

Georg Gerson

(1790–1825)

Waltzes for Piano

G.52, G.65, G.69, G.70, G.90

G.129, G.130, G.131

G.143, G.144, G.151

Score

Edited by
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Walzer für Lisette Fürst

G.52

Fortepiano

6

12

17

23

28

mf

p

f

p

tr

Fine

32

f

p

39

mf

tr

45

tr

p

51

p

58

cresc

ff

mf

D. C. al Segno

Walzer

G.65

Fortepiano

The sheet music consists of six staves of piano music. Staff 1 (measures 1-5) starts in 3/4 time with a key signature of two sharps. It includes dynamics like *mf*, *f*, and *mf*. Staff 2 (measures 6-10) begins with *f*, followed by *mf*, a repeat sign, and endings 1 and 2. Ending 1 leads to a *Fine*, while ending 2 continues with *p*. Staff 3 (measures 11-15) shows a melodic line over a harmonic background. Staff 4 (measures 16-20) features a transition with a key change to one sharp, dynamic *f*, and dynamic *p*. Staff 5 (measures 22-26) returns to 3/4 time with a key signature of one sharp, featuring *mf*, *mf*, and *p*. Staff 6 (measures 27-31) concludes with *f*, *p*, and ends with *D. C. al Fine*.

Walzer

G.69

Fortepiano

6

13

19

26

Deux Valses Pour Pianoforte

Vals N° I, G.70

The sheet music consists of six staves of piano music. The first staff starts with a dynamic *p* and a tempo marking *dolce*. The second staff begins at measure 6 with a dynamic *f*. The third staff starts at measure 12, with two endings labeled 1. and 2. The fourth staff begins at measure 16 with a dynamic *f*. The fifth staff starts at measure 22 with a dynamic *p*. The sixth staff concludes the piece at measure 28 with a dynamic *Fine*.

33

p

ff

39

fp

fp

46

fp

f

52

ff

p

59

mf

D. C.
[al Fine]

Deux Valses Pour Pianoforte
Vals N° II, G.90

1. 2.

7. f p cresc

13. f

19. p cresc

26. mf f Fine p

32. D. C. al Fine

Walzer für Fortepiano

G.129

Nº 1

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation for piano. Staff 1 (top) shows a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a common time signature (indicated by a '4'). The dynamic 'mf' is marked at the beginning, followed by 'tr' (trill) over the first measure. Staff 2 (middle) shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The dynamic 'p' is marked at the end of the first section. Staff 3 (second from top) shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Dynamics 'cresc' (crescendo), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), and 'p' (pianissimo) are marked. Staff 4 (third from top) shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The dynamic 'Fine' is marked at the end. Staff 5 (bottom) shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Dynamics 'tr' (trill), 'p' (pianissimo), 'f' (fortissimo), and 'tr' (trill) are marked. Staff 6 (second from bottom) shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Dynamics 'p' (pianissimo) and 'f' (fortissimo) are marked. Staff 7 (bottom) shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Dynamics 'tr' (trill), 'mf' (mezzo-forte), 'p' (pianissimo), and 'rf' (rallentando forte) are marked.

28

33

37

41

45

Walzer für Fortepiano

G.130

Nº 2

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation for piano. Staff 1 (top) starts with a dynamic *f*. Staff 2 (second from top) shows a transition with dynamics *p*, *f*, and *p*. Staff 3 (middle) includes dynamic markings *mf* and *f*. Staff 4 (fourth from top) features a dynamic *f*. Staff 5 (bottom) concludes with a dynamic *p* and the instruction "Fine". Various performance techniques like slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings are used throughout.

7

13

19

26

33

cresc

f

p

mf

f

p

Fine

D. C. al Fine

Walzer für Fortepiano

G.131

Nº 3

5

8^{va} -----

9

13

17

21

The sheet music consists of six staves of musical notation for piano. Staff 1 (measures 1-4) shows a melodic line in the treble clef with dynamic 'p' and harmonic bass notes in the bass clef. Staff 2 (measures 5-8) features a more complex melodic line with grace notes and a dynamic 'f'. Staff 3 (measures 9-12) includes dynamic changes from 'p' to 'f' and 'p' again. Staff 4 (measures 13-16) shows a melodic line with a dynamic 'rf p' and a forte dynamic 'f'. Staff 5 (measures 17-20) continues the melodic line with a dynamic 'f'. Staff 6 (measures 21-24) concludes the piece with a dynamic 'ff'.

Walzer für Fortepiano
G.143

Nº 4

The musical score consists of five staves of piano music. Staff 1 (top) starts with a dynamic of *mf*, followed by *f* and *Ped.*. Staff 2 (middle) starts with a dynamic of *p*. Staff 3 (second from top) starts with a dynamic of *f*, followed by *mf* and *p*. Staff 4 (third from top) starts with a dynamic of *d.*. Staff 5 (bottom) starts with a dynamic of *f*, followed by *Fine*, *p*, and *D. C.*.

4

9

14

20

Walzer für Fortepiano

G.144

Nº 5

7

12

18

23

30

1.

2.

mf

Fine

p

1.

2.

D. C.

Walzer für Fortepiano, mit einem Finger zu spielen

G.151

Fortepiano

The sheet music consists of five staves of musical notation for piano. The first staff starts with a dynamic of *p*, followed by a series of sixteenth-note patterns. The second staff begins with a dynamic of *p dolce*. The third staff features a dynamic of *mf*. The fourth staff includes markings for 'for' and 'cresc'. The fifth staff concludes with a dynamic of *D. C. al Fine*.

Critical notes

This score is the first modern edition of Waltzes for piano by the Danish composer “Georg Gerson” (1790–1825). The sources are

MS “George Gersons samling: mu 7105.0963 C II, 6b” (1823), a 5 volume collection of manuscript scores by Gerson preserved at the Royal Library of Copenhagen, Denmark.

OP “Deux Valses pour Pianoforte”, engraving published in Copenhagen 1815 by C. C. Lose.

In his manuscripts Gerson made use of various shorthand notations like slashed notes representing repeated notes. Such notation types are also found in music prints from that period like Gerson’s string quartet no. 5 (G.63) published as part books 1826. The full score of this modern edition comes in two versions: a score keeping as close as possible to the original notation and an alternative, ’contemporized’ score expanding the shorthand notations. In the contemporized scores the beaming of vocal staves has been adapted to modern practices. Separate parts are contemporized as well.

Performance indications within brackets and dashed ties and slurs have been added by the editor.

G.52: “Walzer für Lisette Fürst”

composed August 21, 1811, *MS* volume 5, p. 21.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
37	Pno lh	1	No accidental ♯ on F ₃ in <i>MS</i> .
39	Pno lh	1	No accidental ♯ on F ₃ in <i>MS</i> .

G.65: “Walzer”

in D Major, composed July 7, 1812, *MS* volume 2, p. 118.

G.69: “Walzer”

in C Major, composed September 21, 1812, *MS* volume 2, p. 48.

G.70: “Vals N° I”

in F Major, *OP*, p. 2.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
15	Pno lh	3	No accidental ♯ on B _{b3} in <i>OP</i> .

G.90: “Walzer”

in G Major, composed September 21, 1812, “Vals N° II” *OP*, p. 3.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
14			No 1. and 2. endings in <i>OP</i> .
30			No 1. and 2. endings in <i>OP</i> .

G.129: “Walzer für Pianoforte”

in D Major, composed March 12, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 41.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
12	Pno lh	2	No clef change in <i>MS</i> .
20	Pno lh	2	Low note D ₃ in <i>MS</i> .
35	Pno rh	3	Single dotted ♫ note in <i>MS</i> .
38	Pno rh	3	Single dotted ♫ note in <i>MS</i> .
39	Pno rh	3	Single dotted ♫ note in <i>MS</i> .

G.130: “Walzer”

in C Major, composed March 19, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 42.

G.131: “Walzer”

in D Major, composed March 20, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 43.

G.143: “Walzer”

in A♭ Major, composed July 15, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 59.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
16			Mid bar double repeat in <i>MS</i> .

G.144: “Walzer”

in E♭ Major, composed July 15, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 59.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
20			 in <i>MS</i> .

G.151: “Walzer für Fortepiano, mit Einem Finger zu spielen”

in C Major, composed December 27, 1818, *MS* volume 5, p. 65.

Bar No.	Part	Note No.	Comment
1	Pno lh		Bass clef in <i>MS</i> .