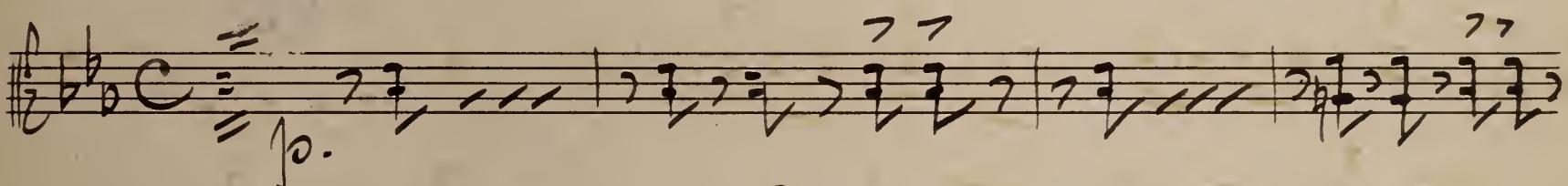
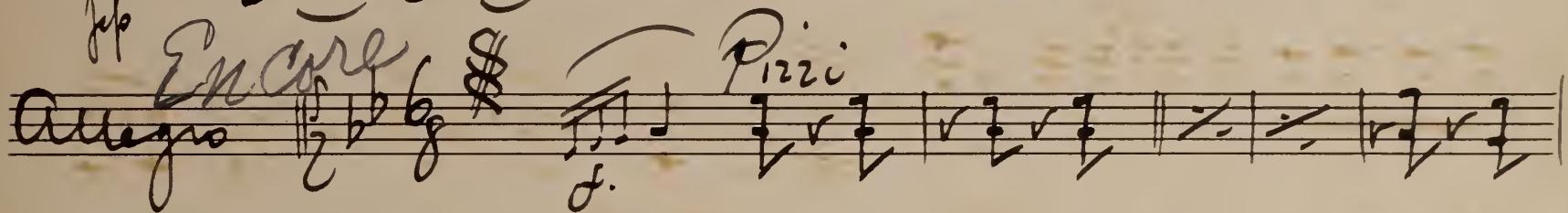
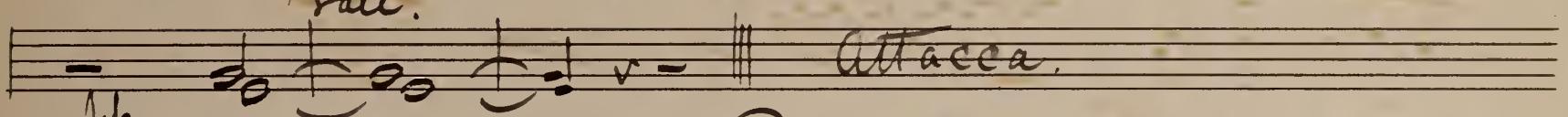
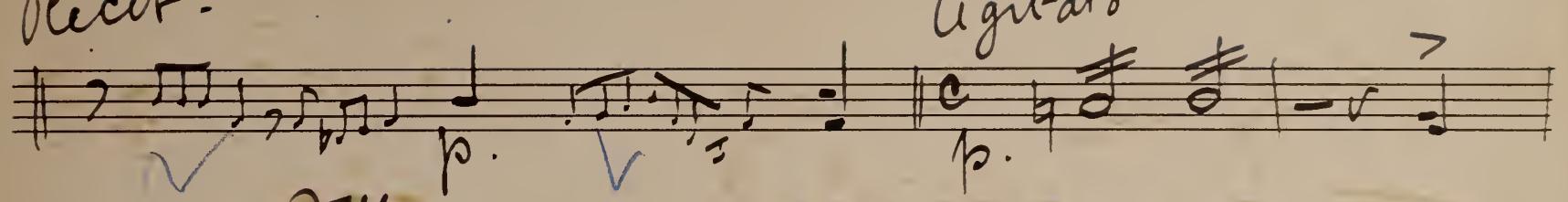
Viola. Melodrama & Song

Crane

Cello

attacca flecite.

Recit.



Rept f.

D.S.

Legue No. 6

Adt: No 6 Pags 11

