



Jailton de Oliveira

The Spirit of the Forest
Ballet

for String Orchestra and Percussion

O Espírito da Floresta
Ballet

para Orquestra de Cordas e Percussão

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

for String Orchestra and Percussion

This work is based on the legend of the Curupira, a mysterious being who, according to popular belief, resides deep in the jungles of Brazil. The musical scenes are inspired by one of the many tales of the Curupira, told by the people for whom the Amazon rainforest is home. In this story, a young girl named Nayara loses her way in the jungle, and is then found by the Curupira, who appears before her in the form of a handsome young man. Upon meeting, he promises to help her find her way home. Seduced by this stranger and oblivious to his true identity, she agrees to stay with him overnight in the dark rainforest. When Nayara wakes in the morning, she is alone again and cannot recall the events of the night. She resumes her search for the path leading to her home. After a many hours of searching, she arrives at her small house, where she lives with her aunt Yarana. Some weeks later, Nayara discovers that she is pregnant, and suddenly recalls the night when she was lost in the jungle with the mysterious young man. After hearing this recount, her aunt Yarana realizes that this is the fault of the Curupira, and tormented with sadness, she falls and dies. Suddenly Nayara's boyfriend Jurueno, who has been hiding behind the house and has heard the entire story, appears. Nayara begs for his forgiveness, but alas Jurueno cannot pardon her betrayal. She leaves, and he, feeling alone, recedes into the jungle and dies of disgust.

Essa obra se baseia na lenda do Curupira, um ente misterioso, que, segundo a crença popular, habita as matas e florestas brasileiras. As cenas musicais são inspiradas numa das suas muitas histórias, que são contadas pelos habitantes da floresta Amazônica. Nessa história, a jovem Nayara se perde na floresta e é encontrada pelo Curupira, que aparece em forma de homem bonito, prometendo ajudá-la a voltar pra casa. A moça é seduzida e, sem saber que aquele jovem formoso é o Curupira, passa a noite com ele na floresta. No outro dia, novamente sozinha e sem se lembrar direito o que aconteceu, Nayara volta a procurar o caminho de casa, até que, finalmente, reencontra a cabana onde vive com sua tia Yarana. Semanas se passam e Nayara percebe que está grávida, então se lembra da noite em que ficou na floresta com aquele moço. Ao contar a história para sua tia, esta descobre logo que foi trama do Curupira e, agoniada de tamanha tristeza, cai morta. Logo após, chega Jurueno, noivo de Nayara, que ouvira toda a história, escondido atrás da cabana. Nayara suplica por perdão, mas Jurueno não aceita e a abandona. Nayara vai embora e Jurueno, sozinho na mata, morre de desgosto.

The Spirit of the Forest
Ballet
for String Orchestra and Percussion

Instrumentation

Percussion

2 Timpani (one player) (Timp.)

Other Percussion (three players): Triangle (Trgl.), Cymbals (Cym.), Tam Tam (T.T.), Tambourine (Tamb.), Snare Drum (S.Dr.), Bass Drum (B.Dr.).

Strings

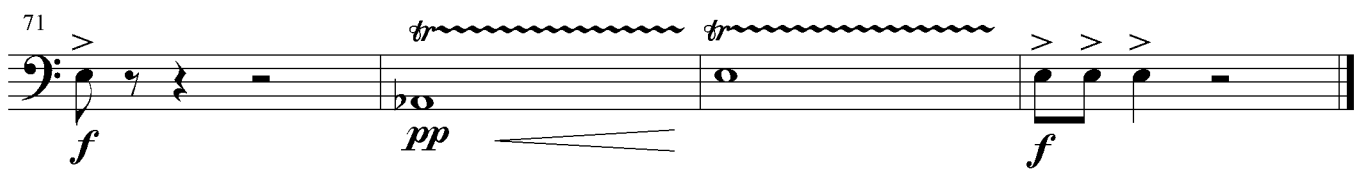
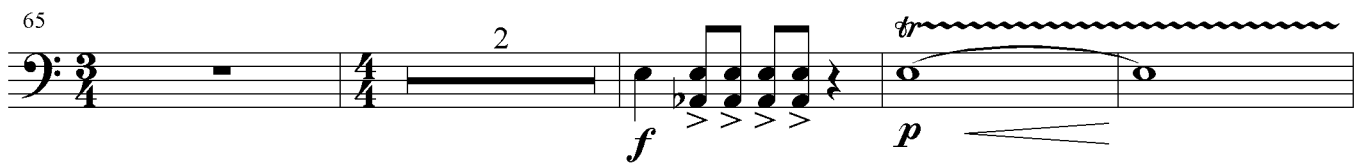
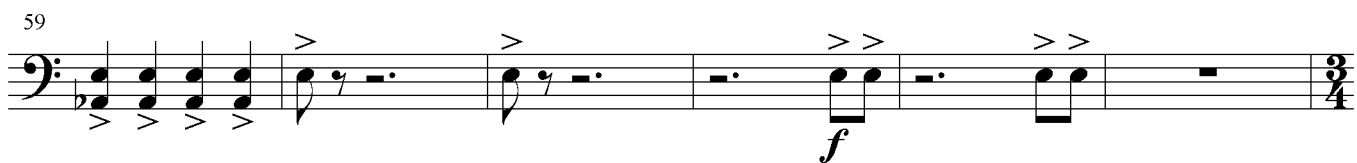
Violins I and II (Vln. I,II), Violas (Vla.), Cellos (Vc.), Double Bases (D.B.).

Duration: 21'50''

Instrumental Parts

Jailton de Oliveira

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Timpani

III. The enchantment

1

Timpani musical score for "III. The enchantment". The score is written in bass clef and includes various time signatures and dynamic markings.

Measure 1: $\text{♩} = 63$, 9/8 time signature, *mp*.

Measure 6: *poco accel.*, 3/4 time signature, *fp*, *rall...*, *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 63$), 6/8 time signature, *poco accel.*, 4.

Measure 15: *a tempo*, 9/8 time signature, *mp*.

Measure 18: *p*, 3, *f*, $\text{♩} = 63$, 2/4 time signature.

Measure 25: $\text{♩} = 80$, 2, *ff*.

Measure 31: *rall...*, 3, *a tempo*, *p*.

Measure 38: *mf*, *ff*, 3, *rall...*, 2.

Timpani

♩ = 108

The score is written for Timpani on a single staff in bass clef. It begins with a tempo marking of ♩ = 108. The music is divided into measures, with measure numbers 9, 18, 26, 53, 63, 79, 87, 98, and 107 indicated at the start of their respective lines. The score includes various musical notations such as eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, often beamed together in groups of three. Dynamic markings include *pp*, *mp*, *mf*, *f*, and *p*, with crescendo and decrescendo hairpins. There are also trill ornaments (tr) and accents (>). The time signature changes from 2/4 to 3/8 and back to 2/4. Measure numbers 12 and 11 are written above some measures, and the word 'rall...' appears above a measure. The score ends with a double bar line.

9 *mf* 3 3 *mp* 2 *mp* 3 2

18 *mp* *p* *f* *mp*³ 2

26 *f* 12 11

53 *f* *mp* *pp* *p* 2 3

63 7 4 *mf* *rall...*

79 ♩ = 96 *p* *p* *mp*

87 *mf* 3 2 *mf* 4

98 *mp* *mf* 3 *f* 3

107 *p* *mf* *p* *mf* *mf*³ *f*

Percussion

2

41

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ p $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{4}{4}$ mp $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ f $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

47

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

accel. poco a poco

52

T.T. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

$\bullet = 120$

57

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

fp *mf*

62

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ 2

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ mf $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ 2

68

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ f $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ pp $\frac{4}{4}$ f

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ f $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ f $\frac{4}{4}$ f

Percussion

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

3

♩ = 92

Cymbals

Snare Drum

Bass Drum

9

Cym.

S. Dr.

B. Dr.

13

Cym.

S. Dr.

B. Dr.

poco rall...

a tempo

ff

f

20

Cym.

S. Dr.

B. Dr.

23

Cym.

S. Dr.

B. Dr.

pp

p

pp

rall...

6

6

6

Percussion

4

34 $\bullet = 60$

Cym. 3

S. Dr. 3

B. Dr. 3

mf *mp* *sfz* *pp*

41 $\bullet = 92$

Cym. 12

S. Dr. 12

B. Dr. 12

p *mf* *mf*

57

Cym. *f*

S. Dr. *pp* *cresc...* *f*

B. Dr. *mf*

62 *Un poco più mosso. (♩ = 100)*

Cym. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

S. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

f *p* *f*

67

Cym. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

S. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$

Percussion

5

72

Cym. $\frac{2}{4}$ 4

S. Dr. $\frac{2}{4}$ 4

B. Dr. $\frac{2}{4}$ 4 *tr* *ppp* *pp*

82

Cym. *rall...* $\text{♩} = 60$ $\frac{6}{8}$

S. Dr. $\frac{6}{8}$ *p*

B. Dr. $\frac{6}{8}$

88

Cym. 2 $\frac{2}{4}$

S. Dr. 2 $\frac{2}{4}$

B. Dr. 2 $\frac{2}{4}$

95

Cym. $\text{♩} = 100$ *mf* $\frac{2}{4}$

S. Dr. *tr* *pp cresc...* *f* $\frac{2}{4}$

B. Dr. *mf* $\frac{2}{4}$

100

Cym. $\text{♩} = 92$ $\frac{4}{4}$

S. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ *tr* *pp sempre*

Percussion

6

106

Cym.

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

Measures 106-111. Cym. and S.Dr. have a steady pulse in 3/4 and 4/4. B. Dr. has a wavy line in 3/4 and a rhythmic pattern in 4/4.

112

poco rall... *a tempo*

Cym.

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

Measures 112-116. Cym. and S.Dr. have a steady pulse in 3/4 and 4/4. B. Dr. has a wavy line in 3/4 and a rhythmic pattern in 4/4.

117

rall...

Cym.

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

Measures 117-122. Cym. and S.Dr. have a steady pulse in 3/4 and 4/4. B. Dr. has a wavy line in 3/4 and a rhythmic pattern in 4/4.

Percussion

III. The enchantment

7

1. Tambourine

4. Tamb.

9. Tamb.

14. Tamb.

28. Tamb.

33. Tamb.

40. Tamb.

♩ = 120

Triangle

Tam Tam

Bass Drum

pp *p* *mp* *mp*

8

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

mf *mf* *mf*

13

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

mp

17

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

p *mf* *pp cresc. poco a poco*

Percussion

9

22

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

mf

p

mf

27

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

sf

6

6

6

37

$\bullet = 96$

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

mf

mf

p

3

3

42

$\bullet = 120$

rall...

Trgl.

T.T.

B. Dr.

Percussion

10

47 $\bullet = 92$

Trgl. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

T.T. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

p

f

mf

sf

p

mf

52 $\bullet = 120$ **3** *molto rall...* $\bullet = 63$ *poco accel.*

Trgl. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

T.T. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{4}{4}$

mp

f

mp

59 *a tempo. (♩ = 63)*

Trgl. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

T.T. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

mf

71 *rall...*

Trgl. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

T.T. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

B. Dr. $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{7}{4}$

mf

pp

mf

pp

V. Nayara meets her aunt Yarana

Musical score for "The Sound of Silence" featuring Tam Tam and Snare Drum. The score is in 2/4 time with a tempo of 84. The Tam Tam part includes a triplet of eighth notes and a triplet of eighth notes. The Snare Drum part includes a triplet of eighth notes and a triplet of eighth notes. The score is written for two staves: Tam Tam and Snare Drum.

17

T.T.

S.Dr.

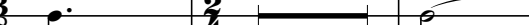
mp *cresc.*

p

f

23

T.T. 

S.Dr. 

30

T.T.

S.Dr.

mp

mf

The image shows a musical score for two instruments: Tuba (T.T.) and Snare Drum (S.Dr.). The score is for rehearsal mark 30. The Tuba part consists of a whole note on C4 with a fermata. The Snare Drum part consists of a series of eighth notes on C4, marked *mp*, followed by a half note on C4, marked *mf*, and then a half note on C4 with a fermata.

Percussion

12

36

T.T. **2** *mf*

S.Dr. **2** *f* *p*

41

T.T.

S.Dr. *pp*

45

T.T. *p* *mp* **3**

S.Dr. *p*

49

T.T. **2** *p* **2**

S.Dr. **2** *mf*

57

T.T. *mf* *dim.* *poco a poco*

S.Dr. *pp* *mf*

61

T.T. *ppp* **3/8** **2/4**

S.Dr. *pp* **3/8** *f* **2/4**

Detailed description of the percussion score: The score is written for two staves: T.T. (Tom-Tom) and S.Dr. (Snare Drum).
 - Measure 36: T.T. has a half note with a '2' above it and a *mf* dynamic. S.Dr. has a half note with a '2' above it, followed by a series of eighth notes with a *f* dynamic, then a half note with a *p* dynamic.
 - Measure 41: T.T. is silent. S.Dr. has a series of eighth notes with a *pp* dynamic.
 - Measure 45: T.T. has a half note with a *p* dynamic, followed by a triplet of eighth notes with a *mp* dynamic. S.Dr. has a half note with a *p* dynamic, followed by a series of eighth notes with a *p* dynamic.
 - Measure 49: T.T. has a half note with a '2' above it and a *p* dynamic, followed by a half note with a '2' above it. S.Dr. has a half note with a '2' above it, followed by a series of eighth notes with a *mf* dynamic.
 - Measure 57: T.T. has a half note with a *mf* dynamic, followed by a half note with a *dim.* dynamic, and then a half note with a *poco a poco* dynamic. S.Dr. has a series of eighth notes with a *pp* dynamic, followed by a series of eighth notes with a *mf* dynamic.
 - Measure 61: T.T. has a half note with a *ppp* dynamic, followed by a half note with a *ppp* dynamic, and then a half note with a *ppp* dynamic. S.Dr. has a half note with a *pp* dynamic, followed by a half note with a *ppp* dynamic, and then a half note with a *f* dynamic.

Percussion

13

67

T.T. $\frac{2}{4}$ 5 *mf* *mp*

S.Dr. $\frac{2}{4}$ 5 *p* *mf* *p* *mf*

76

T.T. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *pp*

S.Dr. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *mp*

82

T.T. *cresc. poco a poco* $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *mf*

S.Dr. *mf* $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *sf* *mf*

87

T.T. $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$

S.Dr. $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *sf* *mp*

93

T.T. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *pp*

S.Dr. $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{3}{8}$ $\frac{2}{4}$ *mf* *p*

101

T.T. $\frac{4}{4}$ *mf* *mp*

S.Dr. $\frac{4}{4}$ *mf* *mp*

The musical score is divided into five systems, each featuring three staves: Triangle, Cymbals, and Bass Drum. The time signature is 3/4.

- System 1 (Measures 1-5):** Triangle has a 7-measure rest. Cymbals have a 7-measure rest followed by eighth notes. Bass Drum has a 7-measure rest followed by a half note. Dynamics include *mp* and *mf*.
- System 2 (Measures 6-11):** Triangle has a 5-measure rest. Cymbals have a 5-measure rest followed by eighth notes. Bass Drum has a 5-measure rest followed by a half note. Dynamics include *pp* and *f*.
- System 3 (Measures 12-15):** Triangle has a 9-measure rest. Cymbals have a 9-measure rest followed by eighth notes. Bass Drum has a 9-measure rest followed by a half note. Dynamics include *p* and *mf*.
- System 4 (Measures 16-21):** Triangle has a 2-measure rest. Cymbals have a 2-measure rest followed by eighth notes. Bass Drum has a 2-measure rest followed by a half note. Dynamics include *mf*.
- System 5 (Measures 22-27):** Triangle has a 2-measure rest. Cymbals have a 2-measure rest followed by eighth notes. Bass Drum has a 2-measure rest followed by a half note. Dynamics include *mf*.

Percussion

VII. Jurueno's sadness and death

16

Tam Tam

$\bullet = 60$

4

pp *mp*

8

4

pp *p*

15

pp *mf*

20

4 **9** **4** **9**

pp *mp*

26

p *p* *mf* **2**

32

pp *mp* **2**

38 *rall...*

pp *mp* *pp*

Percussion

VIII. The return of Curupira

17

♩ = 108

Snare Drum

Bass Drum

mf

mp

mf

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

mp

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

mf

mp

f

mp

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

pp

p

mf

p

mf

mp

mf

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

pp

p

S.Dr.

B. Dr.

p

mp

5

6

7

53

S.Dr. f mp mf ppp *cresc.*

B. Dr. mf mp mf mf

61

S.Dr. p f

B. Dr. mf

79 $\bullet = 96$

S.Dr.

B. Dr. ppp p mp

87

S.Dr. pp f

B. Dr. mf

96

S.Dr. mp f

B. Dr. p mf f

104

S.Dr. pp *cresc.* ff

B. Dr. mf f

Violins I

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

I. Nayara lost in the forest

Jailton de Oliveira

$\bullet = 120$
div.

p *f* *unis.*

6

11

16

21 *p* *f* *sfz* *sfz* *f*

26 *poco rall...* *mp* *f* *a tempo*

31 *p cresc. poco a poco*

36 *rall...* *mp* *f* $\bullet = 72$ *p*

40 *mp* *mf*

45 *f* *accel. poco a poco* *ff*

49

54 *mp* *f* $\text{♩} = 120$

59 *p*

64 *ff*

69 *mp* *f* *mp* *f*

Detailed description: This musical score consists of six staves of music in treble clef. The first staff (measures 45-48) begins with a *f* dynamic, followed by a 3/4 measure rest, then a *ff* section. The second staff (measures 49-53) continues the *ff* section with a tempo marking of *accel. poco a poco*. The third staff (measures 54-58) features a dynamic shift from *mp* to *f*, with a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 120$. The fourth staff (measures 59-63) starts with a *p* dynamic. The fifth staff (measures 64-68) ends with a *ff* dynamic. The sixth staff (measures 69-72) shows a sequence of dynamics: *mp*, *f*, *mp*, and *f*. The music includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests, with some measures containing multiple beamed notes.

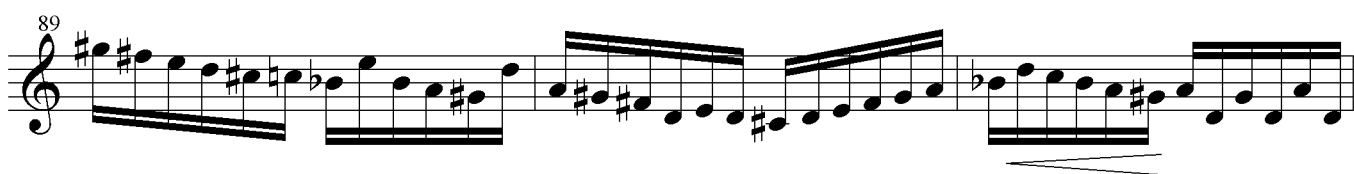
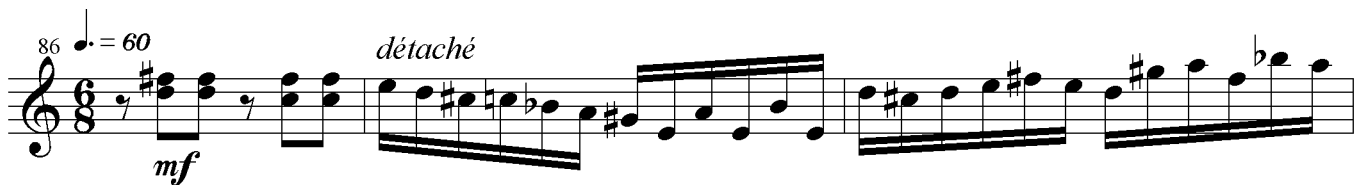
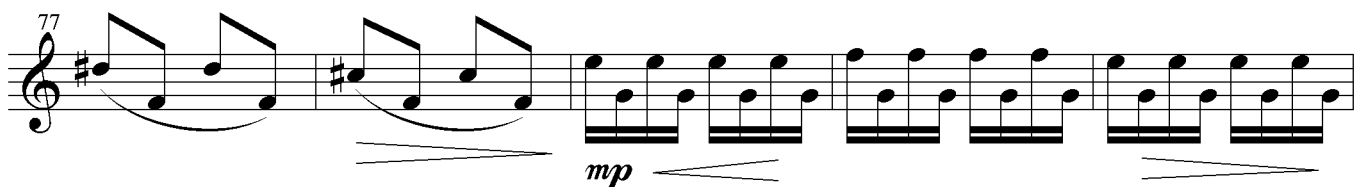
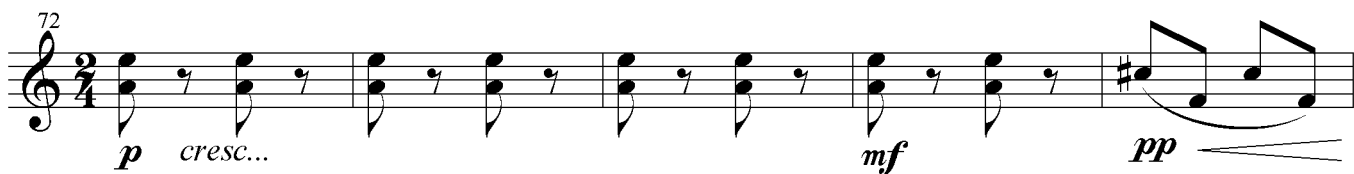
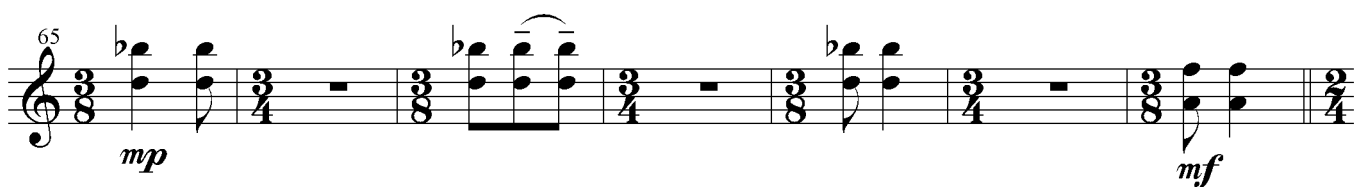
Violins I

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

3

Violin I musical score for "II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira". The score is written for Violins I and consists of nine staves of music. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 92$ at the beginning and $\text{♩} = 60$ later in the piece. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4, with a 3/4 section in measures 11-12. The score includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), *fp* (fortissimo-piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *fz* (fizz). It also includes performance instructions: *poco rall...* (poco rallentando), *a tempo*, and *rall...* (rallentando). The score features a variety of musical notations, including eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and full notes, as well as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

Violin I musical score for "II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira". The score is written for Violins I and consists of nine staves of music. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 92$ at the beginning and $\text{♩} = 60$ later in the piece. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4, with a 3/4 section in measures 11-12. The score includes various dynamics: *p* (piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), *fp* (fortissimo-piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *fz* (fizz). It also includes performance instructions: *poco rall...* (poco rallentando), *a tempo*, and *rall...* (rallentando). The score features a variety of musical notations, including eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and full notes, as well as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.



92 *f* *mf*

95 $\text{♩} = 100$ *ff*

101 $\text{♩} = 92$ 2 *mf* *sempre*

107

112 *poco rall...* *a tempo*

117 *rall...*

Detailed description: This musical score consists of six staves of music in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature changes from 2/4 to 3/4 at measure 101, then to 4/4 at measure 107, and back to 3/4 at measure 112. Measure 92 begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic and a series of eighth notes. Measure 95 starts with a tempo marking of quarter note = 100 and a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, featuring eighth notes with accents. Measure 101 has a tempo marking of quarter note = 92 and a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic, with a double bar line and a '2' indicating a repeat. Measure 107 continues the *mf* dynamic with a 'sempre' instruction. Measure 112 introduces a 'poco rall...' (slightly slower) marking, followed by 'a tempo' (return to tempo). Measure 117 begins with a 'rall...' (ritardando) marking. The score concludes with a final chord in measure 117.

Violins I

$\text{♩} = 63$
con sordino

mf

poco accel.

f

rall... *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 63$) *poco accel.* *a tempo senza sord.*
mf

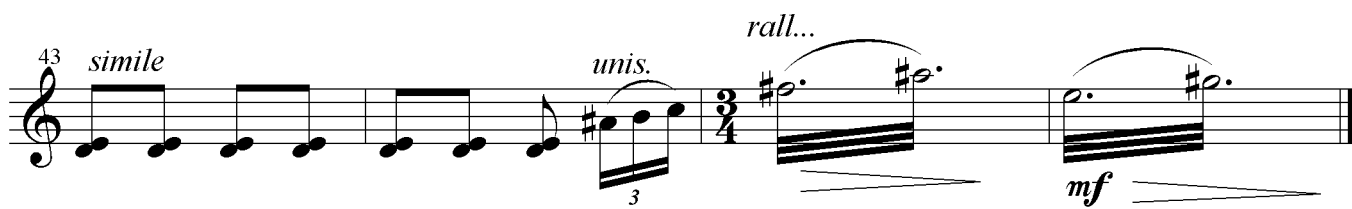
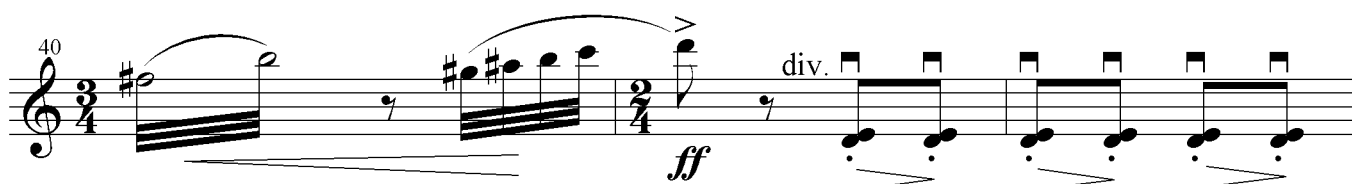
div. $\text{♩} = 80$ *unis.* *f*

f *ff*

mf *f* *rall...*

a tempo

The image shows a page of a musical score for Violins I. The music is written on a single staff in treble clef. It begins with a tempo marking of quarter note = 63 and the instruction 'con sordino'. The piece features a variety of time signatures, including 3/8, 15/8, 2/4, 3/4, 6/8, and 2/2. Dynamics range from mezzo-forte (mf) to fortissimo (ff). Performance instructions include 'poco accel.', 'rall.', 'a tempo', 'con sordino', and 'senza sord.'. The score includes several measures of triplets and a 'div.' (divisi) section. The page number '6' is in the top right corner.



Violins I

IV. The seduction

$\text{♩} = 120$
div.

mp *mf*

6

10

14 *unis.*

18 *mp* *mf* *mp* *f* *mp*

22 *f* *mp* *mf*

25 *f*

27 *mp*

29 *alla corda* *mf*

31

33 *f*

37 $\bullet = 96$

44 *rall...* $\bullet = 92$

48 $\bullet = 120$

53 *molto rall...* $\bullet = 63$

57 *poco accel.* *a tempo.* ($\bullet = 63$)

61

66 *mp*

70 *f* *mp*

73 *rall...* *p*

Violins I

Violin I musical score for the piece "V. Nayara meets her aunt Yarana". The score is written for Violins I and consists of 61 measures. The tempo is marked as $\text{♩} = 84$. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature changes from 2/4 to 3/8, then back to 2/4, and finally to 3/8 and 2/4 again. The score includes various dynamics such as *f* (forte), *mf* (mezzo-forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), and *p* (piano), as well as articulation marks like accents and slurs. The piece concludes with a *div.* (diviso) marking and a final *mp* (mezzo-piano) dynamic.

Measures 1-9: *f*

Measures 10-21: *mf*, *f*

Measures 22-32: *f*, *mf*

Measures 33-38: *f*, *mf*, *f*

Measures 39-42: *mp*

Measures 43-46: *p*

Measures 47-52: *mp*, *mf*, *p*, *mp*, *p*

Measures 53-56: *f*

Measures 57-60: *p*, *f*

Measures 61: *p*, *div.*, *mp*

69 *unis.*
p

76 *mp* *mf*

81 *f*

86 *mf*

93 *div.* *unis.* *div.*
mp *mf*

100 *unis.*
f *mf*

Violins I

Violins I musical score, measures 1 to 50. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked as 88 (quarter note). The dynamics range from *mp* (mezzo-piano) to *ff* (fortissimo). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and articulation marks.

Measures 1-5: *mp* to *mf*. Tempo 88.

Measures 6-11: *mp* to *f*. Includes a *div.* (divisi) marking at measure 11.

Measures 12-20: *f* to *ff*. Includes a *unis.* (unison) marking at measure 12 and a triplet of eighth notes at measure 14.

Measures 21-26: *p subito* (piano subito). Includes a *p subito* marking at measure 21.

Measures 27-30: *mp*. Includes a *rall...* (rallentando) marking at measure 27.

Measures 31-35: *f*. Includes a tempo change to 63 (quarter note) at measure 31.

Measures 36-42: *mp* to *f*. Includes a triplet of eighth notes at measure 36 and a triplet of eighth notes at measure 42.

Measures 43-48: *f* to *mp*. Includes a tempo change to 88 (quarter note) at measure 43 and triplet markings at measures 45, 46, 47, and 48.

Measures 49-50: *mf*. Includes triplet markings at measures 49 and 50.

55

61 $\text{♩} = 96$ *spicc.*

67 *alla corda* *spicc.* *alla corda* *spicc.*

71 *alla corda* $\text{♩} = 88$ *p* *mf*

77 *détaché* *simile*

82 $\text{♩} = 63$ *f* *p*

87 *mp* *mf*

90 *mf* *f* *mf* *mp*

93 $\text{♩} = 104$ *f* *p* *mp*

97 *div.*
mf *ff*

Staff 97-102: Treble clef, 3/4 time signature. Measure 97 starts with a half note G4, followed by eighth notes. Measure 98 has a half note G4. Measure 99 has a half note G4. Measure 100 has a half note G4. Measure 101 has a half note G4. Measure 102 has a half note G4. Dynamics: *mf* at measure 97, *ff* at measure 102. A hairpin crescendo spans from measure 97 to measure 102.

103 $\text{♩} = 88$
unis.
mp *mf*

Staff 103-106: Treble clef, 3/4 time signature. Measure 103 starts with a half note G4, followed by eighth notes. Measure 104 has a half note G4. Measure 105 has a half note G4. Measure 106 has a half note G4. Dynamics: *mp* at measure 103, *mf* at measure 106. A hairpin crescendo spans from measure 103 to measure 106.

107
mp

Staff 107-111: Treble clef, 3/4 time signature. Measure 107 starts with a half note G4, followed by eighth notes. Measure 108 has a half note G4. Measure 109 has a half note G4. Measure 110 has a half note G4. Measure 111 has a half note G4. Dynamics: *mp* at measure 107. A hairpin crescendo spans from measure 107 to measure 111.

112 *rall...*
mf *mp*

Staff 112-115: Treble clef, 3/4 time signature. Measure 112 starts with a half note G4, followed by eighth notes. Measure 113 has a half note G4. Measure 114 has a half note G4. Measure 115 has a half note G4. Dynamics: *mf* at measure 112, *mp* at measure 115. A hairpin crescendo spans from measure 112 to measure 115. The tempo marking *rall...* is above measure 114.

Violins I

Violins I

♩ = 60

mf

5 *mp* *mf*

9 *f* *mf*

12 *f* *mf*

17 *f* *mf* *f* *mp*

22 *mf*

26 *mf* *f*

30 *mf* *f*

33 *mf* *mp*

37 *rall...* *mf*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Violins I, measures 1 through 39. The score is written on a single staff in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 60. The dynamics are marked as follows: *mf* (measures 1-4), *mp* (measure 5), *mf* (measure 6), *f* (measures 9-11), *mf* (measures 12-14), *f* (measures 17-18), *mf* (measures 19-21), *f* (measures 22-23), *mp* (measures 24-25), *mf* (measures 26-27), *f* (measures 28-29), *mf* (measures 30-32), *f* (measures 33-34), *mp* (measures 35-36), *rall...* (measure 37), and *mf* (measures 38-39). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings.

Violins I

Violins I

♩ = 108

5

9

f *mp* *mf*

19

mp *f* *mf*

25

f *p*

32

mf *f*

39

p

45

mp *mf* *p*

52

mf *f* *p*

57

f *p*

62

f *mf* *p*

70

mp *rall...* 3

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Violins I, spanning measures 1 to 70. The score is written in treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked as ♩ = 108. The time signature changes from 2/4 to 3/8 and back to 2/4. The score includes various dynamic markings: *f* (forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *mf* (mezzo-forte), and *p* (piano). There are also crescendo and decrescendo hairpins. The music features a mix of eighth and sixteenth notes, often beamed together. Measure numbers 5, 9, 19, 25, 32, 39, 45, 52, 57, 62, and 70 are indicated at the start of their respective lines. The final measure (70) includes a 'rall...' marking and a triplet of eighth notes.

79 $\text{♩} = 96$

p *mp*

84 *mf* *f* *mp* *ff*

89

95 *mf* *f* *mp*

102 *mf* *f*

109

Violins II

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

Jailton de Oliveira

I. Nayara lost in the forest

♩ = 120

p

f

6

11 *div.*

16

21 *p* *f* *sfz* *sfz* *unis.*

25 *f* *mp* *poco rall...*

30 *a tempo* *f* *p* *cresc. poco a poco*

34 *rall...* *f*

38 ♩ = 72

p *mp*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for Violins II. It begins with a tempo marking of 120 beats per minute. The score is written in 4/4 time. It features a variety of musical notations including dynamics (p, f, sfz, mp), articulation (accents, slurs), and performance instructions (div., unis., poco rall., a tempo, rall., cresc. poco a poco). The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 6, 11, 16, 21, 25, 30, 34, and 38 indicated. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score concludes with a change to 3/4 time and a tempo marking of 72 beats per minute.

43 *mf* *f* *ff*

48 *accel. poco a poco*

53 *mp* *f* $\text{♩} = 120$

57 *p*

62

67 *ff* *mp*

71 *f* *mp* *f*

Detailed description: This musical score consists of seven staves of music in treble clef. The first staff (measures 43-47) features a sequence of chords in 4/4, 3/4, 4/4, 3/4, 4/4, and 3/4 time signatures, with dynamics *mf*, *f*, and *ff*. The second staff (measures 48-52) includes the instruction *accel. poco a poco* and features eighth-note patterns with accents. The third staff (measures 53-56) shows a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 120$ and dynamics *mp* and *f*. The fourth staff (measures 57-61) includes a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fifth staff (measures 62-66) contains sustained chords and a melodic line. The sixth staff (measures 67-70) features a *ff* dynamic followed by a *mp* section. The seventh staff (measures 71-74) concludes with *f*, *mp*, and *f* dynamics.

Violins II

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

3

♩ = 92

p *mf*

5 *fp* *f*

9 *mf* *f*

14 *mf* *f* *poco rall...*

19 *a tempo* *ff* *p*

25 *mp*

31 *rall...* *f* *f* *mp* ♩ = 60

37 *f*

♩ = 92

44 *mp*

49

mf *cresc...*

55

ff

61

Un poco più mosso. (♩ = 100)

mp

ff

66

mp *ff* *mp*

70

ff *mf* *p cresc...*

75

mf *pp* *mp*

81

rall...

86

♩ = 60

mf

91

f *mf*

Detailed description: This musical score is for a single melodic line, spanning measures 49 to 91. The notation is in treble clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score is divided into systems of five staves each. Measure numbers 49, 55, 61, 66, 70, 75, 81, 86, and 91 are placed at the beginning of their respective staves. The music features a variety of rhythmic patterns, including eighth notes, quarter notes, and half notes, often grouped with slurs. Dynamic markings are used throughout: *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc...* (crescendo), *ff* (fortissimo), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), and *pp* (pianissimo). Performance instructions include 'Un poco più mosso. (♩ = 100)' at measure 61 and 'rall...' at measure 81. A tempo change to '♩ = 60' is indicated at measure 86. The time signature changes from 4/4 to 3/4 at measure 61, to 2/4 at measure 70, and back to 4/4 at measure 91. The score concludes with a final measure in 2/4 time.

95 $\text{♩} = 100$
ff

101 $\text{♩} = 92$
mf sempre

107

112 *poco rall...* *a tempo*

117 *rall...*

Violins II

III. The enchantment

6

$\text{♩} = 63$
mp
poco accel.
mp *mf* *mp*
 10 *rall...* *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 63$) *a tempo* *mf*
 16
 22 *f* *mp* *mf* *f* $\text{♩} = 80$
 27 *f* *ff* *mf*
 33 *f* *rall...* *a tempo détaché*
 37 *tr#*
 41 *ff* *simile* *rall...* *mf*

Violins II

Musical score for "The Rose Tree" by Robert Schumann, Op. 15, No. 1. The score is in G major and 4/4 time, with a tempo of 120. It features a single melodic line for the voice and piano accompaniment. The score includes various dynamics (mp, mf, f, rall...) and articulations (accents, slurs). The piece is divided into two systems, with the first system ending at measure 34 and the second system starting at measure 35. The tempo changes to 96 at measure 35 and back to 120 at measure 42. The key signature changes to E major at measure 42.

52 $\text{♩} = 120$ *molto rall...*

56 $\text{♩} = 63$ *poco accel.*

60 *a tempo.* ($\text{♩} = 63$)

65

69

72 *rall...*

The musical score consists of six staves of music. The first staff (measures 52-55) is in 2/4 time, marked $\text{♩} = 120$ and *molto rall...*. It features a series of eighth notes and a crescendo leading to a *mf* dynamic. The second staff (measures 56-59) is in 2/4 time, marked $\text{♩} = 63$ and *poco accel.*. It includes a *f* dynamic, a *mf* dynamic, and a triplet of eighth notes. The third staff (measures 60-64) is in 2/4 time, marked *a tempo.* ($\text{♩} = 63$). It features a *fp* dynamic, a triplet of eighth notes, and a *mf* dynamic. The fourth staff (measures 65-68) is in 2/4 time, marked *mp*. The fifth staff (measures 69-71) is in 2/4 time, marked *f*. The sixth staff (measures 72-75) is in 2/4 time, marked *rall...*. It features a *mp* dynamic, a triplet of eighth notes, and a *p* dynamic.

Violins II

♩ = 84

9 *f*

17 *mf* *mp* *f*

22 *mp subito*

26 *f* *mf*

33 *f* *mf* *f*

39 *mp* *p*

44 *mp* *mf*

49 *p* *mp* *p*

55 *f* *p*

Violins II

Violins II

Measures 1-58

Tempo: $\text{♩} = 88$

Measures 1-6: *mp* to *mf*

Measure 7: *mp* to *mf* to *f*

Measures 13-18: *mf* to *f*

Measures 19-24: *ff* to *p subito*

Measures 25-35: *mp* to *rall...* to *f* ($\text{♩} = 63$)

Measures 36-42: *mp* to *f* to *mp*

Measures 43-49: *f* to *mp* to *mf* ($\text{♩} = 88$)

Measures 50-57: *mf* to *f* ($\text{♩} = 96$ *spicc.*)

Measure 58: *mp*

65 *f* *alla corda* *spicc.* *mp* *alla corda* *f*

70 *spicc.* *mp* *alla corda* *f* *p* *88*

76 *mf* *détaché* *simile*

81 *f* *mf*

86 *f* *mf* *mp* *63*

93 *f* *p subito* *mp* *104*

97 *mf* *ff* *88* **9**

112 *mf* *rall...* *mp*

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is written for a single melodic line in treble clef. It begins at measure 65 with a half note G4, followed by eighth notes A4, B4, and C5. The dynamics are *f*, *mp*, and *f*. The tempo is marked as 88. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score includes various articulations such as *spicc.* (spiccato) and *détaché* (detached). There are also performance instructions like *alla corda* and *rall...* (rallentando). The score ends at measure 112 with a half note G4. A repeat sign with a 9-measure rest is shown at the end of the score.

Violins II

♩ = 60

div. *unis.*

mf

5

mp *mf*

9

f *mf*

13

f *mf*

17

f *mf* *f* *mp*

22

mf

26

mf *f*

30

mf *f*

33

mf *mp*

37

rall... *mf*

Violins II

Violins II

Tempo: $\text{♩} = 108$

Measures 1-64:

- Measure 1: $\text{♩} = 108$, 5 (fingerings), f
- Measure 12: mp , mf , mp
- Measure 20: f , mf
- Measure 26: f , p
- Measure 32: mf , f
- Measure 39: p
- Measure 45: mp , mf , p
- Measure 52: mf , f , p
- Measure 58: f , p , f
- Measure 64: mf , p , mp

74 *rall...* $\text{♩} = 96$ *p*

82 *mp* *mf*

87

91 *f*

97 *mf* *f* *mp*

103 *mf* *f*

109 *ff*

Violas

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

Jailton de Oliveira

I. Nayara lost in the forest

$\text{♩} = 120$
div.

unis.

p

f

6

11

16

21

p *f* *sfz* *sfz* *f*

26

poco rall...

mp

a tempo

f

31

p cresc. poco a poco

35

rall...

mp *f*

$\text{♩} = 72$

p

40

mp *mf*

45

f *ff*

accel. poco a poco

50

f

55

mp *f* ♩ = 120

58

p subito

61

p

65

ff *mp*

70

f *mp* *f*

Violas

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

3

♩ = 92

6 *p* *mp* *mf* *p*

11 *mf* *f* *mf* *f*

16 *poco rall...* *a tempo* *f* *ff*

20 *p*

27 *mp* *rall...* *f*

33 *♩ = 60* *f* *mp*

39 *♩ = 92* *2* *f*

46 *sul ponticello* *mp*

52 *modo ord.* *mf* *f cresc...* *ff*

58

64 Un poco più mosso. (♩ = 100)

69 *ff* *mp* *ff* *mp* *ff*

74 *mp* *ff* *mf* *p cresc...*

79 *mf* *pp*

84 *rall...* *♩ = 60* *simile* *mf*

90 *f* *mf*

95 *♩ = 100* *ff*

101 *♩ = 92* 2 *mf sempre*

107

112 *poco rall...* *a tempo*

117 *rall...*

Violas

III. The enchantment

5

♩. = 63

mp

6 *poco accel.*

mf *mp* *rall...*

11 *a tempo* (♩. = 63) *poco accel.* *a tempo*

mf

19

mp *f* *mp*

24 ♩. = ♩

♩. = 80

mp *f* *f*

29

ff *mf*

33 *rall...* *a tempo*

f

38

ff

42 *simile* *rall...*

mf

Violas

♩ = 120

mp *mf*

5

8

11

14

17

mp *mf* *mp* *f* *mp*

22

f *mp* *mf* *f*

27

mp *mf*

33

♩ = 96

f *mp*

40

♩ = 120

f *mp* *f* *rall...*

Detailed description: This is a musical score for the Viola part of a piece titled 'IV. The seduction'. The score is written on a grand staff (treble and bass clefs) with a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The tempo is marked as 120 beats per minute (♩ = 120) for the first 32 measures and 96 beats per minute (♩ = 96) for measures 33-39. The score is divided into systems of five measures each, with measure numbers 5, 8, 11, 14, 17, 22, 27, 33, and 40 indicated at the start of their respective systems. The dynamics range from *mp* (mezzo-piano) to *f* (forte), with crescendos and decrescendos indicated by hairpins. There are several triplet markings (3) and various articulations like accents (>) and slurs. The time signature changes from 4/4 to 3/4 at measure 17, to 2/4 at measure 22, and back to 4/4 at measure 33. The piece concludes with a *rall...* (rallentando) marking at measure 40.

46 $\text{♩} = 92$

mp *mf* *f*

52 $\text{♩} = 120$ *molto rall...*

mf

56 $\text{♩} = 63$ *poco accel.*

f *mf*

60 *a tempo.* ($\text{♩} = 63$)

fp *mf*

65

mp

69

f

72 *rall...*

mp *p*

Violas

$\text{♩} = 84$

9

18

24

30

39

48

57

65

72

f

mf

mp

mp subito

f

mf

f

mf

f

mp

p

mp

p

mf

f

p

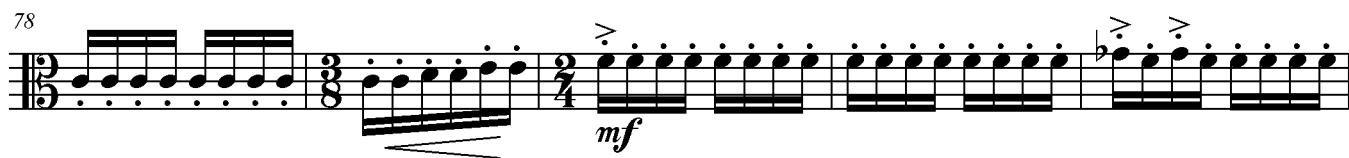
f

p

mp

p

mp



Violas

♩ = 88
pizz.

mp *mf*

7 *arco*
mf *f*

14 *mf* *ff* *simile*

21 8 *mp* *rall...*

34 ♩ = 63
f *mp* *f* *mp*

40 ♩ = 88
f *mp*

46 3 3 3 3

51 3 3 3 3 *div.* *mf* 2

57 *unis.* *f*

64 $\text{♩} = 96$
spicc.
mp *f* *mp* *div. > alla corda >*

68 *unis.; spicc.* *alla corda* *spicc.* *div. > alla corda >*
mp *f* *mp* *f*

72 $\text{♩} = 88$
unis. *p* *6*

82 *détaché* *simile* $\text{♩} = 63$
mf *f* *mf*

88 $\text{♩} = 104$
p *mp*

97 *mf* *ff*

103 $\text{♩} = 88$
mp *mf*

110 *rall...*
mp *mf* *mp*

Violas

$\text{♩} = 60$

mp *mf* *mp* *sul pont.*

5 *mf* *p* *mf* *modo ord.*

9 *f* *f* *mf*

15 *f*

19 *mf* *f* *mp* *mf*

24 *mf*

29 *f* *mf*

32 *f* *mf* *mp*

37 *rall...* *mf*

Violas

$\text{♩} = 108$

6

14

23

32

42

51

59

66

75

rall...

$\text{♩} = 96$

3 3 3

82

mp

87

f

93

mf

101

f

109

ff

Cellos

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

I. Nayara lost in the forest

Jailton de Oliveira

$\text{♩} = 120$

p *f*

7

12

17

p

22

f *f*

26

mp *poco rall...* *a tempo* *f*

31

2

mf *f* *rall...*

37

$\text{♩} = 72$

ff *mf* *ff*

41

mf *ff* *mf* *ff* *f*

46

ff

50 *accel. poco a poco*

55 $\text{♩} = 120$

60

66

70

mp *f* *p* *f* *p* *ff* *mp* *f* *mp* *f*

The musical score is written for a bass clef instrument in 4/4 time. It consists of five staves of music, numbered 50 to 70. The tempo is marked 'accel. poco a poco' at the beginning. The score includes various rhythmic patterns, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamics are indicated by *mp* (mezzo-piano), *f* (forte), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). Articulation marks, such as accents and slurs, are used throughout the piece. A tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 120$ is present above measure 55. The score ends with a double bar line at measure 70.

Cellos

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

3

♩ = 92

p *mf* *fp*

6

f *mf* *f*

11

mf

16

poco rall... *a tempo*

f *ff*

21

5

mp

31

rall... *f* *f* *mp*

37

pizz.

43

arco *f* *mf* *cresc...*

56

62

Un poco più mosso. (♩ = 100)

ff *mp* *ff*

Cellos

III. The enchantment

5

Musical score for the bassoon part of "The Swan" by Maurice Ravel. The score is written for bassoon and includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, dynamics (mp, mf, f, ff), and tempo markings (poco accel., rall., a tempo, div.). The key signature is one sharp (F#) and the time signature changes throughout the piece. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 6, 11, 17, 21, 24, 28, 32, 37, and 42 indicated.

$\text{♩} = 120$
unis.
mp *mf*

5 3 3 3 3

8

10

12

15 div. unis. *mp* *mf*

20 div. *mp* *f* *mp* *f* *mp* *mf* unis.

26 div. *f* *mp* *mf*

30

33 *f*

$\text{♩} = 96$ col legno
37 div. *mp* *f* *mp* $\text{♩} = 120$ arco *f*

45 *rall...* $\text{♩} = 92$
f *mf* *mf*

50 $\text{♩} = 120$ unis.
f *mf*

55 *molto rall...* $\text{♩} = 63$ div. *poco accel.*
f *mf*

60 *a tempo.* ($\text{♩} = 63$)
fp *mf*

64 unis.

66

68 *mp*

70 *f*

72 *mp*

74 *rall...* div.
p

69 *div.* *p*

76 *mp* *mf*

82 *f*

87 *unis.* *mf*

93 *div.* *mp* *mf*

99 *unis.* *f* *mf*

Cellos

♩ = 88 *pizz.*

mp *mf*

7 *arco* *div.* *mp* *mf* *f*

12 *unis.* *mf*

18 *f* *ff* *simile* *pizz.* *mp*

24 *mf*

29 *arco* *rall...* *mp* *f* *div.* *f* *♩ = 63*

35 *mp* *f* *mp*

41 *♩ = 88* *unis.; pizz.* *mp* *f*

48 *arco* *mf*

57 mf mf f div. mp $\text{♩} = 96$

65 f mp f mp f

70 mp f p $\text{♩} = 88$ *unis.*

76 10 $\text{♩} = 63$ div. mp *unis.* mf

89 div. mf f div. mp

93 *unis.* f p $\text{♩} = 104$ mp mf

98 $\text{♩} = 88$ *pizz.; div.* ff mp

105 mf

111 *arco; unis.* mp mf *rall...* mp div.

Cellos

$\text{♩} = 60$
unis.

mp *mf* *div.*

6 *unis.* *div.* *mp* *mf*

9 *unis.* *div.* *f* *mf*

13 *unis.* *div.* *f* *mf* *unis.* *div.*

17 *f* *mf* *f*

21 *mp* *mf*

24 *mf*

28 *mf* *f* *unis.* *f*

33 *mf* *mp* *div.*

37 *rall...* *mf*

Cellos

♩ = 108
div.
f

5
unis.

11
f
mf
mp

18
mf
mp
f

24
mf
f
mf

30
f *p subito* *mf*
f

41
p
mp

49
mf
mp
f
mf
p

56
f
mf
p

63
f
div.
p

71 *unis.* *f* *mp* *div.* *rall...*

78 *p* *mp* *mf* *mf*

84 *mf* *mf* *unis.* *3*

90 *f* *div.*

94 *unis.* *mf*

99 *f* *ff* *f*

109 *ff*

The Spirit of the Forest

Ballet

I. Nayara lost in the forest

Jailton de Oliveira

♩ = 120

2

f

7

12

17

sfz sfz p

22

f

27

mp

poco rall...

a tempo

f

32

3

rall...

f

♩ = 72

ff

39

mf

ff

mf

ff

mf

44

ff

f

ff

49

accel. poco a poco

53 $\text{♩} = 120$

58

63

67

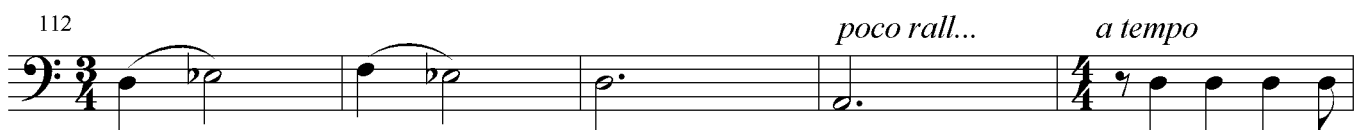
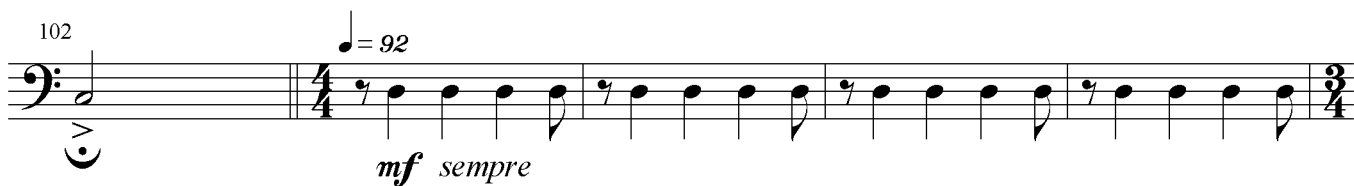
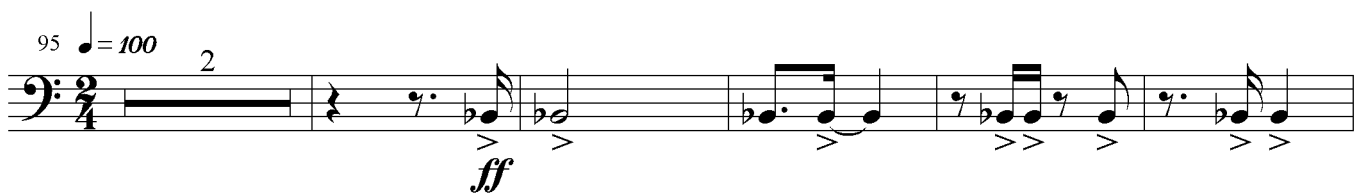
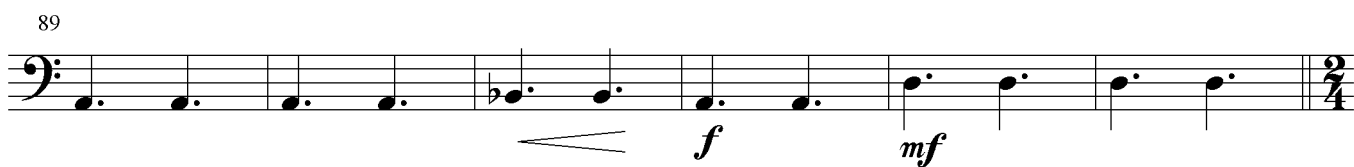
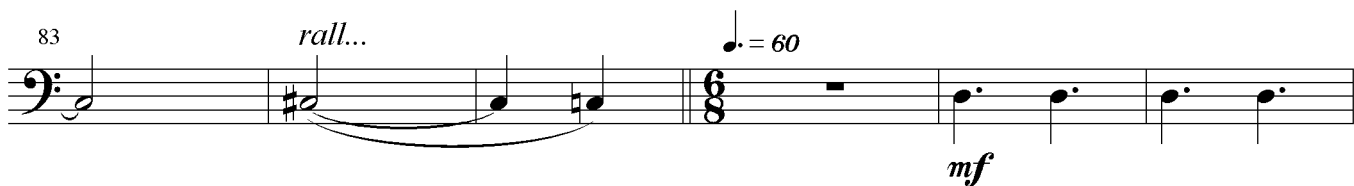
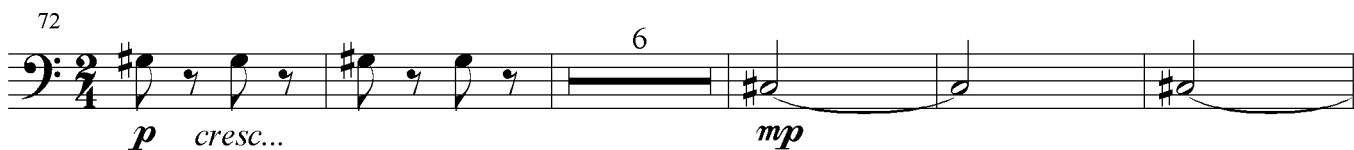
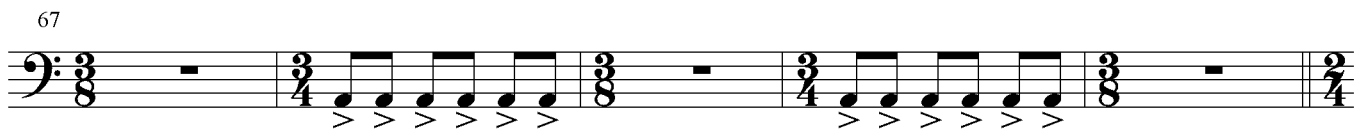
71

The musical score is written for a bass clef instrument. It consists of five staves of music, numbered 53 to 71. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature starts in 4/4, changes to 3/4 at measure 57, and returns to 4/4 at measure 61. The score includes various dynamic markings: *f* (forte), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *p* (piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). There are also articulation marks such as accents (>) and slurs. The music features a mix of eighth, quarter, and half notes, with some measures containing beamed sixteenth notes. The final measure (71) ends with a double bar line.

Double Basses

II. Encounter between Nayara and Curupira

Musical score for "L'Allegretto" by Franz Schubert, bass clef, 4/4 time. The score consists of 10 staves of music. It begins with a tempo marking of quarter note = 92. The music features various dynamics including piano (*p*), mezzo-forte (*mf*), forte (*f*), and fortissimo (*ff*), as well as crescendos and decrescendos. There are several time signature changes: 4/4, 3/4, 2/4, and 3/8. The score includes performance instructions such as "poco rall...", "a tempo", "rall...", and "Un poco più mosso. (quarter note = 100)". The piece concludes with a final double bar line and a fermata.



Double Basses

III. The enchantment

5

$\text{♩} = 63$
pizz.
mf

arco
mp
 $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$

5 *poco accel.* *rall...*
mf

11 *a tempo* ($\text{♩} = 63$) *poco accel.* *a tempo*

16

22 $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$ $\text{♩} = 80$
f *mf* *f*

27 *f* *ff* *mf*

32 *rall...* *a tempo*
f

37 *ff*

42 *rall...*
mf

Double Basses

IV. The seduction

6

♩ = 120

mp *mf*

8

15 *mp* *mf*

20 *mp* *f* *mp* *f* *mp*

24 *mf* *f* *mp*

29 *mf*

32

35 ♩ = 96 *col legno* *mp*

40 ♩ = 120 *f* *mp* *f* *f*

47 ♩ = 92 *f* *mf* *mf* *f* ♩ = 120 *f*

53 *molto rall...* ♩ = 63 *poco accel.* *mf* *f* *mf*

59 *a tempo.* (♩ = 63)

fp *mf*

65

mp

70 *rall...*

f *mp* *p*

76

Measures 76-81: Bass clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 76: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent. Measure 77: eighth-note triplet (F, Eb, D) with an accent, *mp*. Measure 78: eighth-note triplet (C, Bb, A) with an accent. Measure 79: eighth-note triplet (G, F, Eb) with an accent. Measure 80: whole rest, 3/8 time signature. Measure 81: eighth-note triplet (D, C, Bb) with an accent, *mf*, 2/4 time signature.

82

Measures 82-87: Bass clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 82: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent. Measure 83: eighth-note triplet (F, Eb, D) with an accent. Measure 84: whole rest, 3/8 time signature. Measure 85: eighth-note triplet (C, Bb, A) with an accent, *f*, 2/4 time signature. Measure 86: eighth-note triplet (G, F, Eb) with an accent. Measure 87: eighth-note triplet (D, C, Bb) with an accent, 3/8 time signature.

88

Measures 88-97: Bass clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 88: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent. Measure 89: eighth-note triplet (F, Eb, D) with an accent. Measure 90: eighth-note triplet (C, Bb, A) with an accent. Measure 91: whole rest, 3/8 time signature. Measure 92: whole rest, 2/4 time signature. Measure 93: whole rest, 3/8 time signature. Measure 94: eighth-note triplet (G, F, Eb) with an accent, *f*, 2/4 time signature. Measure 95: eighth-note triplet (D, C, Bb) with an accent. Measure 96: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent. Measure 97: eighth-note triplet (F, Eb, D) with an accent, 2/4 time signature.

98

Measures 98-103: Bass clef, key of B-flat major. Measure 98: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent, *f*, 2/4 time signature. Measure 99: eighth-note triplet (F, Eb, D) with an accent. Measure 100: eighth-note triplet (C, Bb, A) with an accent. Measure 101: eighth-note triplet (G, F, Eb) with an accent. Measure 102: eighth-note triplet (D, C, Bb) with an accent, *mf*, 4/4 time signature. Measure 103: eighth-note triplet (Bb, A, G) with an accent, 4/4 time signature.

Double Basses

♩ = 88 *pizz.*

mp *mf*

6

arco *mf* *f*

12

mf *f*

19

ff *simile* 8 *rall...* 2 *mp*

34 ♩ = 63

f *mp* *f* *mp*

41

♩ = 88 *pizz.* *f* *mp*

49

arco *mf* *mf*

60

♩ = 96 *mf* *f* *f* *f*

68

♩ = 88 *f* *f* *p*

75

10 ♩ = 63 *mf*

90 $\text{♩} = 104$

mf *f* *f*

96 *mp* *mf*

101 $\text{♩} = 88$ *pizz.* *ff* *mp* *mf*

107 *arco* *mf*

112 *rall...* *mp*

Double Basses

♩ = 60

mp mf

5 mp mf

9 f mf f

14 mf f

19 mf f mp mf

24 mf

29 f mf f

33 mf mp

37 rall... mf

Double Basses

$\text{♩} = 108$

div.

f

5

unis.

10

15

mf

mp

mf

21

f

mf

28

f

p subito

mf

f

39

p

mp

49

mf

mp

f

mf

p

56

f

mf

p

63

f

p

f

73 *mp* *p* *rall...* ♩ = 96

81 *mp*

85 *mf* *mf*

91 *f* *mf* *f*

100 *ff* *f*

109 *ff*