

VIII

À Madame Bordes-Pène.

SYMPHONIE
pour

ORCHESTRE

et

PIANO

sur un Chant montagnard Français

par

Vincent d'Indy
Op. 25.

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Imp. C.G. Roder, Paris.

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Resch: Gavotte.	2 50

Musique pour 2 pianos 8 mains

	PRIX NETS
Brahms (Joh.). Danses hongroises, en 2 livres. Chaque.	7 »
Dvorák (A.). Op. 46. Danses slaves, en 2 livres. Chaque.	10 »
Ganz (W.). Op. 12. Qui vive! grand galop de concert, arrangé par A. TALEXY.	4 »
Resch (Joh.). Op. 100. Gavotte, arrangée par A. TALEXY.	3 »
Rubinstein (A.):	
— Op. 3, no 1. Mélodie (en fa).	3 »
— Airs de ballet et Marche nuptiale, extraits de l'opéra Férarnors, arrangés.	» »

	PRIX NETS
Rubinstein (A.) Férarnors (Suite):	
Nos 1. Première danse de Bayadères.	3 50
2. Danse des fiancés de Kaschmir.	3 50
3. Deuxième danse de Bayadères.	3 50
4. Marche nuptiale.	3 50
Spindler (Fr.). Op. 140. Le Trot du cavalier, morceau caractéristique, arrangé par Th. HERBERT.	3 50
Widor (Ch.-M.). Op. 31, no 11. Marche américaine, arrangée.	3 »

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SYMPHONIE

pour Orchestre et Piano sur un Chant Montagnard Français.

Piano A.

I.

Vincent d'Indy, Op. 25.

Assez lent. (♩ = 50)

Cor anglais.

Flûte

A

Basses.

Modérément animé. (♩ = 84)

ppp

Musical notation system 1: Treble and bass staves. Key signature: one sharp (F#). The melody in the treble staff consists of eighth notes with slurs. The bass staff has a similar rhythmic pattern. A "Ped." marking is at the beginning and an asterisk at the end.

Musical notation system 2: Treble and bass staves. A section marked "B" begins in the treble staff. The key signature changes to one flat (Bb). The melody continues with slurs. A "Ped." marking is at the beginning and an asterisk at the end.

Musical notation system 3: Treble and bass staves. The key signature changes to two flats (Bb, Eb). A "cresc." marking is present. The melody features slurs and a "Ped." marking at the end.

Musical notation system 4: Treble and bass staves. A section marked "f" (forte) begins. The melody features slurs and a "Ped." marking at the end.

Musical notation system 5: Treble and bass staves. The melody features slurs and a "Ped." marking at the end.

C Solo
cantabile

mf

cre - scen - do

f *dim. molto*

The musical score is written for piano and voice. It begins with a piano introduction in G major, 4/4 time. The right hand plays a melody with a 5-measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The left hand plays a bass line with a 5-measure rest, followed by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The piano accompaniment continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The vocal line enters in the fourth system with the lyrics 'cre - scen - do'. The piano accompaniment continues with a series of eighth and sixteenth notes. The score ends with a forte dynamic and a diminuendo marking.

D

pp très léger

un peu marqué

pp

1^{er} Cor

p

più p

ppp

Cl. basse

pp

mf

8

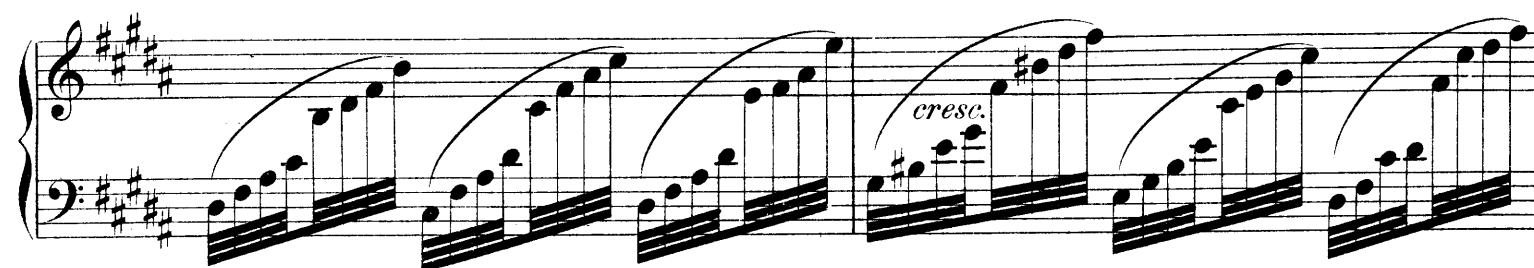
p

p

Un peu plus vite. (♩ = 96)

Solo

The musical score consists of six systems of staves, primarily in treble and bass clefs, with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). The tempo is marked as 'Un peu plus vite. (♩ = 96)'. The score includes various musical notations such as dynamics (*pp*, *p*, *sf*, *dimin.*), articulation (*soutenu*, *poco più f*), and phrasing slurs. The first system shows a 'Solo' marking. The second system includes a '4' marking above a slur. The third system features a '4' marking above a slur and a 'poco più f' marking. The fourth system includes a 'dimin.' marking, a 'pp' marking, and a 'p' marking. The fifth system includes a 'sf' marking. The sixth system includes a 'p' marking and a 'F' marking. The score is written for piano, with various musical notations including notes, rests, and slurs.



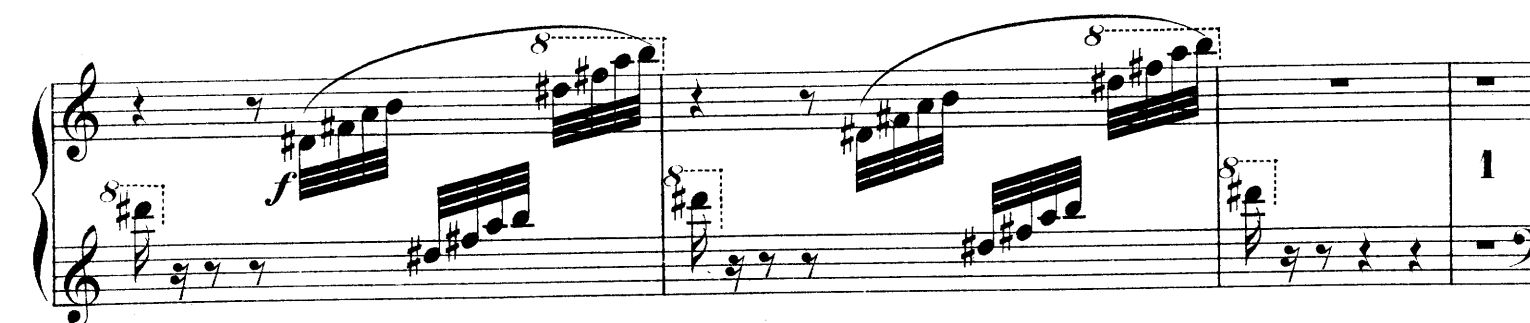
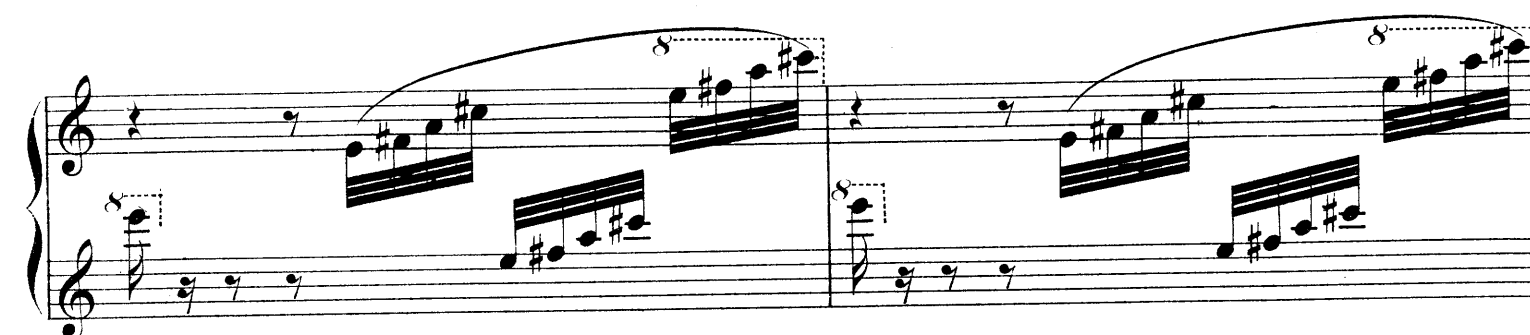
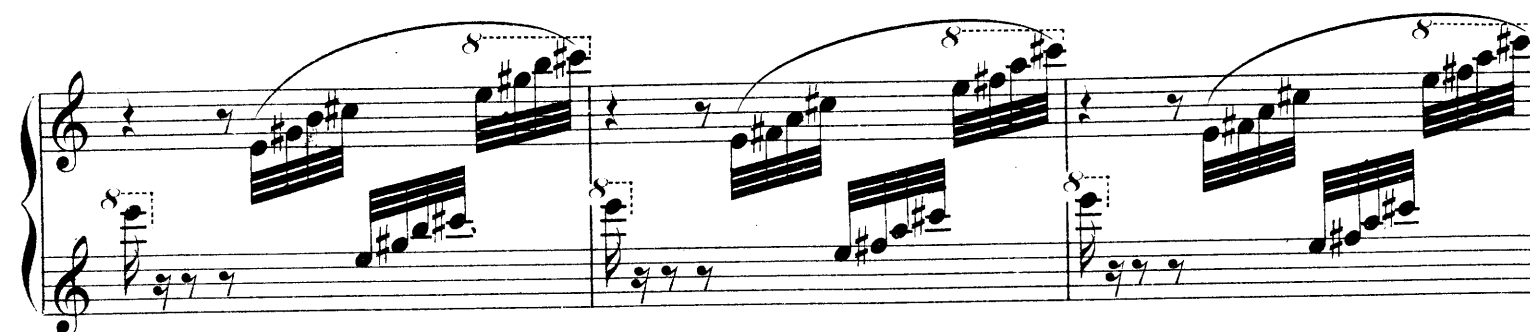
a tempo
poco rit.
p

pp
H
1er Vons
2
pp

Clar.
vons
poco rit.

1^{er} Mouvement. (Modéré)
pp
Solo

pp



J

Solo

p soutenu

espress.

molto

cresc.

The musical score is written for a piano solo. It consists of five systems of staves. The first system is marked 'Solo' and 'p soutenu'. The second system is marked 'espress.'. The third system continues the 'espress.' marking. The fourth system is marked 'molto'. The fifth system is marked 'cresc.'. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is one flat (B-flat). The time signature is not explicitly shown but appears to be 4/4. The score is written in a standard musical notation style with a grand staff (treble and bass clefs).

First system of musical notation. The treble staff begins with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a common time signature. It contains several chords and melodic fragments. The bass staff features a prominent ascending eighth-note scale starting on C4, marked with *sfz*. A slur connects this scale to a later passage marked *più sfz*. The system concludes with a triplet of eighth notes.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with complex chordal textures. The bass staff begins with a powerful *ff* dynamic, followed by a section marked *molto dim.* (much diminuendo), and ends with a *pp* (pianissimo) section. A large letter **K** is positioned above the treble staff in the middle of the system.

Third system of musical notation. Both staves feature continuous eighth-note patterns. The bass staff has a consistent eighth-note accompaniment, while the treble staff has a more active melody. Slurs are used to group measures across the system.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with eighth-note figures. The bass staff features a melodic line that moves downwards, marked with *cresc.* (crescendo). The system ends with a few measures of sustained notes in the bass.

Fifth system of musical notation. The treble staff continues with eighth-note patterns. The bass staff begins with a *p* (piano) dynamic and features a melodic line. The system concludes with a *cre -* (crescendo) marking.

scen - - - do *più f*

♯

♯

♯

♯

en animant de

7 7

♯

♯

♯

plus en plus

poco a poco

7 7

♯

♯

♯

L

scen - - - do *molto*

7

♯

♯

♯

1^{er} Mouvement. (Modérément animé)

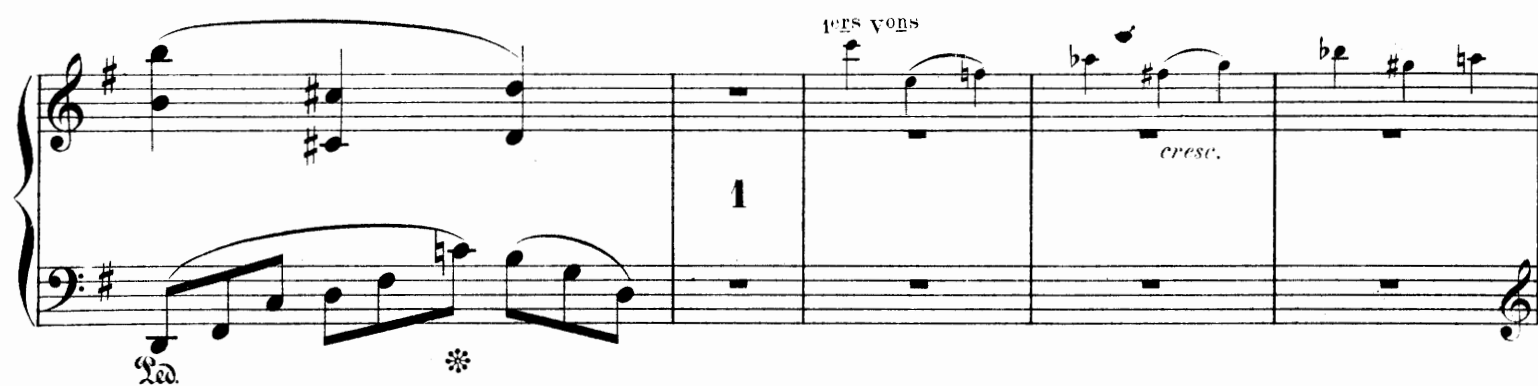
f *diminuendo*

f *p*

1^{er} Cor. Clar. Fl.

Un peu plus vite. (♩ = 96)

poco rit. *ppp très léger*



First system of the musical score, piano introduction. The music is in G major (one sharp). The piano part features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment in both hands. The dynamic marking *p* is present.

Second system of the musical score, continuation of the piano introduction. The piano part continues with the eighth-note accompaniment. A *cresc.* (crescendo) marking is placed over the final measures of this system.

Third system of the musical score. The first violin (Vl.) enters with a melodic line. The piano part continues. The dynamic marking *f* (forte) is present for both the violin and piano parts.

Fourth system of the musical score. A *Solo* marking is placed above the first violin staff. The piano part has a *marqué* (marked) section. The dynamic marking *ppp* (pianissimo) is present. The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

Fifth system of the musical score. A *Solo* marking is placed above the first violin staff. The piano part has a *vous* (vous) section. The dynamic marking *p* (piano) is present. The system includes tempo markings *molto* and *riten.* (ritardando). The system ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

1^{er} Mouvement. (Modérément animé.)

ppp

5 4 2

en retenant

Assez lent. (♩ = 50)

Clar.

Harpe

riten.

a tempo

2 4

P

pp

1

p

1

p

1

II.

Assez modéré, mais sans lenteur. (♩ = 96)

Solo
p
vous
espress.
espress.
più f

très lié

A Clar.
vous
en retenant

Solo
1^{er} Mouvement.
beaucoup *p* *marqué et très soutenu*

First system of musical notation, featuring piano and bass staves. The music includes complex chordal structures and melodic lines. A section marked **B** begins in the second measure of the second system.

Second system of musical notation, continuing the piano and bass staves. A *dimin.* marking is present in the piano staff.

Third system of musical notation, featuring piano and bass staves. A *più p* marking is present in the piano staff.

Fourth system of musical notation, featuring piano and bass staves. A **C** marking is present in the piano staff. The system concludes with a key signature change to 3/4 time, indicated by the *en retenant* marking and the *Fl.* (Flute) part.

1^{er} Mouvement.

First system of musical notation. The upper staff contains a vocal line with the lyrics "vous" and a melodic line with a slur and an 8-measure rest. The lower staff contains a piano accompaniment with a *pp* (pianissimo) dynamic marking. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4.

Second system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the vocal line with a slur and an 8-measure rest. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4.

Third system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the vocal line with a slur and an 8-measure rest. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4.

Fourth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the vocal line with a slur and an 8-measure rest. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4. The system ends with a *cresc.* (crescendo) marking.

Fifth system of musical notation. The upper staff continues the vocal line with a slur and an 8-measure rest. The lower staff continues the piano accompaniment. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 3/4. The system ends with a *f* (forte) dynamic marking.

Un peu plus vite.

Clar.

Clar.

pp

pp

E

en animant graduellement

poco

a

poco

cre

scen

do

f

sfz

1

Modéré. (♩ = 52)

Cors 1^{er} Cor. Clar.

F

pp

en animant

pp *poco* *a* *poco* *cre*

à peu

scen *do*

sempre

G

cre *scendo*

a Tempo (♩ = 54)

First system of music, piano introduction. It features a grand staff with two staves. The music is in 2/4 time and begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a similar pattern an octave lower. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final measure in 2/4 time.

Second system of music, piano introduction. It continues the grand staff from the first system. The music is in 2/4 time and features a forte (*f*) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a similar pattern an octave lower. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final measure in 2/4 time.

Third system of music, piano introduction. It continues the grand staff from the second system. The music is in 2/4 time and features a mezzo-forte (*mf*) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a similar pattern an octave lower. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final measure in 2/4 time.

Fourth system of music, piano introduction. It continues the grand staff from the third system. The music is in 2/4 time and features a piano (*p*) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a similar pattern an octave lower. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final measure in 2/4 time.

Fifth system of music, piano introduction. It continues the grand staff from the fourth system. The music is in 2/4 time and features a piano (*p*) dynamic. The right hand plays a series of ascending and descending eighth-note patterns, while the left hand plays a similar pattern an octave lower. The system concludes with a double bar line and a final measure in 2/4 time.

Modéré. (♩ = 52)

a Tempo, un peu plus vite.

Cors *p* 1^{er} Cors *sfz* *poco rit.* *ppp (sourdine)*
 *

* *sans presser*
 *

Clar. *cresc.* *très retenu*
 *

a tempo Solo *mf* *dimin.* *pp*
 *

sempre dimin. e perdendo *m.g. m.dr.* *ppp* *rit.*
 *

III.

Anime. (♩ = 96.)

Solo

Fl. Hb. Cl.

2 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

This musical score is for a piano and voice piece. It is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The piano part features a continuous eighth-note accompaniment in both hands. The voice part consists of a single melodic line. The score is divided into two systems. The first system contains measures 16 through 20. Measure 16 begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 17 has a dynamic marking of *sf* (sforzando) and a fermata over the note. Measure 18 continues the piano accompaniment. Measure 19 has a dynamic marking of *ff* (fortissimo). Measure 20 ends with a fermata. The second system contains measures 2 through 10. Measure 2 begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. Measure 3 has a dynamic marking of *sf*. Measure 4 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 5 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 6 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 7 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 8 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 9 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Measure 10 has a dynamic marking of *ff*. The word "Vons" is written above the voice staff in measure 3. The piano part continues with the same eighth-note accompaniment throughout.

16 17 18 19 20 *sf* *ff*

Vons

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

First system of the musical score. It features a piano introduction with a treble clef staff containing a whole note chord and a bass staff with a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. The system is numbered 11, 12, and 13.

Second system of the musical score, starting at measure 14. It includes a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. A section labeled 'B' begins in the middle of the system.

Third system of the musical score, continuing the melodic and accompanimental lines from the previous system.

Fourth system of the musical score. It features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. A section labeled 'C' begins in the middle of the system. The word 'cresc.' is written below the treble staff, and 'ff' (fortissimo) is written below the bass staff. The word 'vous' is written above the treble staff.

Fifth system of the musical score. It features a treble staff with a melodic line and a bass staff with a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. A section labeled 'D' begins in the middle of the system. The word 'ff' (fortissimo) is written below the bass staff. The system ends with a measure containing the number '3'.

ff

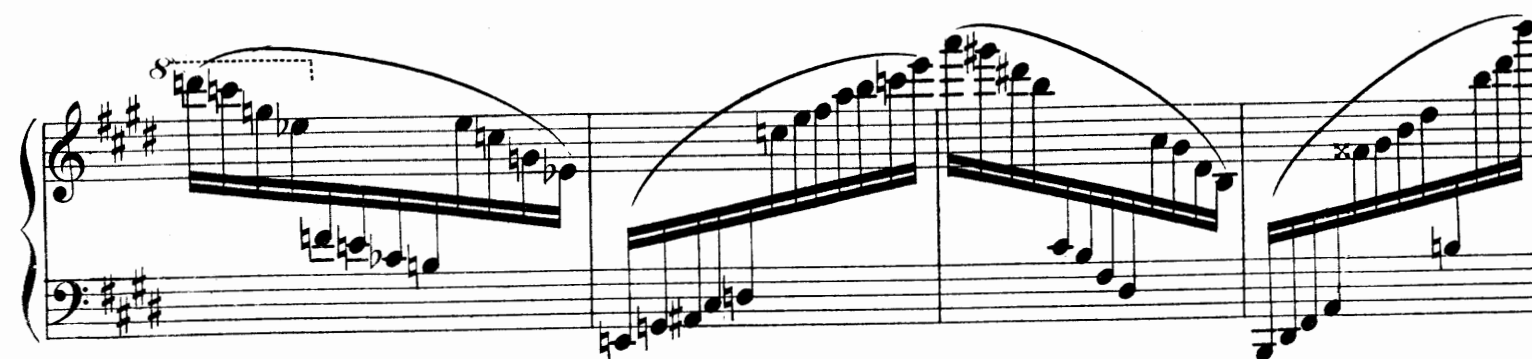
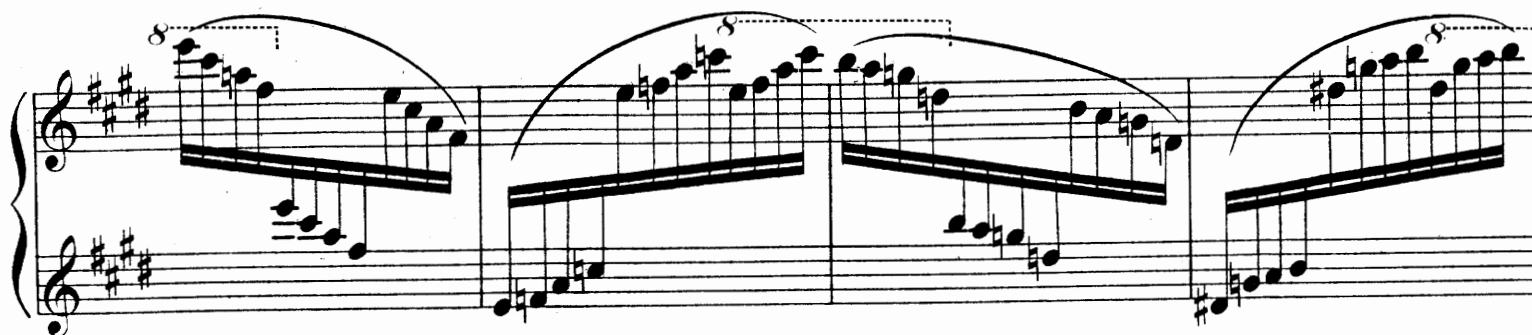
f

f

f

Plus modéré. (♩ = 72.)
Clar. Solo

pp



Un peu plus agité.



poco *cresc.*

Flûte

F

ppp subito

Ad.

Ad.

sfz *cresc.*

f

1^{er} Mouvement. (Animé.) (♩ = 96.)

dimin.

Altos 2ds Voix 4 Cors.

cresc.

G Solo

ff

1

sempre f

dimin.

1

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff begins with a forte (*f*) dynamic, followed by a first ending bracket and a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. A section marked **H** begins with a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The bass staff features a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Both staves feature a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff is marked *Solo*. Both staves feature a fortissimo (*ff*) dynamic, with the instruction *sempre* (always) below the bass staff. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The system concludes with the instruction *dimin.* (diminuendo).

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff begins with a first ending bracket and a piano (*p*) dynamic. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Sixth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. The system concludes with the instruction *sempre più dimin.* (always more diminuendo). The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Plus modéré. (♩ = 72.)

Solo

mf *expressif*

espress.

Un peu plus agité.

plus f et largement

La *

de plus en plus

poco *a* *poco*

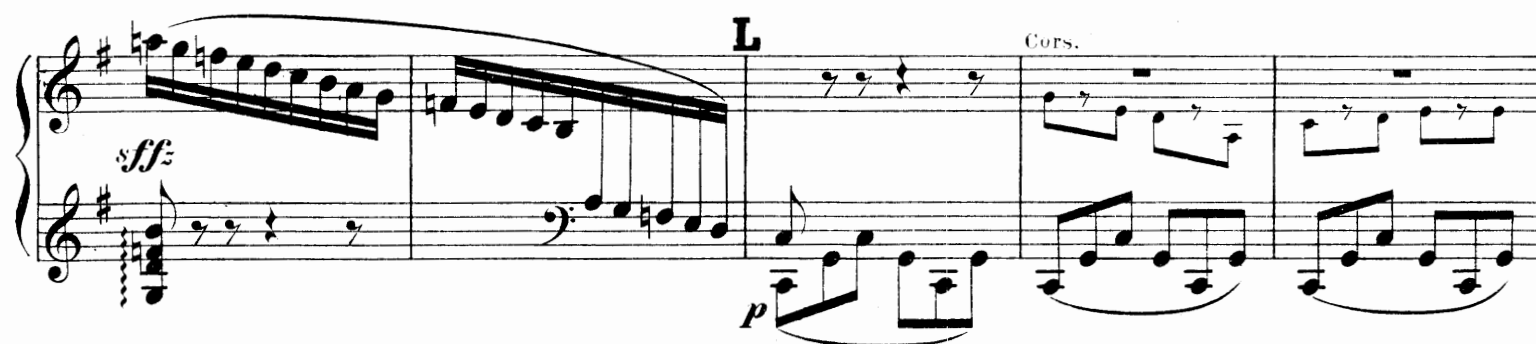
La *

agité

cre *scendo*

1^{er} Mouvement. (Animé.) (♩=96.)

Solo



M

First system of a piano piece. The right hand has a whole rest for the first four measures, then enters with a descending eighth-note scale. The left hand plays a continuous eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *f*, *p*, and *p*. A fermata is placed over the final chord.

Second system of the piano piece. Both hands continue with eighth-note patterns. The right hand features a descending eighth-note scale, while the left hand provides a steady accompaniment.

Third system of the piano piece. The right hand continues with a descending eighth-note scale. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *poco* and *a*.

Fourth system of the piano piece. The right hand continues with a descending eighth-note scale. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *cre*, *scen*, and *do*.

Fifth system of the piano piece. The right hand features a descending eighth-note scale. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *molto* and *ff*.

Sixth system of the piano piece. The right hand features a descending eighth-note scale. The left hand has a steady eighth-note accompaniment. Dynamics include *ff*. The system concludes with a double bar line and the number 27.

0

ff

ff *tr* *tr*

tr *tr* **P**

tr *tr* *tr* *tr* **R**

ff *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr*

3

ff

1

6

S **T** *rit.* **Mouvement du N° II.** *Cor.* **Animé.** *rit.*

14 16 29 1 5

3/4 2/4 3/4 2/4 3/4

Mouvement du N° II. *Cor.* **Animé.** *en pressant - - toujours* *Vous.*

1 1 12 *crese.*

3/4 2/4 3/4 3/4 3/4 3/4

Très animé. (♩ = 112.)

Solo

First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The music is in 2/4 time, key of D major. The bass line consists of chords with eighth-note patterns.

Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The music continues in 2/4 time, key of D major. The bass line consists of chords with eighth-note patterns.

Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The music continues in 2/4 time, key of D major. The bass line consists of chords with eighth-note patterns.

Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a forte (*f*) dynamic marking. The music continues in 2/4 time, key of D major. The bass line consists of chords with eighth-note patterns. The system ends with the lyrics "cre - - - scen - - - do".

Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a forte (*ff*) dynamic marking. The music is in 2/4 time, key of D major. The bass line consists of chords with eighth-note patterns. The system ends with the lyrics "cre - - - scen - - - do".

Même mouvement.

(les croches conservent
toujours la même valeur)

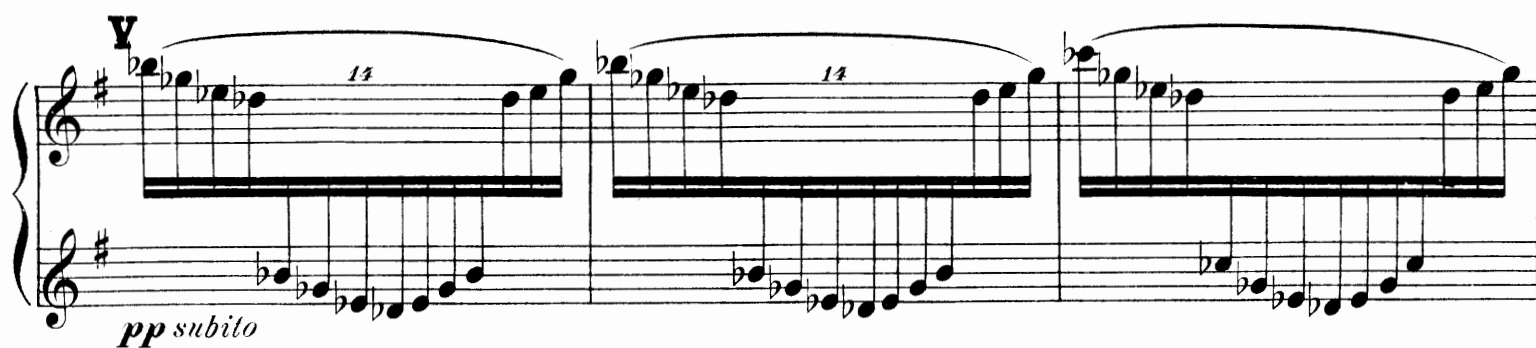
First system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. A measure rest is marked with the number '6'. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. A measure rest is marked with the number '6'. The dynamic marking *ff* is present. A large 'X' is written above the first staff.

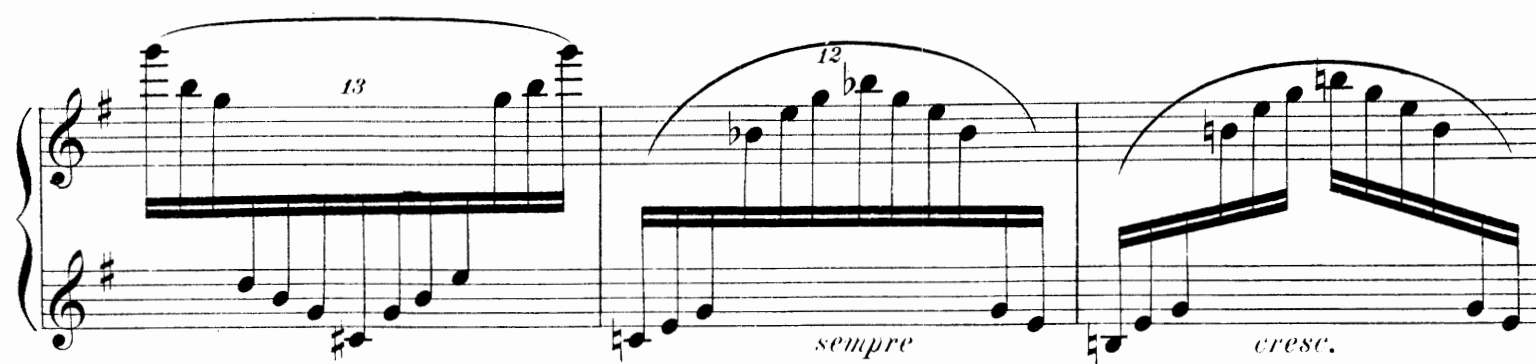
Second system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The dynamic marking *ff* is present.

Third system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The dynamic marking *fff* is present. The tempo marking "Plus modéré. (♩ = 72.)" is written above the staves. The word "Vous" is written above the first staff. The number '10' is written below the second staff.

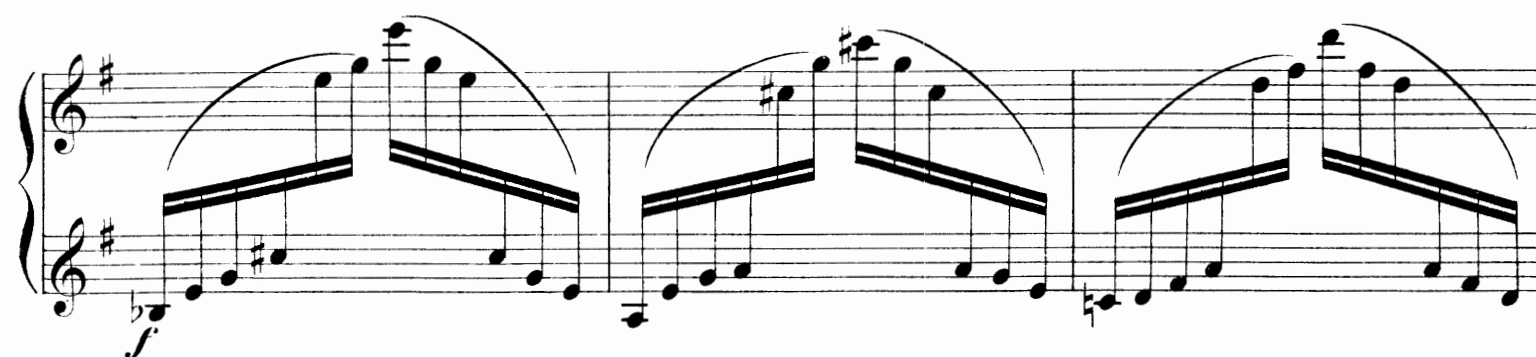
Fourth system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The dynamic marking *ff* is present. The tempo marking "Un peu plus agité." is written above the staves. The numbers '14' and '12' are written above the first staff.

Fifth system of a musical score. It consists of two staves. The first staff has a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The second staff has a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. It begins with a 3/8 time signature, followed by a 2/4 time signature, and then a 3/8 time signature. The numbers '14' and '12' are written above the first staff.

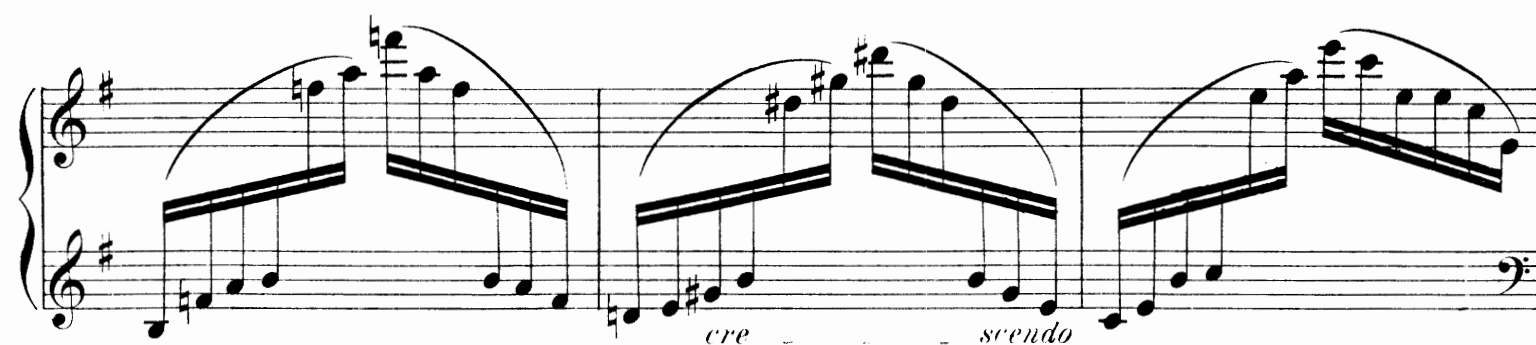




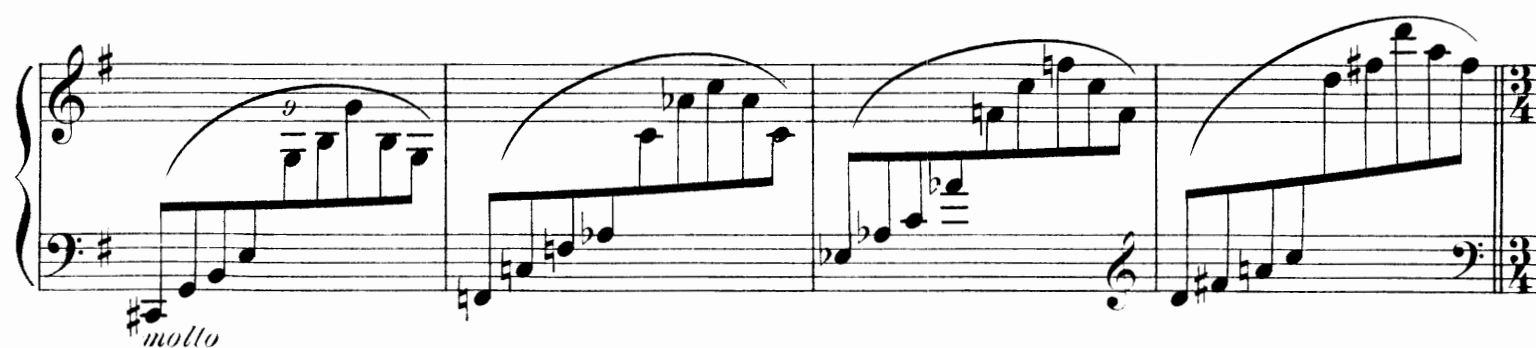
First system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a slur over measures 1-3 with a '13' above it. Bass staff has a slur over measures 1-3. The word 'sempre' is written below the bass staff in measure 2, and 'cresc.' is written below the bass staff in measure 3.



Second system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a slur over measures 4-6. Bass staff has a slur over measures 4-6. The word 'f' is written below the bass staff in measure 4.



Third system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a slur over measures 7-9. Bass staff has a slur over measures 7-9. The words 'cre - scendo' are written below the bass staff in measure 8.



Fourth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a slur over measures 10-12. Bass staff has a slur over measures 10-12. The word 'molto' is written below the bass staff in measure 10. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/4 time signature.



Fifth system of musical notation. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff has a slur over measures 13-15. Bass staff has a slur over measures 13-15. The words 'Très vite. (♩ = 144.)' are written above the treble staff in measure 13. The word 'fff' is written below the bass staff in measure 13. The system ends with a double bar line and a 3/4 time signature.

